INSTALLATION

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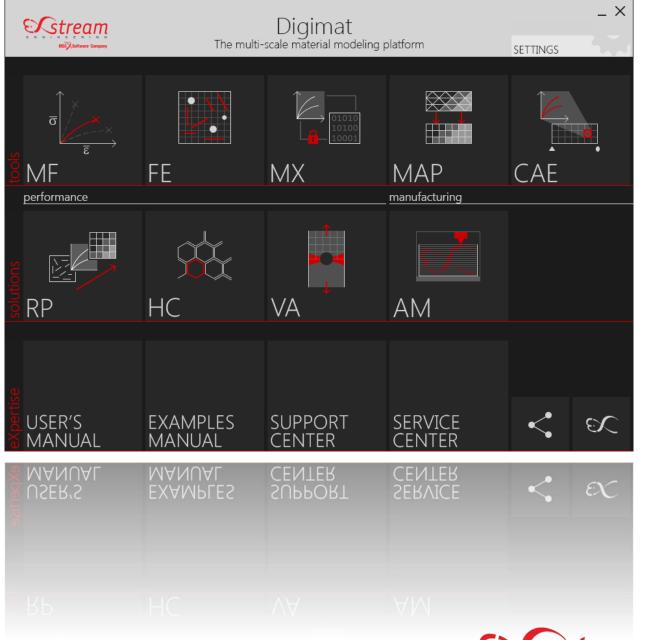
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Release 2019.1 – October 2019



For material suppliers and end-users who suffer from long and costly development cycles, e-Xstream engineering offers Digimat, The nonlinear multi-scale material & structure modeling platform, an innovative and efficient software suite to accurately predict the nonlinear behavior of composite materials and structures used across the industries.



The material modeling company

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MAP

Digimat

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Part I

Installation of Digimat software



Getting started

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I.1.1 Digimat installation - quick & easy

The following chapter is intended to give a quick and general overview over the single steps of the Digimat installation. A general overview over the installation procedure is followed by a typical example of a local Digimat installation on a Windows computer. For detailed procedures please refer to the dedicated chapters.

It is highly recommended to follow the described procedures as given in the overview step by step to receive a stable installation of Digimat software!

Files for testing Digimat 2019.1 installation can be obtained by contacting

digimat.support@mscsoftware.com.

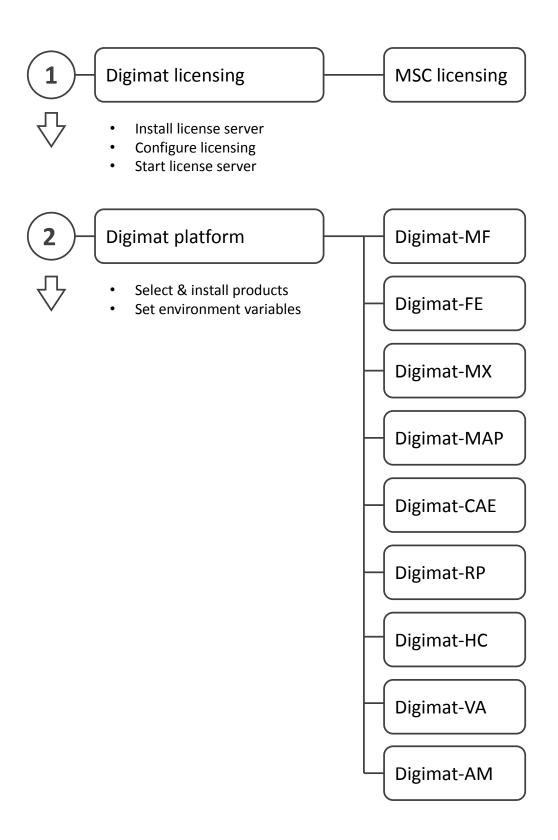


Figure I.1.1: General overview over steps required to receive a stable installation of Digimat software.

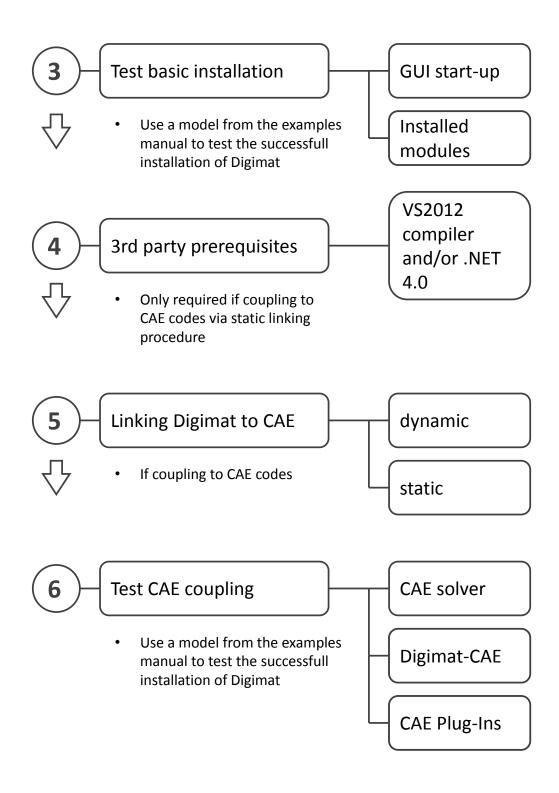


Figure I.1.2: General overview over steps required to receive a stable installation of Digimat software.

I.1.2 Installation of Digimat on a Windows machine

This section demonstrates the most straightforward way to create a **FULL standard installation of the Digimat software on a Windows machine**. It also covers the installation of a remote database on a computer server.

A full installation requires four steps best performed in the following order:

- 1. Installation of the MSC license server
- 2. Installation of Digimat
- 3. Linking with CAE software
- 4. Installation of Intel-MPI service for fiber orientation estimation

Workflow & details

1. Installation of the MSC license server

- Floating license system
- Server running on the current machine
 - Automated start with every boot of the machine
- It is recommended to reboot the machine as a last step of this installation!

2. Installation of Digimat

- Setup of a floating license pointing to the MSC license server
- Installation of ALL Digimat modules

 Usage of a non-default Digimat working directory
- Setup of standard paths to
 - Adobe Reader executable (required for the Digimat manual)
 - Patran installation (required for Digimat-RP)
 - MSC Nastran installation (required for Digimat-RP)
 - Marc Mentat installation (required for Digimat-RP, to use Digimat to Marc Mentat plug-in and for Digimat-FE interface with Marc)
 - ANSYS installation (required for Digimat-RP and Digimat-FE interface with ANSYS Workbench)
 - Abaqus installation (required for Digimat-RP and Digimat-FE interface with Abaqus CAE)
 - LS-DYNA installation (required for Digimat-FE interface with LS-DYNA)
 - Permas installation (required for Digimat-RP)
- Creation of local material database (cf. next subsection)
- Installation of Visual C/C++ redistributable files during installation procedure
- It is recommented to reboot the machine as a last step of this installation!
 After reboot the user is up and running for the usage of all Digimat standalone modules.

3. Linking with CAE software

- Linking Digimat with the external CAE software like Abaqus, ANSYS, Marc, LS-DYNA or others has to be carefully set up and tested.
- Please note that depending on the solver type and platform special linker software might be required.

The detailed linking procedure with CAE solvers will not be dealt with in this chapter
 Please refer to the individual section of the required CAE code in Chapter 1.5.

4. Installation of Intel-MPI service for fiber orientation estimation

When installing Digimat-RP/Moldex3D for fiber orientation estimation, Intel-MPI 4.0 service is automatically installed to allow parallel computation for fiber orientation estimation. The executables associated to the service are located in directory "C:\Program Files\Intel MPI 4.0\x64". It appears in Windows task manager with the name "impi_smpd" (see Figure I.1.3), corresponding to the executable named "smpd.exe". Only one instance of this service can run on a computer. So, if another instance of the service is running when installing Digimat, this instance will be replaced by the one installed by Digimat-RP/Moldex3D.

| r 🕎 Windows Task Manager | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| <u>File Options View H</u> elp | | |
| Applications Processes Service | s Perfe | ormance Networking Users |
| | | |
| Name | PID | Description |
| impi_smpd | 3284 | Intel(R) MPI Library Process Manager |

Figure I.1.3: Intel-MPI service in task manager.

Remark: Intel-MPI service is not uninstalled when uninstalling Digimat.

Compatibility of Intel-MPI 4.0 with other versions of Intel-MPI:

- Intel-MPI 4.0 service can be used with software using Intel-MPI 3.1 and following versions.
- Fiber orientation estimation using Intel-MPI 4.0 cannot run with older versions of Intel-MPI service (e.g., 3.1).
- Fiber orientation estimation using Intel-MPI 4.0 can run with version 4.1.3 of Intel-MPI service.
- Software using Intel-MPI 4.1 (e.g., ANSYS 16.0 and Actran) can normally use Intel-MPI 4.0 service provided by Digimat-RP/Moldex3D. If it is not the case and if these software are installed before Digimat, it is then necessary to remove Intel-MPI 4.0 service and re-install Intel-MPI 4.1 service (see below for procedure).

To remove an existing Intel-MPI service:

- Open a Command prompt as an administrator.
- Find the directory of Intel-MPI service to be removed. This directory can be found by clicking on properties of the existing service (e.g., "C:\Program Files\Intel MPI 4.0\x64"), see Figures I.1.4 and I.1.5. The name of the executable associated to the service can also be found in the properties of the service. By supposing that the name of the executable is "smpd.exe", Type in the command prompt:
 - cd "C:\Program Files\Intel MPI 4.0\x64"
 - Type smpd.exe -stop
 - Type smpd.exe -remove.

To install a new Intel-MPI service:

- Open a Command prompt as an administrator.
- Go to directory of Intel-MPI service to be installed.
- Type smpd.exe -install. Please note that the name of the executable to run can be slightly different from "smpd.exe", but always contains "smpd" (e.g., "ismpd.exe").

In case of conflicts with another Intel-MPI service, please contact digimat.support@mscsoftware.com.

| Action View | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|--------------|---------|--------------|---------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| rvices (Local) | 🔍 Services (Local) | | | | | | |
| | Intel(R) MPI Library Process | Name | Description | Status | Startup Type | Log On As | |
| | Manager, Intel | FlexNet Licensing Service 64 | This service | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | Kunction Discovery Provider Host | The FDPHO | Started | Manual | Local Service | |
| | Stop the service Restart the service | Kunction Discovery Resource Publication | Publishes th | Started | Automatic | Local Service | |
| | | Garmin Device Interaction Service | Keeps the s | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Group Policy Client | The service | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | Description: Process manager service for MPI | 🔍 Health Key and Certificate Management | Provides X.5 | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | applications | Arrow HomeGroup Listener | Makes local | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 HomeGroup Provider | Performs ne | | Manual | Local Service | |
| | | 🌼 Human Interface Device Access | Enables gen | Started | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🎑 IKE and AuthIP IPsec Keying Modules | The IKEEXT | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Intel(R) Capability Licensing Service TCP IP In | Version: 1.3 | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Intel(R) Dynamic Application Loader Host Int | Intel(R) Dyn | Started | Automatic (D | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Intel(R) Management and Security Applicatio | Intel(R) Ma | Started | Automatic (D | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Intel(R) MPI Library Hydra Process Manager | Process ma | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | | 🕵 Intel(R) MPI Library Process Manager, Intel | Process ma | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Intel(R) PROSet Monitoring Service | The Intel(R) | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | | 🎑 Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology | Provides sto | Started | Automatic (D | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Interactive Services Detection | Enables use | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Internet Connection Sharing (ICS) | Provides ne | | Disabled | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Internet Explorer ETW Collector Service | ETW Collect | | Manual | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 Invincea FreeSpace Service | Protects yo | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |
| | | 🔍 IP Helper | Provides tu | Started | Automatic | Local Syste | |

Figure I.1.4: Intel-MPI service.

| Intel(R) MPI Library Process Manager, Intel Properties (Local Com | x |
|---|--------|
| General Log On Recovery Dependencies | |
| Service name: impi_smpd | |
| Display name: Intel(R) MPI Library Process Manager, Intel | |
| Description: Process manager service for MPI applications | * * |
| Path to executable: "C:\Program Files\Intel MPI 4.0\x64\smpd.exe" | |
| Startup type: Automatic | • |
| Help me configure service startup options. | _ |
| Service status: Started | |
| Start Stop Pause Resume | |
| You can specify the start parameters that apply when you start the service from here. | ce |
| Start parameters: | |
| | |
| OK Cancel Ar | ply |

Figure I.1.5: Intel-MPI service installation directory.

Database installation

Material data can be easily accessed from databases in several Digimat modules, Digimat-MX in particular. Hence such a database must be created to enable material data access in 2 different ways.

- Local database: The database is physically located on the disk of the (only) computer used to connect to it. Such configuration is relevant when a single user needs material data acess.
- **Remote database**: The database is physically located on a computer server to which several Digimat-MX installations installed on distant computers can connect. Such configuration is relevant when several users need to share material data.

A **local database** is exclusively created *during* the Digimat installation process in a directory besides Digimat installation directory (e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_LocalDatabases\XXXX.X\postgresql). As the new – so-called built-in – local database is likely intended to become the default one, together with the new Digimat installation, its creation deactivates – but does not modify – any database created with an earlier Digimat version on which a server is running. Such an active database may exist especially with Digimat 2016.0 and earlier versions, which enabled advanced local databases administration similar to remote databases administration. Hence, stopping any running server and unregistering any active service prior to Digimat installation would prevent from any inconvenience, e.g., abrupt disconnection.

The built-in local database creation involves 3 possible actions.

- Select the component "Local material database" (cf. Figure I.1.16; selected by default).
- Request to reset a previous database of the same Digimat version if such a database exists (cf. Figure I.1.17; not requested by default). In such a case, the existing database is deleted before creating the new one (cf. Section ??).
- Request to migrate a previous database of an earlier Digimat version if such a database exists (cf. Figure I.1.18; not requested by default). In such a case, the private grades of the existing database are imported at the end of Digimat installation via Digimat-MX local databases administration window (cf. Section ?? and Figure I.1.39).

A **remote database** can be created *after* Digimat installation, via Digimat-MX remote database administration (cf. Section **??** and Section **??**). Such a database is usefully associated to a Windows service. In addition, its creation requires to stop the postgresql server of all remote databases currently running.

The creation of a remote database may even constitute the only purpose of Digimat installation, i.e., on a computer server. In such a case, any server (resp. service) running on a remote database of an earlier Digimat version already existing on the computer server must be stopped (resp. unregistered) with the corresponding Digimat-MX version prior to the uninstallation of the earlier version and the installation of the new version.

Install successively Digimat and the remote database as follows.

- Install Digimat and select only the Digimat-MX component (cf. Figure I.1.16). In particular, do not select the component "Local material database".
- Open Digimat-MX and do not connect to any database.
- Open the remote databases administration window via the menu "Administration" / "Remote databases"
 / "Databases".
- Select "New" / "Create". (Define a service if appropriate.)
- Choose the new database and select "Server" / "Start" or "Service->Start".
- Close Digimat-MX.

To continue working with a remote database of an earlier Digimat version already existing on the computer server, upgrade it as follows (cf. Section **??**).

- Open Digimat-MX and do not connect to any database.
- Open the remote databases administration window via the menu "Administration" / "Remote databases"
 / "Databases".
- Choose the existing database to upgrade and select "Server" / "Upgrade".
- Choose the upgraded database and select "Server" / "Start" or "Service" / "Create" and "Service->Start".
- Close Digimat-MX.

I.1.3 Step-by-step: MSC license server

MSC Licensing Helium

User's Guide



Corporate

MSC Software Corporation 4675 MacArthur Court, Suite 900 Newport Beach, CA 92660 Telephone: (714) 540-8900 Toll Free Number: 1 855 672 7638 Email: americas.contact@mscsoftware.com

Japan

MSC Software Japan Ltd. Shinjuku First West 8F 23-7 Nishi Shinjuku 1-Chome, Shinjuku-Ku Tokyo 160-0023, JAPAN Telephone: (81) (3)-6911-1200 Email: MSCJ.Market@mscsoftware.com

Europe, Middle East, Africa

MSC Software GmbH Am Moosfeld 13 81829 Munich, Germany Telephone: (49) 89 431 98 70 Email: europe@mscsoftware.com

Asia-Pacific

MSC Software (S) Pte. Ltd. 100 Beach Road #16-05 Shaw Tower Singapore 189702 Telephone: 65-6272-0082 Email: APAC.Contact@mscsoftware.com

Worldwide Web

www.mscsoftware.com

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Technical Support

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Support Center

http://simcompanion.mscsoftware.com

Support Online. The Support Center provides technical articles, frequently asked questions, and documentation from a single location.

Internet Resources

MSC Software (www.mscsoftware.com)

MSC Software corporate site with information on the latest events, products, and services for the CAD/CAE/CAM marketplace.

MSC Software Download Center https://mscsoftware.subscribenet.com

6 | MSC Licensing User's Guide

Internet Resources

1

Installing MSC Licensing

- Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems
- Installation on Linux Systems
- Operating System Requirements

Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems

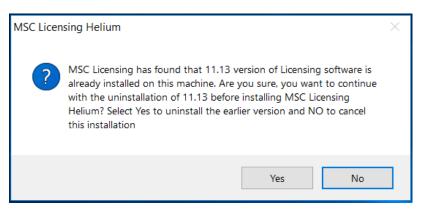
Installation Pre-requisites

- 1. All older versions of the MSC License Server must be uninstalled before installing latest MSC License Server. The installer will try to detect the old installation and inform the user to uninstall/remove the old server.
- 2. Download the MSC Licensing installation package from the MSC Software Download Center. This installer supports 64-bit versions of Windows.
- 3. Run the installation executable with the option 'Run as Administrator'. Certain features of the licensing installation require Administrator privileges even though the license server does not require Administrator privileges for normal operation.
- 4. To complete the installation of MSC Licensing you will need a valid MSC License file.

MSC Licensing Installation on Windows

Follow these steps to install the MSC License Server on your Windows system:

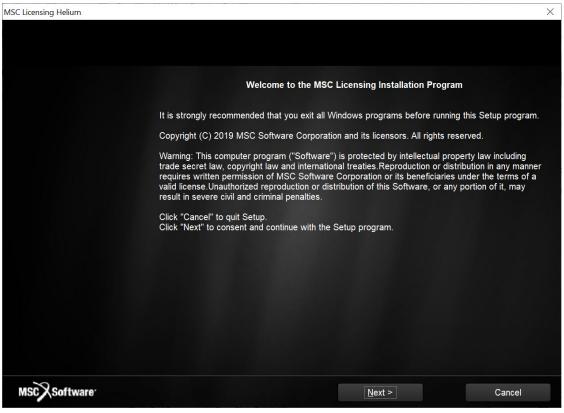
1. Run the installation executable with the option 'Run as Administrator'. If your system already has the older version of the MSC Licensing Server then it shows the following message. Click **Yes** to continue.



CHAPTER 1 | 9

Installing MSC Licensing

2. Review the information and click **Next** to continue the installation.



10 | MSC Licensing User's Guide

Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems

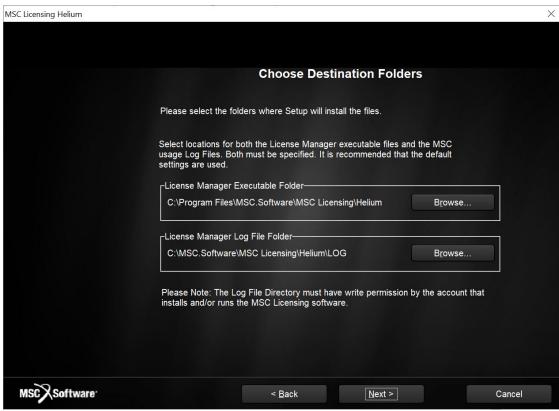
| MSC Licensing Helium | | × | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Installer Requirements | | | | |
| | Please have the following available before continuing with the installation | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | A valid MSC Software issued license file. The hostname and HostID of this machine are listed below. | | | | |
| HostName=IND-VAISHALI HostID=10653062423C | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| MSCX Software | < <u>Back</u> <u>N</u> ext > Cancel | | | | |

3. Review the installer requirements and click Next to continue.

Note: You must have a valid, unexpired MSC license file before the MSC License Server can be installed. This screen provides the HostID that MSC uses to generate the license file. If you do not have an MSC license file, contact your MSC representative before continuing with the installation.

Installing MSC Licensing

4. It is recommended to accept the default folder locations. To change the locations, click **Browse** and choose the directories to install the MSC License Server executables and store the MSC Licensing Log Files. Click **Next** to continue.



The default destination for the License Manager Executable folder:

C:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium

The default destination for License Manager Log File folder:

C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\LOG

This is appropriate for most installations. Use **Browse** to select an alternate destination folder. You must have permission to write to the selected folder.

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Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems

| MSC Licensing Helium | NG BI | | × |
|---------------------------|--|---------------------|--------|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | Select the L | icense File | |
| | | | |
| Please se | elect the MSC Software license file | e. | |
| Licensin | lote: License files may require a g program. Please see the info license file. | | |
| _Select ti | he License File | | 1 |
| D:\MSC | C_Licensing\License_files\license.c | lat B <u>r</u> owse | |
| | File Details | | - |
| License | File Reference ID: | 6434 | |
| Produc | t Type: | MSC One | |
| License | э Туре: | Lease | |
| Usage | Reporting Requirement: | Manual | |
| ~ | | | |
| MSCXSoftware ⁻ | < <u>B</u> ack | <u>N</u> ext > | Cancel |

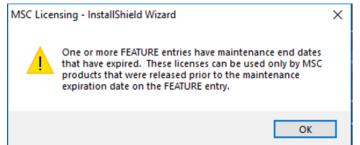
5. Click Browse and select the license file that was provided by MSC Software.

The License files details are given bellow:

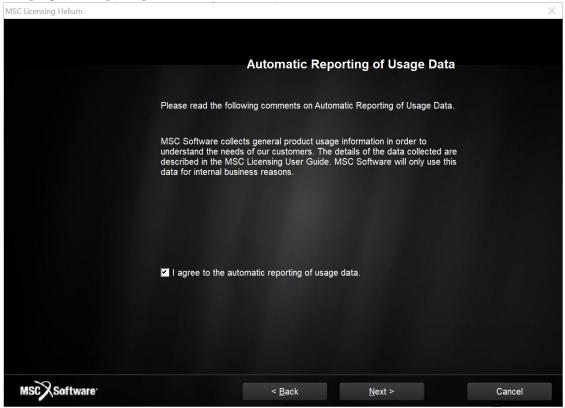
| Fields | Details | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| License File Reference ID | Unique Reference Number for the specified license file. This number may be helpful for support requests. | | |
| Product Type | MSC OneMasterKey PlusSeat Based License | | |
| License Type | LeasePerpetual | | |
| Usage Reporting Requirement | AutomaticManualNo Reporting Required | | |

Installing MSC Licensing

The following error message appears if one or more feature entries in the license file expired. Click **OK** to continue.



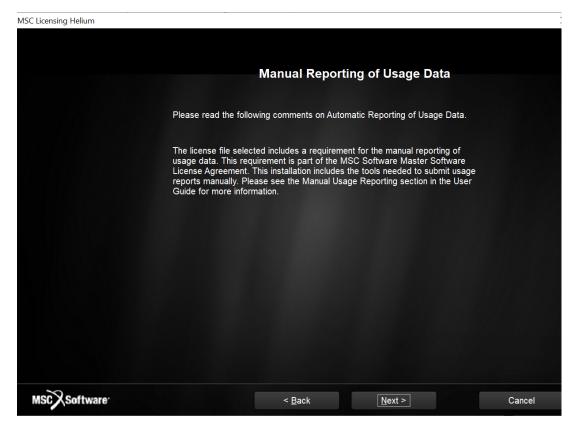
6. The MSC Licensing program includes a Usage Reporting Tool that provides valuable usage summary information to MSC to improve our products. A full description if the usage data sent to MSC is provided in Chapter 2: Usage Reporting Tool of this User Guide. No personal data is collected as part of this program. To participate, Click Next to continue the installation.



In cases where the customer is required to report usage and deactivates the Automatic Usage Reporting option, the following screen will appear to inform the user of the Manual Reporting Requirement.

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Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems



7. Read the Information and click Next to continue the installation.

Installing MSC Licensing

8. Specify the License Server Setting and click Next to continue the installation.

| MSC Licensing Helium | | | \times |
|----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------|
| MSC Licensing Helium | | | |
| | | License Server Settings | |
| | Please define the | e desired license manager settings. | |
| | Port: | 27500 | |
| | Hostname: | IND-VAISHALI | |
| | Option File Path(Op | tional): | 8 <u>r</u> owse |
| | Select the privilege I | evel for license manager access. (e.g.Server Start/Stop Functio | ns) |
| | Access: | Admin/Superuser O Any | |
| | ✓ Start the server a | utomatically | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| MSCX Software | | < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > | Cancel |

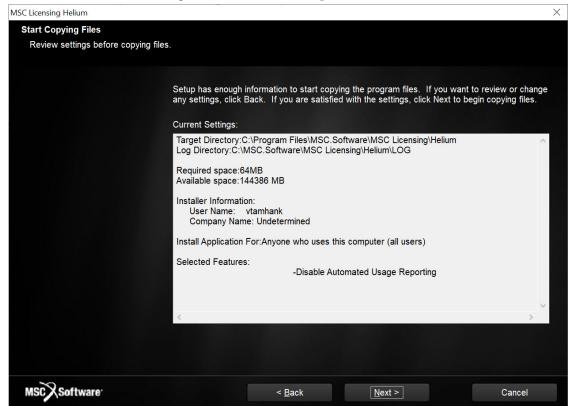
Specify the License Server Setting as follows:

- Specify an alternate port number (the default value is 27500; any number from 1 to 64000 is acceptable).
- Specify an alternate hostname (For example, fully qualified hostname or IP address).
- Optional: Browse and select the option file and path.
- Specify the privilege level for license manager access.
- The license manager will start automatically. Uncheck this box to install the license manager without the automatic starting.

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Installation on Microsoft Windows Systems

9. Review the installation settings and click Next to complete the installation.



10. Click OK to finish the installation of the MSC License Server.



The installer creates a program group on the Start menu containing the Imtools utility. This utility can be used to start, stop, and restart the license server, and make other changes to the license server configuration.

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Installing MSC Licensing

11. Select the desktop icons to be created and click Finish to complete the installation.



Note: The MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable setting is displayed on the screen. Use this setting on the client machines to access the MSC License Manager.

Upgrade/Uninstall the Existing Windows Installation

Upgrade/Uninstall the Existing Windows Installation

This allows the user to modify, repair or remove the current installation. Click one of the options shown below and click **Next** to continue.

| MSC Licensing Helium (Maintenance) Welcome Modify, repair, or remove the program. Welcome to the MSC Licensing Setup Maintenance program. This program lets ye current installation. Click one of the options below. O Modify | |
|--|---------------|
| Modify, repair, or remove the program. Welcome to the MSC Licensing Setup Maintenance program. This program lets ye current installation. Click one of the options below. | > |
| current installation. Click one of the options below. | |
| C Modily | ou modify the |
| Select new program features to add or select currently installed feat remove. | tures to |
| Repair Reinstall all program features installed by the previous setup. | |
| Remove Remove all installed features. | |
| | |
| MSC Software < Back Next > | Cancel |

Installation on Linux Systems

Installation Pre-requisites

- 1. Verify that a Java runtime environment is installed on the system. Java can be downloaded from www.java.com.
- 2. Download the MSC Licensing installation package for your platform from MSC's Software Download Center.
- 3. The installer package for Linux platform supports both GUI and terminal-mode installations. MSC recommends that the installer be run in a GUI environment.
- 4. Run the installer to begin the installation. Use of a root account or sudo is not required. However, running the installation as root allows the installer to use system resources that require root privileges.

MSC Licensing Installation on Linux system

Follow these steps to install the MSC License Server on your Linux system:

1. This begins the installation setup wizard on Linux. Click Yes to continue.

| 💐 Instal | MSC Licensing Helium — | | \times |
|----------|--|--------|----------|
| 1 | This will install MSC Licensing Helium on your computer. | Contii | nue? |
| | Yes No | | |

Installation on Linux Systems

2. Review the information and click Next to continue the installation.

| 💐 MSC Licensing Helium Setup | - 🗆 X | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Welcome to the InstallJammer Wizard for MSC Licensing Helium | | | |
| | This will install MSC Licensing Helium version Helium on your computer. | | | |
| | Copyright (C) 2019 MSC Software Corporation and its licensors. All rights reserved. | | | |
| 4 | Warning: This computer program("Software") is protected by intellectual property law including trade secret law, copyright law and international treaties. Reproduction or distribution in any manner requires written permission of MSC Software Corporation or its beneficiaries under the terms of a valid license. Unauthorized reproduction or distribution of this Software, or any portion of it, may result in civil and criminal penalties. | | | |
| | Click "Cancel" to quit Setup. Click "Next" to consent and continue with the Setup program. | | | |
| | Next > Cancel | | | |

3. If your system already has the older version of the MSC Licensing Server then it will show the following message. Click **Yes** to continue.

| V 11.13 | License |
|----------------|---|
| 1 | 11.13 License Server process currently running. Do you want to un-install 11.13 license server? |
| | Yes No |

Installing MSC Licensing

4. Review the installer requirements and click **Next** to continue.

| MSC Licensin | g Helium Setup — | | × |
|-----------------|---|----|-------|
| Installer Rec | quirements | | |
| | Please have the following before continuing with the installation: | | |
| | A valid MSC Software issues license file. The hostname and hostid of this machine are listed below. | | |
| | Hostname = ind-sdlx00.na.mscsoftware.com HostID = 0026b9851e7a | | |
| | A supported operating system. Supported operating systems are listed in the User Guide. | | |
| | Click "Back" to return to the previous screen. Click "Next" to continue with the Setup Program. | | |
| InstallJammer – | | | |
| | < Back Next > | Ca | ancel |

Note: You must have a valid, unexpired MSC license file before the MSC License Server can be installed. This screen provides the HostID that MSC uses to generate the license file. If you do not have an MSC license file, contact your MSC representative before continuing with the installation.

Installation on Linux Systems

5. It is recommended to accept the default folder locations. To change the locations, click **Browse** and choose the directories to install the MSC License Server executables and store the MSC Licensing Log Files. Click **Next** to continue.

| KAR MSC Licensing Helium Setup - | | × |
|---|---------|-----|
| Choose Destination Folders | | 2 |
| Please select the folders where Setup will install the files. | | |
| Select locations for both the License Manager executable files and the MSC usage Log I Both must be specified. It is recommended that the default settings are used. | Files. | |
| License Manager Executable Folder | | |
| /msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing | Browse | |
| License Manager Log File Folder | | |
| /msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/LOG | Browse. | |
| InstallJammer | Cano | cel |

The default destination for License Manager Executable folder:

/msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing

The default destination for License Manager Log File folder:

/msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/LOG

This is appropriate for most installations. Use **Browse** to select an alternate destination folder. You must have permission to write to the selected folder.

Installing MSC Licensing

6. Click Browse and select the location of the license file that was provided by MSC Software.

| 💐 MSC Licensing Helium Setup 🦳 | | × |
|--|----|-------|
| | | |
| Please select the MSC Software License File. | | |
| Please Note: License files may require a minimum version of the MSC Licensing program. Please see the information provided in the e-mail with the license file. | | |
| /scratch/install_flexim/Lic/mscone/license_auto.dat Browse | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| InstallJammer | | |
| < Back Next > | Ca | incel |

The following error message appears if one or more feature entries in the license file expired. Click OK to continue.

| 💐 Install | l Error | < |
|-----------|---|---|
| • | One or more FEATURE entries have maintenance end dates that have expired. These licenses can be used only by MSC products that were released prior to the maintenance expiration date on the FEATURE entry. | |
| | ОК | |

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7. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

| 🛒 N | ISC Licensing Helium Setup | - | | × |
|-------|---------------------------------------|---|-----|------|
| Det | tails of the License File selected | | | |
| | ⊂License File Details | | | |
| | License File Reference ID:-641V | | | |
| | Product Type:MSC One | | | |
| | License Type:Lease | | | |
| | Usage Reporting Requirement:Automatic | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Insta | IIJammer | | | |
| | < Back Next > | | Car | ncel |

The License files details are given bellow:

| Fields | Details |
|-----------------------------|--|
| License File Reference ID | Unique Reference Number for the specified license file. This number may be helpful for support requests. |
| Product Type | MSC OneMasterKey PlusSeat Based License |
| License Type | LeasePerpetual |
| Usage Reporting Requirement | AutomaticManualNo Reporting Required |

8. The MSC Licensing program includes a Usage Reporting Tool that provides valuable usage summary information to MSC to improve our products. A full description if the usage data sent to MSC is provided in Chapter 2 of this User Guide. No personal data is collected as part of this program. To participate, click Next to continue the installation.

| Kan MSC Licensing Helium Setup | _ | | × |
|--|---|-----|-----|
| Automatic Reporting of Usage Data | | | 2 |
| Please read the following comments on Automatic Reporting of Usage Data. | | | |
| MSC Software collects general usage information in order to understand the needs of our customers. The details of the data collected are described in the MSC Licensing User Guide. MSC Software will only use this data for internal business reasons. | | | |
| 🔀 I agree to the automatic reporting of usage data. | | | |
| Click "Back" to return to the previous screen. Click "Next" to continue with the Setup Program. | | | |
| InstallJammer | | | |
| < Back Next > | | Can | cel |

In cases where the customer is required to report usage and deactivates the Automatic Usage Reporting option, the following screen will appear to inform the user of the Manual Reporting Requirement.

Installation on Linux Systems

Read the Information and dick Next to continue the installation.

| Kan MSC Licensing Helium Setup | - | | × |
|---|---|-----|------|
| Manual Reporting of Usage Data | | | X |
| Please read the following comments on Manual Usage Reporting. The license file selected includes a requirement for the manual reporting of usage data. This requirement is part of the MSC Software Master Software License Agreement. This installation includes the tools needed to submit usage reports manually. Please see the Manual Usage Reporting section in the User Guide for more information. | | | |
| Click "Back" to return to the previous screen. Click "Next" to continue with the Setup Program. | | | |
| InstallJammer | | | |
| < Back Next > | | Car | icel |

9. Specify the License Server Setting and click Next to continue the installation.

| 💐 MSC Licensing Helium Setup | | _ | | \times |
|--------------------------------------|--|------|------|----------|
| License Server Settings | | | | Z |
| Port: | 27500 | | | |
| Hostname: | ind-sdlx00.na.mscsoftware.com | | | |
| Options Files path (Optional) | Вгоч | vse | | |
| Select the privilege level for the I | icense manager access.(e.g. Server Start S | top) | | |
| Access | Admin/Superuser ANY | | | |
| 🗙 Start the server automa | atically | | | |
| InstallJammer | | | | |
| | < Back Ne | ×t > | Cano | el |

Installing MSC Licensing

Specify the License Server Setting as follows:

- Specify an alternate port number (default value is 27500 and it has a limit from 1-64000).
- Specify an alternate hostname (For example, fully qualified hostname or IP address).
- Optional: Browse and select the option file path.
- Specify the privilege level for license manager access.
- The license manager will start automatically. Uncheck this box to install the license manager without the automatic starting.
- 10. Review the installation settings and click Next to complete the installation.

| MSC Licensing Helium Setup | — | | × |
|---|---|-----|----------|
| Start Copying Files | | | |
| Review settings before copying files | | | |
| Setup has enough information to start copying the program files. If you want to rev settings, click Back. If you are satisfied with the settings, click Next to begin copyi | | | any |
| Target Directory: /scratch/CL658049/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium | | | ▲ |
| Log Directory: /scratch/CL658049/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/LOG | | | |
| Setup Type: Complete | | | _ |
| Installation Type: Auto Reporting Enabled | | | - |
| | | | |
| InstallJammer - | | | |
| < Back Next > | | Can | cel |

11. Click OK and this finishes the installation of MSC License Server.

| 💐 MSC I | icensing Installation Program | × |
|---------|--|-----|
| | MSC Licensing Helium has been installed at /scratch/CL658350/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium on ind-sdlx00.na.mscsoftware.com. | |
| | - Please find the necessary binaries in "/scratch/CL658350/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium" . | |
| | Startup script has been created under "/scratch/CL658350/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/startup_script" which can be used to sta the Imgrd process after the reboot of the system. Please view the README "/scratch/CL658350/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/startup_script/README" for more information. | urt |
| | - The license server has been started. | |
| | - See the MSC Licensing Helium Usage Guide for important information on managing the license server log file. | |
| | ОК | |

The installer creates a sample script that can be used to start the license server after a system reboot. This script and a README file with important details are written to a directory named **startup_script** under the installation directory you selected.

Installation on Linux Systems

12. Click Finish to complete the installation.

| MSC Licensing Helium S | Setup – | | × |
|------------------------|---|-----|-----|
| | InstallJammer Wizard Complete | | |
| | Thank you for installing the MSC Licensing program. | | |
| | Finish | Can | cel |

Terminal/Console Mode

If you do not have access to a GUI environment, you can run the installer in a standard terminal window by adding the arguments **--mode console** to the installer command line.

Console mode is similar to GUI mode, with these important differences:

- In console mode, file and directory browsing is not available. You must manually enter these items.
- To select an option from a list, enter the text found between the brackets for that option.

Upgrade/Uninstall the Existing Linux Installation

This allows the user to Upgrade/Uninstall the current installation. Click one of the option as shown below and click Next to continue.

| Kan Sc Licensing Setup | | _ | | \times |
|---|------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Upgrade/Uninstall an existing installation | | | | N |
| MSC Licensing has found an existing installation of to upgrade or uninstall the existing installation. | MSC Licensing. Please select | t whethe | r you wa | ant |
| Upgrade Installa | ation | | | |
| 🔿 Uninstall | | | | |
| | | | | |
| InstallJammer - | - Deek Next - | | Cono | |
| | < Back Next > | | Canc | er |

Operating System Requirements

The following table lists the minimum operating system version required to run the MSC license server and related tools:

| Platform | Hardware | Supported Operating Systems |
|----------|----------|--|
| linux64 | x64 | RHEL 6.7, 7.1 and 7.3 SUSE ES 11 SP4 and 12 SP1 |
| win64 | x64 | Windows 7 Professional, Enterprise, Ultimate Windows 10 Professional, Enterprise Windows Server 2016 |

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License Server Specifications

All MSC applications support use of the standard FLEXIm environment variables for specifying the license servers to be used for license requests. 1

For each method, the actual license specification can consist of one or more strings containing either a license server or the fully qualified path name of a license file.

The environment variable MSC_LICENSE_FILE is the preferred way to set a license server specification. All MSC applications also support use of the LM_LICENSE_FILE environment variable. If both of these are set, the value of MSC_LICENSE_FILE is used.

Some MSC applications also support other methods for setting the license specification. For example, MSC Nastran uses the AUTH keyword (on either the command line or in an RC file) for setting the license specification. If AUTH is used, it overrides the values on MSC_LICENSE_FILE and/or LM_LICENSE_FILE.

License Server Diagnostics (MSC Nastran Only)

MSC Nastran users can set the AUTHINFO keyword to enable licensing diagnostics. The value of AUTHINFO can be a whole number from 0 (no diagnostics) to 9 (very detailed diagnostics). The diagnostics are printed to the MSC Nastran.log file.

Older versions of MSC Nastran can have problems with AUTHINFO settings greater than 6.



Usage Reporting Overview

The MSC Licensing installer includes a Usage Reporting Tool.

Where applicable, the Usage Reporting Tool logs information about each check-in in a Daily Detailed Usage (DDU) log file on the license server. Each day after midnight (local time), the DDU log file is converted to a Daily Summary Usage (DSU) file. If the automatic reporting option is enabled, the DSU file is automatically transmitted via the internet to an MSC-designated data repository. If the customer chooses the manual reporting option, the customer should follow the instructions in this guide to manually upload the DSU files to the MSC-designated data repository.

The DDU and DSU files are ASCII text files which can be viewed by the customer. The format of the files and descriptions of the contents are described in more detail below.

For customers using the Burst token pools for on-demand capacity, additional data will be included in the usage reporting to record the number of burst tokens used for the reporting period. See the BURST POOL Reporting section for more details.

Usage Reporting Details

Daily Detailed Usage (DDU) Log File

During the course of the day, all license feature check-ins are recorded in sequence in the Daily Detailed Usage (DDU) log file. This file is located in the "MSC Licensing/Helium/LOG" directory. The standard file name of the Daily Detailed Usage log file is:

"mscusage YYYY-MM-DD.ddu"

Below is a sample of the format for the DDU file.

```
D,171129,0026b98609df,2CCOD 1UI95 24ENF8WV 1I6ARTD,H
H, YYMMDD, HHMMSS, DURATION, MSCID, CID, SEQ, USERH, FEAT, NLIC, LICINUSE, BASEMAX, LICM
AX, CHWM, HWM, BCHWM, BHWM, CK1, CK2, VERS
T,171129,112022,I
Q,171129,112404,,0026b98999609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,0,3520808a,MSC
ONE:FFT Actran Acoustics, 28, 78, 1, 80, 8, 78, 1, 28, df997ff8d4f7b30ca3af939c07ac49
9a,,H
Q,171129,112404,,0026b98609df,2CCOD 1UI95 24ENF8WV 116ARTD,1,3520808a,MSCONE
:FFT Actran Acoustics, 28, 78, 1, 80, 8, 78, 1, 28, df997ff8d4f7b30ca3af939c07ac499a,
, H
U,171129,112507,64,0026b98609df,2CCOD 1UI95 24ENF8WV 116ARTD,8,3520808a,FFT
Actran_Python,1,1,0,30,1,1,0,0,410df0bc,d6d98ef6,H
U,171129,112507,65,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_116ARTD,9,3520808a,MSCO
NE:FFT_Actran_VA,14,78,1,80:30,8,78,4,56,9f3e10fc,b7e9266,H
U,171129,112515,64,0026b98609df,2CCOD 1UI95 24ENF8WV 116ARTD,10,3520808a,FFT
 _Actran_Sequential,1,1,0,30,1,1,0,0,efff4751,68a6621a,H
Ū,171129,112515,68,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,11,3520808a,FFT
_Actran_PreProcess,1,1,0,30,1,1,0,0,e6a8bcc5,2c848e69,H
Ū,171129,112515,72,0026b98609df,2CCOD 1UI95 24ENF8WV 116ARTD,12,3520808a,MSC
ONE:FFT Actran VI,7,64,1,80:30,8,78,1,7,12f9f954,27fd5772,H
```

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Usage Reporting Tool

U,171129,112515,73,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,13,3520808a,MSC

ONE:FFT_Actran_VA,14,57,1,80:30,8,78,4,56,c8bcf0ee,85e84001,H P,171129,112637,,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,2,3520808a,MSCONE :FFT_Actran_Acoustics,28,43,1,80,8,78,1,28,df997ff8d4f7b30ca3af939c07ac499a, ,Н

U,171129,112637,155,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,14,3520808a,MS CONE:FFT_Actran_VA,14,43,1,80:30,8,78,4,56,997d7014,a7ab7335,H P,171129,112807,,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,3,3520808a,MSCONE

:FFT Actran Acoustics, 28, 29, 1, 80, 8, 78, 1, 28, df997ff8d4f7b30ca3af939c07ac499a, , H

. U,171129,112807,245,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,15,3520808a,MS CONE:FFT_Actran_VA,14,29,1,80:30,8,78,4,56,bfebe11b,920eb039,H

Usage Reporting Details

The format of the DDU file, excluding the header, is described in the following table:

Table 2-1 Daily Detailed Usage (DDU) File Format

| | | | Daily Deta | iled Usage (I | DDU) File Format | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| | First Field = Entry Tag | | | | | | |
| Field Number | D = Date Stamp | T = Time Stamp | G = Group Record | R = Reread Record | U = Usage Record | Q = Queue Record | P = Processed Queue Record |
| 2 | Date | Date | Group Feature | Date | Date | Date | Date |
| 3 | Host ID | Time | Max Token | Time | Time | Time | Time |
| 4 | OS ID | Туре | Base Token | | Checkout Duration | Checkout Duration* | Checkout Duration* |
| 5 | Data Version ID | | Data Version ID | | Host ID | Host ID | Host ID |
| 6 | | | | | OS ID | OS ID | OS ID |
| 7 | | | | | Sequence Number | Sequence Number* | Sequence Number* |
| 8 | | | | | User Hash | User Hash | User Hash |
| 9 | | | | | Group:Feature | Group:Feature | Group:Feature |
| 10 | | | | | Feature Token Draw | Feature Token Draw | Feature Token Draw |
| 11 | | | | | Tokens in Use | Tokens in Use | Tokens in Use |
| 12 | | | | | Token Tag | Token Tag | Token Tag |
| 13 | | | | | Token Pool Size [:Base Pool Size] | Token Pool Size | Token Pool Size |
| 14 | | | | | Token Pool CHWM | Token Pool CHWM | Token Pool CHWM |
| 15 | | | | | Token Pool HWM | Token Pool HWM | Token Pool HWM |
| 16 | | | | | Feature CHWM | Feature CHWM | Feature CHWM |
| 17 | | | | | Feature HWM | Feature HWM | Feature HWM |
| 18 | | | | | Check Sum 1 | Check Sum 1* | Check Sum 1* |
| 19 | | | | | Check Sum 2 | Check Sum 2* | Check Sum 2* |
| 20 | | | | | Data Version ID | Data Version ID | Data Version ID |

The first field of each line will commonly be either H (Header Entry), D (Date Stamp), T (Time Stamp), U (Usage Record), Q (Queue Record), P (Processed Queue Record), G (GROUP features) and R (REREAD event).

The fields for the Date Stamp entry are:

| Date | = Date using the YYMMDD format. |
|-----------------|--|
| Host ID | = Host ID of the license server. |
| OS ID | = Internal MSC ID to assign usage to specific agreement. |
| Data Version ID | = Version of Usage Reporting Tool. |

The fields for the Time Stamp entry are:

| Date | = Date using the YYMMDD format. |
|------|---|
| Time | = Time using the HHMMSS format. The hours use 24-Hr format. |
| Туре | = Initial Time Stamp (I=Initial) or Periodic Time Stamp (P=Periodic). |

The field entries for the Usage Record, Queue Record, and Processed Queue Record are:

| Date | = Date using the YYMMDD format. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Time | = Time using the HHMMSS format. The hours use 24-Hr format. |
| Checkout Duration | = Duration of the feature checkout in seconds. |
| Host ID | = Host ID of the license server. |
| OS ID | = Internal MSC ID to assign usage to specific agreement. |
| Sequence Number | = Sequence number to the usage record in the daily Log. |
| User Hash | = One-way hash of the user name. No personally identifiable information is stored. |
| Group:Feature | = The name of the token pool (MSCONE) and feature that is checked in. |
| Feature Token Draw | = The token draw of the feature. |
| Tokens in Use | = The number of tokens checked out before the feature was checked in. |
| Token Tag | = Tag to signify whether a feature draws tokens (1) or is a standalone seat (0). |
| Token Pool Size [:Base Pool Size] | = Number of total MSC One tokens on the license server [: The Base Pool Size] |
| Token Pool CHWM | = Maximum number of all features checked out of the token pool. |
| Token Pool HWM | = Maximum number of tokens checked out of the token pool. |
| Feature CHWM | = Maximum number of the specific feature checked out of the token pool. |
| Feature HWM | = Maximum number of tokens checked out of the token pool for the feature. |

Usage Reporting Details

| Check Sum 1 | = Check Sum # 1 to test for file tampering. |
|-----------------|---|
| Check Sum 2 | = Check Sum # 2 to test for file tampering. |
| Data Version ID | = Version of Usage Reporting Tool. |

Note that for P and Q records that the duration field is empty, the sequence number is incremented differently than Q records, check field sum 1 field uses longer format, and check field sum 2 field is empty.

When the DDU file is processed by the summarizer routine, the filename extension will be changed to "DDP". The "P" stands for processed.

The fields for the G line entry are:

G,gfeature,max_users,base,dataver

where

| Fields | Description |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| gfeature = Group feature [MSC One / CAMPUS } | |
| max_users | = Total token pool size |
| base | = Base token size |
| dataver | = Version of Usage Reporting Tool |

| Note: | 1. Burst and/or growth token values are not included on G lines; |
|-------|---|
| | 2. If a license file contains more than one GROUP target feature, such as both MSCONE and CAMPUS, then one G line is written for each GROUP target. (This can occur if an end-user manually combines an MSC One license file with a MasterKey+ license file; this combination is not officially supported by MSC Software, but there's no technical way to prevent it from occurring.) |
| | 3. GROUP targets that are referenced less than two times do not result in G lines. Seat- based licenses that include Nastran and/or Adams features contain MD-based features that use a GROUP entry targeting the non-MD feature; this is done so that use of either the MD or non-MD feature pulls from the same seat pool. (For example, the NASTRAN feature has a companion 1-seat MD_NASTRAN feature definition that uses a GROUP:NASTRAN, 1 entry; when MD_NASTRAN is checked out, it pulls from the NASTRAN feature's license pool. |
| | 4. The summarizer uses G lines only for NODATA situations. G lines in the DDU are used to construct the U NODATA lines for each GROUP when a NODATA reporting period is processed. |
| | 5. G lines are written only for GROUPs that are referenced by two or more FEATUREs which include IDENT lines. |

The fields for the R line entry are:

R lines indicate the time and date of a REREAD event.

R,ts,ur

where

| Fields | Description |
|--------|--|
| ts | YYMMDD - see the section "Fields common to multiple entries" for complete details |
| ur | HHMMSS - see the section "Fields common to multiple entries" for complete details. |

Daily Summary Usage (DSU) Log File

At the end of each day, the Daily Detailed Usage Log File is summarized with the results written to the Daily Summary Usage (DSU) log file. The DSU log file is also located in the "MSC Licensing/ Helium/ LOG" directory. The standard file name of the Daily Summary Usage log is:

"mscusage_YYYY-MM-DD.dsu"

Below is a sample of the format for the DSU file.

H,yymmdd,mscid,osid,feature,count,smins,uniqusers,usermaxcnt,usermaxsmin,lic cnt,glic,hwm,chwm,bchwm,blv,ck1,ck2,vers S,171129,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,FFT_Actran_Python,2,3,1,2 ,3,0,30,1,1,0,0,1,4f59c4cf,4e890a70,H S,171129,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,MSCONE:FFT_Actran_Acousti cs,3,216,1,11,350,1,80,78,8,28,1,28,605e6bd1,ffbcd54,H S,171129,0026b98609df,2CCOD_1UI95_24ENF8WV_1I6ARTD,MSCONE:Overall,12,407,1,1 2,407,1,80,78,8,30,50,48,c8372ae2,6450b022,H

Daily Summary Usage (DSU) File Format First Field = Entry Tag Field Number S = Usage Summary T = Time Stamp 2 Date (YYMMDD) Date 3 Time Host ID 4 OS ID Check Sum 5 Group:Feature Count 6 7 **Token-Minutes** 8 Unique Users 9 MaxUser Count MaxUser Minutes 10 11 Token Tag 12 Token Pool Size Token Pool HWM 13 Token Pool CHWM 14 15 Feature HWM 16 Feature CHWM Feature Token Draw 17 Check Sum 1 18 19 Check Sum 2 20 Data version ID

The format of the DSU file, excluding the header, is described in the following table:

The first field of each line will be either an H (Header Entry), S (Usage Summary), or T (Time Stamp).

The fields for the Usage Summary entry are:

| Date | = Date using the YYMMDD format. |
|--------------------|--|
| Host ID | = Host ID of the license server. |
| OS ID | = Internal MSC ID to assign usage to specific agreement. |
| Group:Feature | = The name of the token pool (MSCONE) and feature that is checked in. |
| Count | = The total number of features check-ins during the reporting period. |
| Token Minutes | = The total token-minutes the feature was used during the reporting period. |
| Unique Users | = The number of unique users of the feature. |
| MaxUser Count | = Number of Checkouts for User with Maximum Checkouts. |
| MaxUser Minutes | = Number of Token-minutes for User with Maximum Token-Minutes. |
| Token Tag | = Tag to signify whether a feature draws tokens (1) or standalone seats (0). |
| Token Pool Size | = Number of total MSC One tokens on the license server. |
| Token Pool HWM | = Maximum number of tokens checked out of the token pool. |
| Token Pool CHWM | = Maximum number of all features checked out of the token pool. |
| Feature HWM | = Maximum number of tokens checked out of the token pool for the feature. |
| Feature CHWM | = Maximum number of the specific feature checked out of the token pool. |
| Feature Token Draw | = The token draw of the feature. |
| Check Sum 1 | = Check Sum # 1 to test for file tampering. |
| Check Sum 2 | = Check Sum # 2 to test for file tampering. |
| Data version ID | = Version of Usage Reporting Tools. |
| | |

The fields for the Time Stamp entry are:

| Date | = Date using the YYMMDD format. |
|-----------|---|
| Time | = Time using the HHMMSS format. The hours use 24-Hr format. |
| Check Sum | = Check Sum to test for file tampering. |

When the DSU file is processed by the uploading routine, the filename extension will be changed to "DSP". The "P" stands for processed.

Automatic Upload

If the Usage Reporting Tool is enabled for automatic usage reporting, the DSU log file will be transmitted daily to the MSC-designated data repository. Standard HTTPS web encryption technology is used for the transmission of the data.

The DDP and DSP files will be retained on the customer's license server after the transmission and may be used by the customer to understand usage.

For manual uploading, please see the "Manual Usage Reporting" section of this document.

Off Network Scenarios

If the license server is temporarily off-line during the time that the transmission is scheduled to happen, the files will be saved until the license server is back on-line. The summary files that have not been transmitted will be automatically processed at that time.

NODATA Reporting

In some cases, for a given reporting period such as on a weekend or holiday period, there will be no usage data to report. In such cases, the license server will still report, but the usage will be a 'NODATA' report. An example of the "NODATA" report is shown below.

```
H,yymmdd,mscid,osid,feature,count,smins,uniqusers,usermaxcnt,usermaxs
min,liccnt,glic,hwm,chwm,bhwm,bchwm,blv,ck1,ck2,vers
S,190528,a44cc86fa245,38N55_2TIGX_1S19BJJF45_17OK433-641N-
MAN,MSCONE:NODATA,0,0,0,0,0,0,80,0,0,30,50,0,0,0,He
T,190528,200030,d41d8cd98f00b204e9800998ecf8427e
```

It is important to still report during a period of no usage so that the non-usage period will not be mistaken for failure to report.

GLIC Value in NODATA

To support this task, a new data line is added to the DDU file, to provide details on the size of GROUP target pools.

When a license file contains a GROUP target feature (such as MSCONE for MSC One licenses, or CAMPUS for MasterKey+ licenses), additional G line is written in the DDU file when the vendor daemon is initialized. For more information please refer G line section - Daily Detailed Usage (DDU) File Format.

BURST POOL Reporting

MSC Software supports a special licensing method known as BURST POOL licensing. With BURST POOL licensing, the customer's license contains details about the number of BASE tokens and the number of BURST POOL tokens. When the customer uses more than the BASE number of tokens, the excess usage is reported to MSC as BURST POOL usage.

Customers using MSC Software's BURST POOL licensing will have some minor differences in certain usage data files, specific to the BURST POOL. The following sections describe these differences.

DDU Files - BURST POOL

For BURST POOL users, the LICMAX field in the DDU file contains a sub-field with the BASE token value, shown in bold:

Usage Reporting Tool

U,170905,200402,121,00505696c16d,K_K_4EIHX8BX_T4V3B2,4,b886258,MSCONE:FFT_Actran_Acoustics,28,84,1,100:50,3,84,3,84,ed58ccc9,3e9f881f,H

where the 100 represents the total size of the combined pool (BASE + BURST) and the 50 represents the BASE pool amount. This change applies to the U, P, and Q entries in the DDU file.

DSU Files - BURST POOL

For BURST POOL users, the MSCONE: Overall line contains details about the BURST POOL and its usage for the reporting period:

S,171019,00505696c16d,K_K_4EIHX8BX_T4V3B2,MSCONE:Overall,1,27,0,1,27,1,460,1
3,1,10,450,3,75bf5b5,182388ac,H

The "Token Pool Size" field (shown as 460 in the example) contains the combined pool size (BASE + BURST). The "Token Pool HWM" field (shows as 13 in the example, just after the 460) contains the number of BURST POOL tokens used during the reporting period. The "Feature HWM" field (shown as 10 in the example) contains the size of the BASE POOL. The "Feature CHWM" field (shown as 450 in the example) contains the size of the BURST POOL.

Triad Servers

The Usage Reporting Tool supports the triad server environment. In a triad server, all three servers will report the usage. In some cases, there will be no usage to report from one or more servers in the triad. For triad servers that do not have any usage data, the "NODATA" report discussed in the previous section will be sent.

Note that in the GUI mode of the installer, the SERVER lines in the license.dat file will be incorrect when a TRIAD license file is provided. The host names for all three servers will be set to the fqdn of the installation system. These must be manually corrected for the case of a TRIAD license file. For Linux, the console mode will set the three license SERVER lines correctly.

Flexera Debug Log Files

While the Usage Reporting Tool creates additional log files (e.g., the DDU and DSU files), the traditional Flexera debug log files are still available. The Flexera debug log files are not used by the Usage Reporting Tool.

License Server Product Updates

Occasionally, MSC will release updates to the MSC Licensing software. Customers may be notified of these updates through the standard e-mail notifications from the MSC Solutions Download Center. The MSC Licensing software does not use automatic product updates. All product updates will need to be downloaded and installed manually by the customer when made available by MSC.

Manual Usage Reporting

For customers whose internal or external security requirements prevent the license server system from accessing internet sites directly, an alternate method is available. Below are the instructions for performing manual usage reporting on the same machine as the license server or from a secondary machine.

Windows

1. To run the Uploader, enter these commands:

cd C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium

uploader -p %LOGDIR%

where %LOGDIR% is the folder that contains the DSU files to be uploaded.

Note: Write permissions to the %LOGDIR% folder are required. The 'mscusage.mpl' file contains the Uploader execution status.

Linux

1. To run the Uploader, enter these commands:

cd /msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium

```
./uploader -p %LOGDIR%
```

where LOGDIR is the directory that contains the DSU files to be uploaded.

Note: Write permissions to the %LOGDIR% directory are required.

Platform Notes

SuSE Linux

On SuSE Linux systems, the Uploader works in IPv4 and dual-stack IPv4/IPv6 network environments. However, the Uploader cannot be used on systems running in an IPv6-only network configuration.

3

General Information - MSC Licensing

- Introduction to FLEXIm
- License Request Process
- Manual Configuration of License Server
- Getting Started Checklist
- Determining Hostid of License Server
- Testing Your TCP/IP Connection
- Internet Domain Name Server (DNS)
- Updating Your License (Linux)
- Manual Installation of MSC License Server Using a New LINUX Server
- Manual Installation of MSC Licensing Using a New Windows Server
- Replacing Codes on an Existing LINUX Server
- Replacing Codes on an Existing Windows Server
- Restarting MSC Licensing Server on Linux
- Uninstalling FLEXIm on LINUX
- Uninstalling FLEXIm on Windows
- Additional Documentation

Introduction to FLEXIm

FLEXIm is a network license manager which is used to control the use of software products. FLEXIm allows software licenses to be available (float) anywhere on a network, instead of being tied to specific machines. Floating licensing benefits both users and system administrators. Users can make more efficient use of fewer licenses by sharing them on the network. You can control who uses the licensed application and the node or nodes where the licenses are available.

Types of Licenses

A *concurrent* license limits the maximum number of simultaneous users of a given set of license features within a given site. A token based *(eg. MasterKey Plus and MSC One)* license is essentially the same, but allows access to all included license features, which is limited only by a maximum token count that can be used at any one time. Both of these licenses are referred to as *floating*. Please contact your MSC Software sales representative for more details on licensing options.

Typically, an MSC License Server (a separate program from the product installer) is installed on a network server to administer the licenses. The program files are then either loaded on individual computers or on the network server.

A *node-locked* license is used to run a product on a given computer. The number of product applications running at any given moment is limited by the number of seats licensed.

Both types of licenses use the license management software, which is designed to prevent tampering with the system date. If the system date is modified after product has been installed, the product license will be invalidated. Furthermore, a new license will not fix this problem. See the troubleshooting section in the Release Guide for further information.

Caution: Please do NOT reset the system date after the installation. This can invalidate the license. Revalidation can be a difficult and cumbersome process.

FLEXIm Components

The four main components of FLEXIm are:

- License File (the product license file is called license.dat).
- Application Program (<product>).
- License Server (MSC).
- Vendor Daemon (MSC).

License File

Licensing data is stored in a text file called the license file. The license file is typically named license.dat. The license file is created by the MSC Software licensing staff and sent via email to the system administrator. It contains information about the server nodes and vendor daemons, and one line of data (called a FEATURE line) for each licensed feature. A feature line contains an encryption code based on the data in that line, the *hostids* ("host-id", or a unique identifier for a computer) specified in the server lines, and other vendor-specific data.

Multiple License Servers: Set the MSC_LICENSE_FILE variable to reference multiple servers using a separator character between file names; on Linux this character is a colon (":") and on Windows it is a semicolon (";"). The order of the license servers in the MSC_LICENSE_FILE variable is the order that license servers will be checked for a license request.

Application Program

The application that employs FLEXIm licensing is linked with the program module that provides the communication with the license daemons. During execution, the application program communicates with the vendor daemon to request a license.

License Server

Typically, an MSC License Server is installed on a network server to administer the floating licenses within a local area network. The program files are then either loaded on individual computers or on the network server. For a single or standalone installation, the server is installed on the same machine as the application. The server manages the License Manager and Vendor daemons.

Please note that the FLEXIm version of the MSC License Server must be greater than or equal to the FLEXIm version linked into the application programs.

License Manager Daemon

The license daemon, usually called lmgrd handles the initial contact with the client application programs, passing the connection on to the vendor daemon. It also starts and restarts the vendor daemons. FLEXIm permits multiple redundant license manager daemons on different server nodes, allowing you to make your license available if any two out of three server nodes is running. Also, you do not have to split your licenses among multiple servers or rely on any one machine.

Vendor Daemon

In FLEXIm, licenses are handled by running processes. There is one process, called the vendor daemon, for each vendor that has a FLEXIm-licensed product on the network. The MSC Software vendor daemon is called MSC. The MSC daemon keeps track of how many licenses are checked out and who has them. Note that the MSC daemon serves many other MSC Software products, including MSC Nastran, Patran, and Adams, among others. If the MSC daemon terminates for any reason, all users would lose their licenses. Users normally regain their license when the daemon restarts.

Client programs communicate with the vendor daemon through TCP/IP sockets. This enables client programs and daemon processes to be on separate nodes in a network. The traffic between the client and the daemon is machine independent, which means that any process can run on any machine type or operating system, allowing a *heterogeneous* network.

Determining Hostid of License Server

Determining Hostid of License Server

Before running any FLEXIm-licensed program using floating licenses, you must set up your license server node or nodes. You must select which node or nodes to run your license servers on and provide the hostid of those machines for installation.

To obtain a license file from MSC, you need to determine the hostid of the machine that will function as your license server.

Execute the lmhostid command from the command prompt:

<flexlm install folder>\lmutil lmhostid

This will list the possible 'hostid's' of the machine.

Please choose the Ethernet adapter local area connection hostid, wireless is not preferred.

(Using command ipconfig /all you could check the adapter type)

After sending the hostid of your server machines to MSC Software support, the support staff will send you a license file that enables the application software.

Once you have received a license file, you must install it on your system and start up the license server.

License Request Process

When the application program calls the FLEXIm client library to request a license, the following process occurs:

- 1. The license module in the client application finds the license file, which includes the host name and port number of the license manager daemon (lmgrd).
- 2. The client establishes a connection with the license manager daemon and tells it what vendor it needs to talk to.
- 3. The license manager daemon determines which machine and port correspond to the master vendor daemon (if multiple redundant daemons are running) and sends that information back to the client.
- 4. The client establishes a connection with the specified vendor daemon (MSC) and sends its request for a license.
- 5. The vendor daemon checks to see if any licenses are available and sends a grant or denial back to the client.
- 6. The license module in the client returns to its caller with the grant or denial, and the application takes the appropriate action.

Manual Configuration of License Server

You can configure most FLEXIm parameters by setting:

- The location of the license file.
- The location of all executables.
- The location of all log files.

• The TCP/IP port number of clients looking for the license manager.

In addition, you can reserve licenses for specific users, nodes, or groups and control other license-related options.

Getting Started Checklist

As system administrator, you are responsible for setting up licensing on your system or network. If you are an end user of the application and you are not involved in installing it, then you can skip this section.

In general, installing FLEXIm licensing requires the following steps:

- 1. Select your license server nodes and get their hostids.
- 2. Send the host ids to your MSC license administrator and obtain a license file (or the data to enter in the license file) in return.
- 3. Determine how the new license file relates to any other license files that may already be on your system, and install it appropriately.
- 4. Start lmgrd (the license daemon) manually, or set it up to run automatically at startup, using the separately installed software (MSC Licensing FLEXIm) on the server.

Testing Your TCP/IP Connection

The concurrent license management require that you are able to establish a TCP/IP network connection between your computer and the License Server. First, you need to know the hostname of the License Server. To determine the appropriate hostname, examine the existing concurrent license file and look for the SERVER command line. The first argument is the hostname. You can test if your computer can communicate with the License Server by entering the command

ping hostname

If you get a return reply, then you have a TCP/IP connection established.

Internet Domain Name Server (DNS)

In addition to establishing a TCP/IP network connection between your computer and the License Server, the License Server host (computer name) needs to be found by your internet domain name server (DNS). If the host computer is inside a local-area-network (LAN) this is often automatic. If the host is not registered, you may need to add it to your /etc/hosts or equivalent file.

Updating Your License (Linux)

The License Server must be updated with the new license before it is used. Do **not** overwrite the existing license file. Verify that the license has a valid path for the DAEMON line, and a valid SERVER hostname in the license file. The DAEMON line should have a path to the installed MSC.exe vendor daemon, normally found in folder:

/msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium

Manual Installation of MSC License Server Using a New LINUX Server

The DAEMON line should look similar to the following:

DAEMON MSC /msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/MSC.exe

If the path to the daemon is incorrect, edit the license file and correct the path. The SERVER line should look similar to:

SERVER <hostname> <value> <port>

Manual Installation of MSC License Server Using a New LINUX Server

Obtain a License File for Your Server

/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/lmutil lmhostid

Send the hostid to your MSC Software Corporation sales representative to obtain your permanent license. FlexIm utilities are available at:

https://mscsoftware.subscribenet.com/control/mnsc/product?child_plnelD=593623

Place the License File on the Server

The mscsetup utility automatically installs the license.dat file if you provide it during installation.

The license file may be located anywhere on your license server. MSC recommends locating it in /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/license.dat.

Clients with network-licensed MSC software installations are encouraged to employ the most recent versions of the FLEXIm and MSC licensing daemons (lmgrd, lmutil, msc). These binaries maintain downward compatibility, and regular upgrades are recommended, regardless of whether or not the current software application level requires the upgrade. Updates are available at:

https://mscsoftware.subscribenet.com/control/mnsc/product?child_plnelD=593623

Check Paths and Server Names in the license.dat File

Check that the license.dat file for your installation contains the correct server and port settings.

Below is an example of a license file supplied by MSC:

```
SERVER this_host 12345678 27500
DAEMON MSC /your_path/msc
#
# MSC License Reference ID: 59TG
#
#-#
#-# This license file is restricted to use by clients in the same location as the
license server
#-#
# MSC Nastran
#
FEATURE NASTRAN MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 ED97453C93A6 \
```

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General Information - MSC Licensing

```
VENDOR_STRING=PID:10652 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=141 \
SN=1203862-a6382ca550b364f60e0f-2c2f
FEATURE NA_Thermal MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 BB8A3B089AF1 \
VENDOR_STRING=PID:3002,3003 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=189 \
SN=1138845-f6205ec4fbe7329339be-3b30
FEATURE NA_DMAP MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 FD652933FAC7 \
ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=139 SN=1164504-093d6d6ae7ef8dd13594-a859
FEATURE NA_Dynamics MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 CC25C4107563 \
ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=101 SN=915407-253bbea2e116836e48d0-da03
FEATURE NA_Nonlinear MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 E16DB1DC662A \
VENDOR_STRING=PID:3003,10464 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=149 \
SN=1110362-157249f70365b7a14431-7704
```

- SERVER must be in all caps followed by the hostname, then the lmhostid, then the port the daemon will run on.
- The hostname can be determined by typing "hostname" on the machine you wish to be your license server. Replace "UNKNOWN" on the SERVER line with this hostname.
- Verify the lmhostid listed on the SERVER line by running 'lmutil lmhostid' command. If the lmhostid is not correct, new codes must be generated. Contact your local MSC sales office.
- The default port is defaulted to 27500 but can be any free port. If you don't know what ports are free, use the default.
- DAEMON must be in all caps, followed by MSC which also must be in all CAPS. This is followed by the path to the msc vendor daemon executable.
- The executable is found in the '/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/' directory.

Here is an example of the changes needed to be made for the above file. In the example, the server name is ind-Ashu and the default installation directory was used.

```
SERVER ind-Ashu 12345678 27500
DAEMON MSC C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\msc.exe
# MSC License Reference ID: 59TG
#
#-#
#-# This license file is restricted to use by clients in the same location as the
license server
#-#
#
# MSC Nastran
FEATURE NASTRAN MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 ED97453C93A6 \
VENDOR_STRING=PID:10652 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=141 \
SN=1203862-a6382ca550b364f60e0f-2c2f
FEATURE NA_Thermal MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 BB8A3B089AF1 \
VENDOR_STRING=PID:3002,3003 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=189 \
SN=1138845-f6205ec4fbe7329339be-3b30
FEATURE NA DMAP MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 FD652933FAC7 \
ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=139 SN=1164504-093d6d6ae7ef8dd13594-a859
FEATURE NA_Dynamics MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 CC25C4107563
ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=101 SN=915407-253bbea2e116836e48d0-da03
FEATURE NA_Nonlinear MSC 2017.0628 28-jun-2017 1 E16DB1DC662A \
VENDOR STRING=PID:3003,10464 ISSUED=29-jun-2016 ck=149
SN=1110362-157249f70365b7a14431-7704
```

Manual Installation of MSC Licensing Using a New Windows Server

Start the Manager Daemons

On the license server, start the license manager daemon with the FLEX1m script. Do not execute this as root since it may create a security risk on your network.

% /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/lmgrd -c license.dat -l lmgrd.log If the license.dat file is located in /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium, this script will start the following daemons:

- Imgrd the server daemon
- msc the vendor daemon

Set Up Clients to Access the Floating License

For setting the file location on clients, set the MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable to "<port>@<hostname>".

Manual Installation of MSC Licensing Using a New Windows Server

Obtain a License File for Your Server

To obtain a license file from MSC, you need to determine the hostid of the machine that will function as your license server.

Execute the 'MSC_Licensing_FLEXIm_Helium_windows64.exe' available and select manual option to extract the required utilities.

https://mscsoftware.subscribenet.com/control/mnsc/product?child_plneID=593623

Execute the lmhostid command from the command prompt:

"c:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\lmutil" lmhostid

This will list the possible 'hostid's' of the machine.

Please choose the Ethernet adapter local area connection hostid, wireless is not preferred.

(Using command ipconfig /all you could check the adapter type)

Place the License File on the Server

The license file may be located anywhere on your license server. MSC recommends locating it in "c:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\license.dat"

Using Lmtools.exe to Configure FLEXIm

You can use the Imtools.exe utility to start/stop, configure, and diagnose your FLEXIm license server. You can access the Lmtools utility from the shortcut in the Start menu at Start>Programs>MSC.Software> Imtools

Start/Stop/Reread Advanced Settings

| LMTOOLS by Flexera Software LLC | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| File Edit Mode Help | | | | |
| Service/License File System Settings Utilitie | es Start/Stop/Reread Server Status Server Diags Config Services Borrowing | | | |
| Start Server Options FlexNet license services installed on this computer Restrict Indown to work only from node where Imgrd is running. Disable Indown utility, use task manager. Disable Imremove' of license file. | | | | |
| Start Server Save Advanced settings | Stop Server ReRead License File Force Server Shutdown NOTE: This box must be checked to shut down a license server when licenses are borrowed. | | | |
| Using License File: C:\MSC.Software\MSC.Licensing\11.13\license.dat | | | | |

By clicking the Edit Advanced settings button on the LMTOOLS Start/Stop/Reread tab, you can:

- Restrict Imdown so that it only works logged into the system hosting the license server. This
 prevents the license server from being shutdown from a remote machine.
- Disable lmdown utility, use task manager prevents the lmdown utility from running on the machine hosting the license server. The license server can only be shutdown using the task manager.
- Disable Imremove of license file. By selecting this, licenses checked out by users cannot be removed from the license server.
- Start Server This starts the license server on the host machine.
- Stop Server This asks the license server to stop on the host machine.
 - Force Server Shutdown By selecting this button, the license server will be forced to stop regardless of what the server is doing.
- ReRead License File Forces the licence server to reread the license file. This can be used when you get a new license file and do not want to stop and restart the license server.

| Note: | MSC does not support re-reads involving change of license type (for example, seat based to |
|-------|--|
| | GROUP). |

Set Up Clients to Access the Floating License

The MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable provides the location of licenses. It can be set in Control Panel\System\Environment to <port>@<hostname>.

Replacing Codes on an Existing LINUX Server

Edit the New License File

Place the new codes as a license file in the same directory as the existing license.dat file. Name it license_new.dat. Change the SERVER and DAEMON lines in the new license file to include the same port number, server name, and paths as the existing file. For example:

```
SERVER server1 123465 27500
DAEMON MSC "/msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/msc.exe"
```

Replace License File

Rename the existing license.dat file to license_old.dat, and rename the new file to the current license file name (i.e. license.dat):

```
# mv license.dat license_old.dat
# mv license_new.dat license.dat
```

Restart Daemon

Restart the daemons as follows:

```
# msc/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/lmutil lmdown -c <path>/license.dat
# MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/lmgrd -c <path>/license.dat
```

Replacing Codes on an Existing Windows Server

Follow these steps if you have an existing installation and have received new codes (as a renewal, change, etc.).

Edit The New License File

Place the new codes as a license file in the same directory as the existing license.dat file. Name it license_new.dat. Change the SERVER and DAEMON lines in the new license file to include the same port number, server name, and paths as the existing file. For example:

```
SERVER server1 123465 27500
DAEMON MSC "c:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\msc.exe"
```

General Information - MSC Licensing

Replace License File

Use Windows Explorer to rename the existing license.dat file to license_old.dat, and the new file to the current license file name (i.e. license.dat).

Stop and Restart the FLEXIm Service

Using Imtools.exe, available at: "c:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\"

- 1. Click on service/license file and select CONFIGURATION USING SERVICES.
- 2. Select appropriate license server in box below (if you have more than one).
- 3. Click ON START/STOP/REREAD Tab.
- 4. Select stop server and then after a minute start server.

This should restart the flexIm server to use new file.

Restarting MSC Licensing Server on Linux

Follow these steps to restart the MSC Licensing Server on Linux:

Stop the FLEXIm Service

```
[user@machine:Helium]./lmutil lmdown -q -c cu12f03.dat
lmutil - Copyright (c) 1989-2015 Flexera Software LLC. All Rights
Reserved.
```

Port@Host Vendors 1) 1700@cu12f03 MSC 1 FlexNet License Server shut down

Restart the FLEXIm Service with MSCLIC_INI file

```
export MSCLIC_INI=msclic.ini
./lmgrd -c license.dat -l lmgrd.log
```

Uninstalling FLEXIm on LINUX

To uninstall FLEXIm on LINUX, follow this procedure.

Uninstall the License Server

To uninstall the server run this command:

/MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/uninstall

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Uninstalling FLEXIm on Windows

Remove the Server

To manually uninstall the FLEXIm server remove the following files:

- /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/uninstall
- /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/MSC
- /MSC.Software/MSC Licensing/Helium/Imgrd

You will also need to remove the entry for the "msc" deamon from /etc/inittab.

The FLEXIm installation is now completely removed.

Reinstalling FLEXIm

If you do not wish to remove the FLEXIm files manually, you can instead reinstall the FLEXIm server. In order to override the previous installation you must install FLEXIm in the same location with the same options as your previous installation. This program allows the user to Modify/Repair/Remove.

Uninstalling FLEXIm on Windows

To uninstall FLEXIm on Windows, follow either one of the following procedures.

- Execute same MSC Licensing installer (which was used to install it) and then select **Remove**.
- Go to Control Panel > Programs and Features >MSC Licensing Helium and then click Uninstall.
- Click one of the option Modify/Repair/Remove.

Reinstalling FLEXIm

If you do not wish to remove the FLEXIm, you can instead reinstall the FlexLM server.

In order to override the previous installation, execute same MSC Licensing installer (which was used to install it). This program allows the user to Modify/Repair/Remove.

Additional Documentation

To obtain additional information on the FLEXIm license manager, visit the Flexera Software website at http://www.flexerasoftware.com/

To ensure that the license server is running, you should:

- Open the Services tool of Windows, and check that MSC License Manager is running.
- Open the log file of the license server, located in C: MSC.Software MSC Licensing Helium LOG

Imgrd.log. If the server did start successfully, you should see something similar to this:

9:42:53 (lmgrd) -9:42:53 (lmgrd) Please Note: 9:42:53 (lmgrd) 9:42:53 (lmgrd) This log is intended for debug purposes only. 9:42:53 (lmgrd) In order to capture accurate license 9:42:53 (lmgrd) usage data into an organized repository, 9:42:53 (lmgrd) please enable report logging. Use Flexera's 9:42:53 (lmgrd) software license administration solution, 9:42:53 (lmgrd) FlexNet Manager, to readily gain visibility 9:42:53 (lmgrd) into license usage data and to create insightful reports on critical information like 9:42:53 (lmgrd) 9:42:53 (lmgrd) license availability and usage. FlexNet Manager 9:42:53 (lmgrd) can be fully automated to run these reports on 9:42:53 (lmgrd) schedule and can be used to track license 9:42:53 (lmgrd) servers and usage across a heterogeneous 9:42:53 (lmgrd) network of servers including Windows NT, Linux 9:42:53 (lmgrd) and UNIX. 9:42:53 (lmgrd) 9:42:53 (lmgrd) _____ 9:42:53 (1mgrd) 9:42:53 (lmgrd) 9:42:53 (lmgrd) Server's System Date and Time: Fri Oct 11 2019 09:42:53 Romance Daylight Time 9:42:53 (lmgrd) pid 12356 9:42:53 (lmgrd) SLOG: Summary LOG statistics is enabled. 9:42:54 (lmgrd) Done rereading 9:42:54 (lmgrd) FlexNet Licensing (v11.16.3.0 build 246844 x64_n6) started on PPJ-PC2015 (IBM PC) (10/11/2019) 9:42:54 (lmgrd) Copyright (c) 1988-2019 Flexera. All Rights Reserved. 9:42:54 (lmgrd) World Wide Web: http://www.flexerasoftware.com 9:42:54 (lmgrd) License file(s): C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\licenseHelium.dat 9:42:54 (lmgrd) lmgrd tcp-port 27500 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) ====== 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) === LMGRD === 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) Start-Date: Fri Oct 11 2019 09:42:54 Romance Daylight Time 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) PID: 12356 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) LMGRD Version: v11.16.3.0 build 246844 x64_n6 (build 246844 (ipv6)) 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) === Network Info === 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) Listening port: 27500 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) === Startup Info === 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOC@) Is LS run as a service: Yes 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOC@) Server Configuration: Single Server 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) Command-line options used at LS startup: -c C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\licenseHelium.dat -1 C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\LOG\lmgrd.log -z -s local 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) License file(s) used: C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\licenseHelium.dat 9:42:54 (lmgrd) (@lmgrd-SLOG@) === 9:42:54 (lmgrd) SLOG: FNPLS-INTERNAL-VL1-4096 9:42:54 (lmgrd) Starting vendor daemons 9:42:54 (lmgrd) License server manager (lmgrd) startup failed: 9:42:54 (lmgrd) File not found, C:\Program Files\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium 9:42:54 (lmgrd) Started MSC (pid 14200) 9:42:54 (MSC) FlexNet Licensing version v11.16.3.0 build 246844 x64_n6 9:42:54 (MSC) Loading feature details 3 $9{:}42{:}54$ (MSC) Loading feature details 3 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: Summary LOG statistics is enabled. 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: FNPLS-INTERNAL-CKPT1 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: VM Status: 255 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: FNPLS-INTERNAL-CKPT5 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: TPM Status: 0 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: FNPLS-INTERNAL-CKPT6 9:42:54 (MSC) Server started on PPJ-PC2015 for: EX DIGIMAT MF 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_FE_MODELER EX_DIGIMAT_FE_SOLVER EX_DIGIMAT_VA_GUI EX_DIGIMAT_MX+ 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_VA_SOLVER EX_DIGIMAT_MX 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_MAP EX_DIGIMAT_RP_GUI EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_STRUCTURAL 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_MOLDING EX_DIGIMAT_RP_MOLDEX3D EX_DIGIMAT_HC 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_AM_SLS_GUI EX_DIGIMAT_AM_STANDARD_SOLVER EX_DIGIMAT_AM_FFF_GUI 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_AM_GUI EX_DIGIMAT_AM_ADVANCED_SOLVER EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_FATIGUE 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_DRAPING EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_CASTING EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_CT 9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_ADDITIVE EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_TOKEN EX_DIGIMAT_FE_SOLVER_TOKEN

9:42:54 (MSC) EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_LINEAR 9:42:54 (MSC) EXTERNAL FILTERS are OFF 9:42:54 (lmgrd) MSC using TCP-port 19980 9:42:54 (MSC) Initialization 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) === Date === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 2019-10-11 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) === Component Versions === (@MSC-INFO@) MSC created executables: 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 1) MSC.exe vendor daemon (msc.exe): 9:42:54 (MSC) Flexera internal version = 11.16.3.0 x64_n6 MSC internal version = Helium (Build 659671) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 2) summarizer: Helium (Build 659671) x64_n6 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFN@) 3) uploader: Helium (Build 659671) x64 n6 (@MSC-INFO@) Flexera created executables: 9:42:54 (MSC) 1) lmgrd.exe: 11.16.3.0 x64_n6 2) lmtools.exe: 11.16.3.0 x64_n6 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) 3) lmutil.exe: 11.16.3.0 x64_n6 (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) === Usage Reporting Tool Status === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) Usage Reporting Activated: yes 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) Summarizer Activated: ves 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) Uploader Activated: no (@MSC-INFO@) Usage Reporting Tool Log File: C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\LOG/mscusage.mpl 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) === License File Information === (Actual details pending) (@MSC-INFO@) MSC License File Reference: 6XJD 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 6XJD: Maint Date=2019-02-21: End Date=2019-12-31: 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) === Token Pool Information === (Actual details pending) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) MSC One Tokens: Base = 1000 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-INFO@) $9\!:\!42\!:\!54$ (MSC) SLOG: Statistics Log Frequency is 240 minute(s). 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: TS update poll interval is 600 seconds. 9:42:54 (MSC) SLOG: Activation borrow reclaim percentage is 0. 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) == 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) === Vendor Daemon === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Vendor daemon: MSC 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Start-Date: Fri Oct 11 2019 09:42:54 Romance Daylight Time 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) PID: 14200 9:42:54 (MSC) (QMSC-SLOGQ) VD Version: v11.16.3.0 build 246844 x64_n6 (build 246844 (ipv6)) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) === Startup/Restart Info === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Options file used: None 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Is vendor daemon a CVD: No 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Is FlexNet Licensing Service installed and compatible: No 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) FlexNet Licensing Service Version: -NA-9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Is TS accessed: No (@MSC-SLOG@) TS access time: -NA 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Number of VD restarts since LS startup: 0 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) === Network Info === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Listening port: 19980 (@MSC-SLOG@) Daemon select timeout (in seconds): 1 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) === Host Info === 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Host used in license file: PPJ-PC2015 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) HostID node-locked in license file: 9890969f897a (@MSC-SLOG@) HostID of the License Server: "9890969f897a 0a002700000f" 9:42:54 (MSC) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) Running on Hypervisor: None (Physical) 9:42:54 (MSC) (@MSC-SLOG@) ====== 9:42:54 (MSC) Loading feature details 3 9:42:54 (MSC) Usage records are being written to C:\MSC.Software\MSC Licensing\Helium\LOG/mscusage_2019-10-11.ddu

If the server is running and you still have issue to start the products, check the firewall configuration of your license server, and open the right ports.

I.1.4 Step-by-step: Digimat software

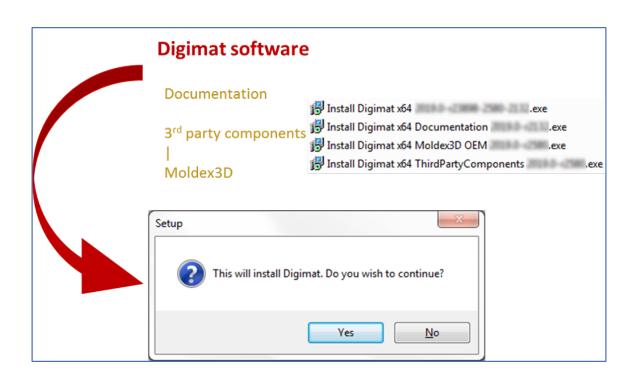


Figure I.1.6: Two files are mandatory to be downloaded from the FTP server: the Digimat installer and the installer for third-party components. For the installation of the documentation, the respective third package is also required. Moldex3D OEM has to be downloaded if user intents to use Digimat-RP and the estimation of the orientation. The global installer **Install Digimat x64 2019.1.exe** will lead through the complete procedures for installing Digimat on Windows 64bit platforms.

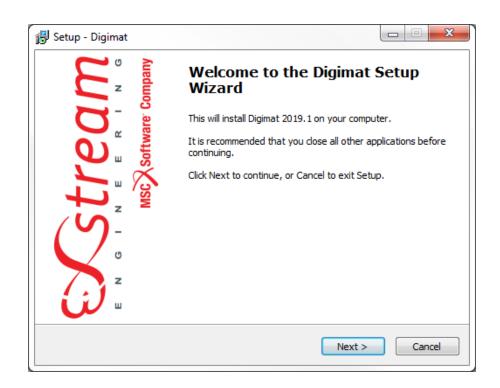


Figure I.1.7: Opening prompt of the Digimat installer. Follow the given instructions step-by-step.



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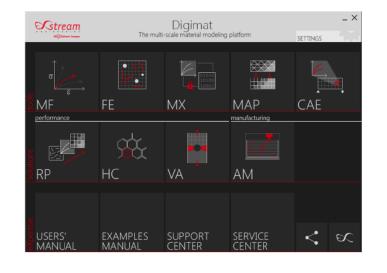


Figure I.1.8: Upon execution of the Digimat installer, the release notes will be shown in a separate PDF viewer.

| 🔂 Setup - Digimat | | |
|--|--|--|
| End User License Agreement Please read the following important information before continuing. | | |
| Please read the following End User License Agreement. You must accept the terms of this agreement before continuing with the installation. | | |
| MSC Software Belgium SA | | |
| e-Xstream Engineering Division | | |
| End User License Agreement (Rev May 2018) | | |
| MSC SOFTWARE BELGIUM SA ("MSC"), ACTING | | |
| I Accept the Agreement | | |
| I Reject the Agreement | | |
| Print < Back Next > Cancel | | |

Figure I.1.9: Please read carefully the software license agreement. It must be agreed to before being able to continue with the installation procedure.

| Setup - Digimat | |
|--|--|
| Digimat license setup | |
| Digimat license setup | X3 |
| Please specify the location of a valid MSC Next. | Clicense file or a valid license server, then click |
| Since Digimat 2018.1, a MSC license is re license, license server installer can be do Download Center. | quired to run Digimat products. For floating wnloaded from MSC.Software Solutions |
| Examples of license location: | |
| 1) 27500@hostname 2) 27500@hostname1;27500@hostname 3) C:\MSC.Software\MSC.Licensing\Digin | |
| License: | |
| 27500@192.168.1.1 | Browse |
| | |
| | < Back Next > Cancel |

Figure I.1.10: The IP address for communication with the MSC license service has to be given, preceded by the @. If needed, user can also specify explicitly the port used by the license server, e.g., 27500@192.168.1.1. Port specification should only be used if it is explicitly specified in the license server. In case of a nodelocked license file, user has to fill the full path to this license file using the "browse" button.

| 🚯 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|-----------|
| Select Destination Location Where should Digimat be installed? | 5 |
| | |
| Setup will install Digimat into the following folder. Please note will be created. These subfolders will include version number a names. | |
| To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, clic | k Browse. |
| C:\MSC.Software\Digimat | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| At least 65.1 MB of free disk space is required. | |
| < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.11: The destination folder for the Digimat installation has to be given. A 2019.1 directory will be automatically created.

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|---------------|
| Digimat documentation | \sim |
| Digimat documentation installation | EX |
| Do you want to install Digimat documentation? | |
| Install Digimat documentation. | |
| O Digimat documentation is already installed. | |
| O not install Digimat documentation. | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < Back | Next > Cancel |
| | |

Figure I.1.12: Choice of installing Digimat documentation. If user chooses to not Digimat documentation, it is still possible to install Digimat documentation step after complete Digimat installation.

| 👸 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|----------|
| Digimat documentation Directory Select the installation directory of Digimat documentation | ∞ |
| Select the installation directory of Digimat documentation. For example C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1 | |
| C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.13: If the option "Digimat documentation is already installed" is selected, user has to point to the Digimat documentation directory. So the settings of Digimat will be automatically updated to point to this documentation. Note that user cannot point to a Digimat documentation prior to Digimat 2016.0.

| J Setup - Digimat | |
|--|-------------|
| Adobe Reader Provide the path to the AcroRd32.exe executable | ∞ |
| You must give the path to the AcroRd32.exe Adobe Reader execut open the Digimat documentation from the graphical interfaces of the Location of AcroRd32.exe: | |
| C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\Reader 11.0\Reader\AcroRd32.exe | Browse |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Nex | kt > Cancel |

Figure I.1.14: The path to an existing installation of Adobe Reader has to be defined. This is to ensure the correct performance of the software help showing the Digimat documentation.

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|-------------------|
| Working Directory | |
| Select a working directory for Digimat | EX |
| This will be the default directory for storing Digimat data files. To con If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse. | tinue, dick Next. |
| :\MSC.Software\Digimat\working | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.15: The destination folder for the Digimat working directory has to be given. This directory can be located anywhere on the computer and shared also between different versions of Digimat. Note that, if Digimat-HC component is selected, working directory cannot contain spaces.

| 👸 Setup - Digimat | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Select Components Which components should be installed? | $\mathcal{X}_{\mathcal{G}}$ | | |
| Select the components you want to install; clear the components you do not want to install. Click Next when you are ready to continue. | | | |
| Full installation without fatigue code interfaces | ▼ | | |
| 📝 Digimat, The Nonlinear Multi-Scale Material Modeling Platform | 3.1 MB 🔺 | | |
| Digimat-MF | 28.6 MB | | |
| ✓ Digimat-FE | 91.8 MB 🗏 | | |
| Digimat-MX | 625.0 MB | | |
| ✓ Digimat-MAP | 6.1 MB | | |
| Digimat-CAE interfaces | 1,132.5 MB | | |
| ··· 📝 Digimat-CAE/Abaqus Standard | 5.4 MB | | |
| 🔽 Digimat-CAE/Abaqus Explicit | 9.9 MB | | |
| V Digimat-CAE/ANSYS | 7.7 MB 👻 | | |
| Current selection requires at least 2,039.3 MB of disk space. | | | |
| < <u>B</u> ack N | ext > Cancel | | |

Figure I.1.16: The required Digimat modules can be chosen individually to save disk space for the installation. In the default case as used here all modules will be installed. If Moldex3D installer has been downloaded, it will be installed by default, unless user deselect the sub-component "Moldex3D integrated into Digimat-RP".

| 🚯 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|---------------|
| Existing local database reset Reset the local material database | \mathcal{X} |
| A Digimat 2019.1 local material database has been found on your compu want to reset it? | iter. Do you |
| Yes, I want to create a new local material database and private grae existing in the current one will be lost. No | des possibly |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.17: The local material database can be reset (cf. Section I.1.2).

| 🔂 Setup - Digimat |
|--|
| Migration from existing local database Deactivate any active local database and import data in the built-in database |
| One or several databases from a previous Digimat installation have been found on your computer. |
| On the one hand, if such a database is currently active, its server will be stopped. If this server is associated to a service, this service will be unregistered. |
| On the other hand, do you want to automatically import private grades from an existing local database (if any) at the end of Digimat installation? |
| Yes No (I will possibly import private grades from another Digimat installation manually via Digimat-MX "Administration" menu.) |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > Cancel |

Figure I.1.18: To be fully operational, the new built-in local database may require the migration of an existing local database at the end of Digimat installation (cf. Section I.1.2 and Figure I.1.39).

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | | x |
|--|--------------|---------------|
| Data import from existing Digimat-VA database Import data from a previous Digimat-VA installation in the new Digimat-VA database | E | \mathcal{X} |
| Do you want to import existing Digimat-VA database used in previous Digim | nat version? | |
| O Yes | | |
| No | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > | Canc | el |

Figure I.1.19: If Digimat-VA component is selected and if a previous version of Digimat-VA database is found, user can import it inside the new database 2019.1.

| 🙀 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|---------------|
| Import of existing Digimat-VA database Selection of Digimat-VA database to import | ∞ |
| Select a Digimat-VA database from previous Digimat version to import database | in Digimat-VA |
| Location of Digimat-VA database to import: | |
| C: \MSC.Software \Digimat_LocalDatabases \2019.0 \sqlite \vadb.db | Browse |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.20: If user wants to import a previous version of Digimat-VA database, the path to this Digimat-VA database must be given.

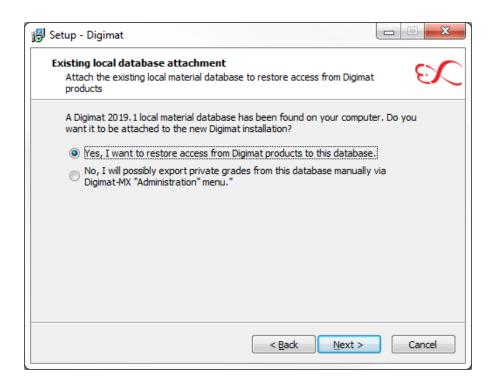


Figure I.1.21: The local material database can be attached (cf. Section I.1.2).

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|----------|
| Marc Directory Select the installation directory of Marc | ∞ |
| Select the installation directory of Marc. For example C:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\marc2018.1 | |
| C:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\marc2018.1 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>Back</u> Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.22: The path of an existing Marc installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-RP with Marc. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 👸 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|----------|
| Marc Mentat Directory Select the installation directory of Marc Mentat | X3 |
| Select the installation directory of Marc Mentat. For example C:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\mentat2018.1 | |
| ר:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\mentat2018.1 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.23: The path of an existing Marc Mentat installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-RP with Marc Mentat and to automatically write the Digimat to Marc Mentat plugin. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section 1.4.1.

| 🙀 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|-----------|
| MSC Nastran Directory | \sim |
| Select the installation directory of MSC Nastran | c. |
| Select the installation directory of MSC Nastran. For example C: \MSC.Software \MSC_Nastran \20190 | |
| にWSC.Software\MSC_Nastran\20190 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | :> Cancel |

Figure I.1.24: The path of an existing MSC Nastran installation is requested. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|---------------|
| Patran Directory Select the installation diretory of Patran | \mathcal{X} |
| Select the installation directory of Patran. For example C: \MSC.Software \Patran_x64\20180 | |
| C:\MSC.Software\Patran_x64\20180 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.25: The path of an existing Patran installation is requested. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 🖟 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Abaqus Directory Select the installation directory of Abaqus | $\mathcal{S}_{\mathcal{G}}$ |
| Select the installation directory of Abaqus. For example C:\SIMUL | IA\Commands |
| C:\SIMULIA\Commands | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack | ext > Cancel |

Figure I.1.26: The path of an existing Abaqus installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-RP and the Digimat-FE interface with Abaqus CAE. If not using either the Digimat-FE module or this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section 1.4.1.

| 🛃 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|--------------|
| Abaqus CAE Directory Select the installation directory of Abaqus CAE | X |
| Select the installation directory of Abaqus CAE. For example C:\SIMU | LIA\CAE\2019 |
| に、SIMULIA/CAE/2019 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.27: The path of an existing Abaqus-CAE installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-RP and the Digimat-FE interface with Abaqus CAE. If not using either the Digimat-FE module or this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section 1.4.1.

| 🐻 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|---------------|
| ANSYS Directory Select the installation directory of ANSYS | \mathcal{X} |
| Select the installation directory of ANSYS. For example C:\Program F Inc\v193 | iles\ANSYS |
| ג:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v 193 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | t > Cancel |
| | .> Cancel |

Figure I.1.28: The path of an existing ANSYS installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-RP and the Digimat-FE interface with ANSYS Workbench. If not using either the Digimat-FE module or this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 🔀 Setup - Digimat | |
|--|---------------------|
| Altair Directory Select the installation directory of Altair | \mathcal{X} |
| Select the installation directory of Altair. For example C:\Program Files\Al | tair\2018 Browse |
| | bionsen |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < Back Next > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.29: The path of an existing Altair installation is requested. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 👘 Set | tup - Digimat | | |
|-------|--|---------------------------|---------------|
| Pe | rmas Directory Select the installation diretory of Permas | | ∞ |
| | Select the installation directory of Permas. | For example C:\Program Fi | les\INTES\V16 |
| | C:\Program Files\INTES\V16 | | Browse |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | < <u>B</u> ack Next > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.30: The path of an existing PERMAS installation is requested. If not using this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 🖟 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|---------------|
| LS-DYNA executable Select the LS-DYNA executable | \mathcal{X} |
| Select the LS-DYNA executable. For example C:\LS-DYNA\program\s-dyna_smp_d_R930_winx64_ifort131.exe Location of LS-DYNA executable: | |
| C:\Temp\s-dyna_smp_d_R930_winx64_ifort131.exe | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | > Cancel |

Figure I.1.31: The path of an existing LS-DYNA installation is requested. This is to ensure smooth performance of Digimat-FE interface with LS-DYNA implicit. If not using either the Digimat-FE module or this FEA solver the step can be skipped and the input field left blank. If needed this path can be specified in a later step via Digimat settings as explained in section I.4.1.

| 🐻 Setup - Digimat | |
|---|--------------|
| Select Start Menu Folder Where should Setup place the program's shortcuts? | ∞ |
| Setup will create the program's shortcuts in the following Start M | ienu folder. |
| To continue, dick Next. If you would like to select a different folder, dick | Browse. |
| MSC.Software\Digimat 2019.1 | Browse |
| Dan't graate a Staat Many felder | |
| Don't create a Start Menu folder | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.32: An individual name for the Digimat shortcut can be specified.

| 🔁 Setup - Digimat | x |
|---|---|
| Select Additional Tasks Which additional tasks should be performed? | C |
| Select the additional tasks you would like Setup to perform while installing Digimat, then click Next. | |
| Additional icons: | |
| Create a desktop icon | |
| ☑ Install Microsoft Visual C/C++ redistributable files. This implies that you accept to corresponding End User License Agreement. | |
| < <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel | |

Figure I.1.33: A desktop icon can be created. User can also choose to install Visual 2012 C/C++ redistributable files together with Digimat. These files are required to run Digimat computations. In this case, Visual C/C++ redistributable files will be installed.

| | ly to Install tup is now ready to begin installing Digimat on your computer. | E |
|----|---|----------|
| | ck Install to continue with the installation, or click Back if you want to r ange any settings. | eview or |
| D | Destination location: C:\MSC.Software\Digimat | ^ |
| Se | etup type: Full installation without fatigue code interfaces | E |
| Se | elected components: Digimat, The Nonlinear Multi-Scale Material Modeling Platform Digimat-MF Digimat-FE Digimat-MX Digimat-MAP | |
| • | Digimat-CAE interfaces | + |

Figure I.1.34: A summary of the installation details is given and can be checked. Proceeding with the "Install" button will start the installation of Digimat.

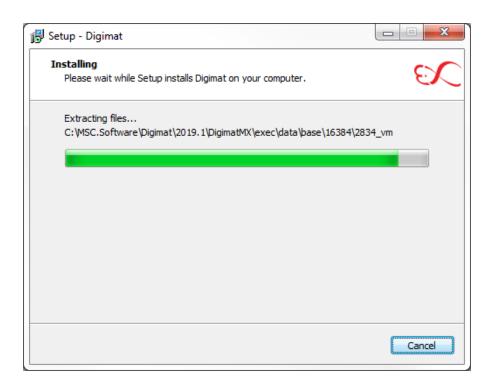


Figure I.1.35: The installation of the Digimat core software is executed.

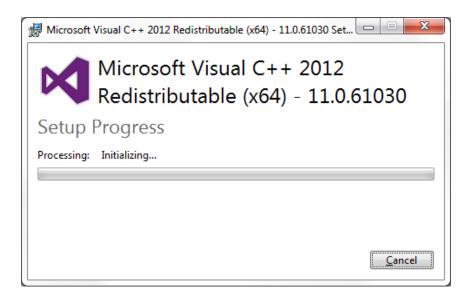


Figure I.1.36: The installation of the Microsoft Visual C++ 2012 redistributables is executed.

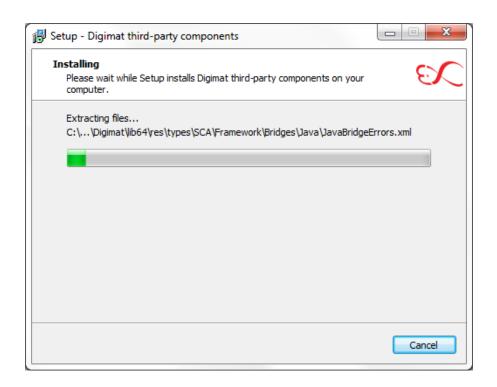


Figure I.1.37: Third party products are installed. Third party components must be installed in order to be able to run the Digimat software.

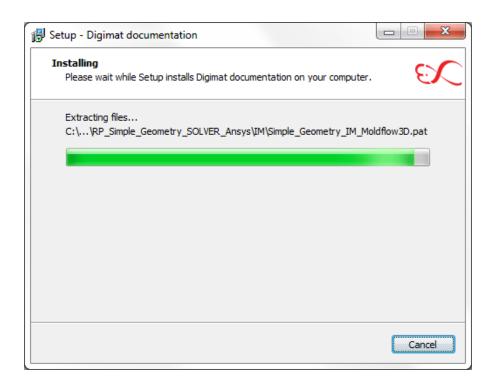


Figure I.1.38: As a last step, the Digimat documentation is installed (if chosen).

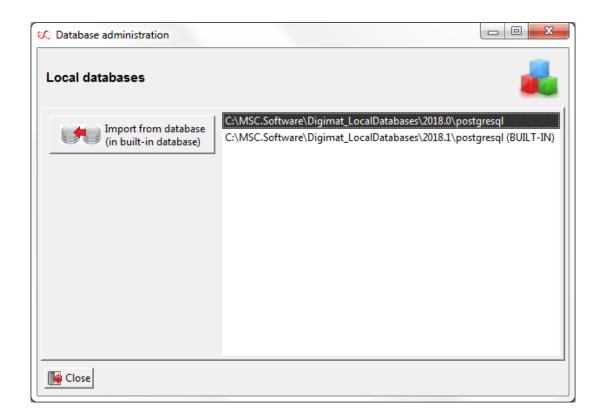


Figure I.1.39: If the migration of a previous local database in the new local database is required (cf. Figure I.1.18), the directory of this database must be selected prior to the actual database import (cf. Section ??).

| Database import question | |
|--|--|
| This type is not advised anymore in Indeed it was previously used main now represented by the type "chop | ly for short fiber reinforced plastics which are ped fiber (short)". |
| Do you want to modify the grade ty | ype "composite" in "chopped fiber (short)" during import? |
| Yes | <u>N</u> o |

Figure I.1.40: During database import from previous Digimat version, the type of "composite" grades can be converted to "chopped fiber(short)".

| Databas | e import warning | |
|---------|--|--|
| | The database/file selected for import inclue The corresponding grade(s) will be importe | des grade(s) does not belonging to the user manager. Id and associated to the user manager. |
| | OK | <u>C</u> ancel |

Figure I.1.41: During database import from previous Digimat version, data belonging to different users are addressed specifically.

| Database | import information |
|----------|--|
| ٩ | The data from the database located in the directory C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_LocalDatabases\2018.0\postgresql has been imported in the built-in local database. |
| | <u><u>Q</u>K</u> |

Figure I.1.42: Successful database import from previous Digimat version.

| Digimat to Abaq | Digimat to Abagus Configuration | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|------------------------|
| Adapt Abaqus e | environment and c | lean Abaqus work | ng directory | E) |
| abagus_v6.env | file from the Digin | nat installation dire | d analyses, you have ectory to your working env file in your Abaque | directory, or |
| selected Abaqu default working | s version. Howeve directory (typical | er, we recommend ly "C:\Temp"), e.g | automatically updated to manually clean the ., to remove the "aba " files that may remai | Abaqus qus_plugins" |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

Figure I.1.43: In the end of the installation procedure additional information is given for Abaqus users. This let you know how to update the abaqus_v6.env file to be able to use the Digimat-CAE/Abaqus interface. If Digimat-CAE/Abaqus is required, we strongly recommend to read I.5.1 before proceeding with the linking procedure to the Abaqus solver.

| 😽 Setup - Digimat | |
|-------------------|--|
| | Completing the Digimat Setup Wizard |
| Mare C | To complete the installation of Digimat, Setup must restart your computer. Would you like to restart now? |
| | Yes, restart the computer now |
| | \bigcirc No, I will restart the computer later |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | < <u>B</u> ack Finish |

Figure I.1.44: Upon finalization of the installation the user can choose to reboot the computer immediately. Please note that to ensure safely a fully functional installation of Digimat the reboot of the machine is mandatory!

I.1.5 Step-by-step: Digimat documentation

Since Digimat 2016.0, it is possible to install Digimat documentation before, after or automatically during Digimat software installation. It is also possible to use existing Digimat documentation when installing Digimat software (see figure 1.1.13). When installing Digimat documentation separately from main Digimat software, the following step by step procedure must be followed.

| 😼 Setup - Digimat documen | tation |
|---------------------------|---|
| R Company | Welcome to the Digimat documentation Setup Wizard |
| | This will install Digimat 2019.1 documentation on your computer. |
| | It is recommended that you close all other applications before continuing. |
| | Click Next to continue, or Cancel to exit Setup. |
| ()- ()- | |
| o z | |
| <i>U</i> | |
| | Next > Cancel |

Figure I.1.45: Opening prompt of the Digimat documentation installer. Follow the given instructions step-by-step.

| 😰 Setup - Digimat documentation | |
|--|---|
| Select Destination Location Where should Digimat documentation be installed? | 1 |
| Setup will install Digimat documentation into the following folder. | |
| To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse. | |
| C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation Browse | |
| | |
| At least 0.7 MB of free disk space is required. | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > Cancel | |

Figure I.1.46: The destination folder for the Digimat documentation installation has to be given. A 2019.1 directory will be automatically created.

| 🔂 Setup - Digimat documentation | |
|---|------------|
| Digimat Directory Select the installation directory of Digimat 2019.1 | ∞ |
| Select the installation directory of Digimat 2019.1. For example C: \MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1 | |
| C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1 | Browse |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next | t > Cancel |

Figure I.1.47: User has to point to an existing Digimat directory. So the settings of Digimat will be automatically updated to point to this documentation directory. This field can remain blank if Digimat will be installed in a second step. In that case, when installing Digimat software, user has to select this Digimat documentation installation directory (see figure I.1.13). Note that user cannot point to a Digimat prior to Digimat 2016.0.

| Setup - Digimat documentation | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Select Components Which components should be installed? | S |
| Select the components you want to install; dear the components install. Click Next when you are ready to continue. | ents you do not want to |
| ☑ Digimat user's manual | 63.8 MB |
| Digimat examples manual | 753.7 MB |
| Digimat user's manual Student Edition | 63.4 MB |
| Digimat examples manual Student Edition | 3.9 MB |
| | |
| Current selection requires at least 885.4 MB of disk space. | |
| < Back | Next > Cancel |

Figure I.1.48: The required Digimat documentation modules can be chosen individually to save disk space for the installation. In the default case as used here all modules will be installed.

| 📳 Setup - Digimat documentation | |
|---|---------------|
| Select Start Menu Folder Where should Setup place the program's shortcuts? | \mathcal{X} |
| Setup will create the program's shortcuts in the following Start | Menu folder. |
| To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, clic | k Browse. |
| MSC.Software\Digimat 2019.1 documentation | Browse |
| | |
| Don't create a Start Menu folder | |
| < <u>B</u> ack Next > | Cancel |

Figure I.1.49: An individual name for the Digimat documentation shortcut can be specified.

| eady to Install Setup is now ready to begin installing Digimat documentation on your computer. | | |
|---|-------------------------------|--|
| Click Install to continue with the installation, or click change any settings. | Back if you want to review or | |
| Destination location: C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation | * | |
| Setup type: Custom installation | | |
| Selected components: Digimat user's manual Digimat examples manual | | |
| Start Menu folder: MSC.Software\Digimat 2019.1 documentation | - | |
| * | 4 | |

Figure I.1.50: A summary of the installation details is given and can be checked. Proceeding with the "Install" button will start the installation of Digimat documentation.

| 🚯 Setup - Digimat documentation | |
|--|---|
| Installing Please wait while Setup installs Digimat documentation on your computer. | - |
| Extracting files C:\\FOAM_ClosedOpenPore_MonoLayer.daf | |
| Cancel | |

Figure I.1.51: The installation of the Digimat documentation is executed.



Figure I.1.52: Finalization of the installation.

I.1.6 Installation of Digimat on a linux machine

This section demonstrates the most straightforward way to create an **installation of the Digimat software** on a Linux machine.

It supposes that a Digimat license server has already been installed (see section 1.1.3).

- Step 1 : Unzip installer in a temporary directory (see Figure 1.1.53): unzip Digimat2019.1-r25963-3044-2325-Linux64bit.zip
- Step 2 : Execute Digimat installation script: ./DigimatInstall (see Figure 1.1.54)
- Step 3 : If accept license agreement, type 1 (see Figure I.1.55)
- Step 4 : If accept the general conditions, type 1 (see Figure 1.1.56)
- Step 5 : Select Digimat installation directory (see Figure 1.1.57)
- Step 6 : Digimat installation in progress (see Figure 1.1.58)
- Step 7 : Introduce Digimat license adress (see Figure I.1.59)
- Step 8 : End of Digimat installation (see Figure 1.1.60)

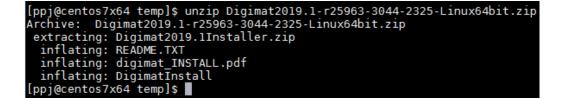


Figure I.1.53: Unzip installation file.

| [ppj@centos7x64 temp]\$./DigimatInstall |
|--|
| ####################################### |
| Digimat 2019.1 install script |
| ####################################### |
| Options : 1. Install Digimat 2019.1 2. Exit script |
| Enter your choice : |

Figure I.1.54: Execute installation script.

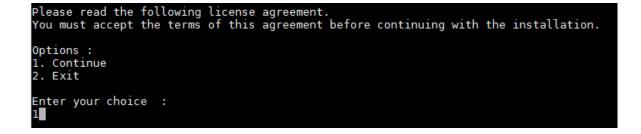


Figure I.1.55: License agreement.

All notices will be in writing. Notices permitted or required under this Agre 14.8 ement shall be delivered personally (including courier service), by certified or registered mail, return receip t requested, or by confirmed facsimile transmission. Notices shall be effective upon receipt. If notice is sent t o MSC, it shall be directed to the attention of the Legal Department. 14.9 Customer acknowledges and agrees that any and all consulting services performe d or to be performed by MSC for Customer are independent of Customer's purchase and use of the Software licenses. Customer further agrees that payment for Software licensed hereunder is in no way dependent or in any other way ass ociated with the commencement, completion or delivery of consulting services. 14.10 The English language version of this Agreement is legally binding in case of a ny inconsistencies between the English version and any translations. Contacts: http://www.e-Xstream.com info@e-Xstream.com Do you accept the agreement ? Options : 1. Yes (Continue) 2. No (Exit)

Figure I.1.56: General conditions.

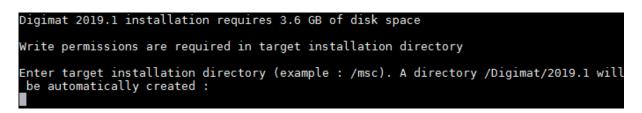
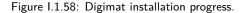


Figure I.1.57: Select Digimat installation directory.

| antiotange (home (no.) (D.g. mot (2010, 1/D.g. mot (1))) (vtg (vtg (SCA (1)))) 22.0, ee |
|---|
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/SCA/libMXP_22_0.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libDeFeaPSRelated.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicudata.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicudata.so.60 |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicui18n.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicui18n.so.60 |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicuio.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicuio.so.60 |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicuuc.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libicuuc.so.60 |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libJavaSCAModule.so |
| inflating: /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib/xfg/xfg/libkernel_io.so |



Unzipping of Digimat completed.

Creation of DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file in /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/exec

Please enter host name or ip address of license server (syntax : @host, @ip_address, p ort@host, ...) or full path to license file :

Figure I.1.59: License server adress.

In order to complete Digimat installation, environment variable DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 shou ld be set to the directory containing DIGIMAT_Settings.ini (i.e., /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/exec)

Please, note that, since Digimat 6.0.1, Digimat third-party libraries for Digimat-CAE analyses have been moved from /home/ppj/Digimat/DigimatCAE/2019.1/lib to /home/ppj/Digimat/2019.1/Digimat/lib. The paths used in your queuing system to define the position of these libraries must b e updated to this new position to be able to run Digimat-CAE coupled analysis.

Figure I.1.60: End of Digimat installation.



Licensing system

| I.2.1 | Licensing system | 108 |
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| | Encryption key management | 117 |

I.2.1 Licensing system

Digimat licensing is based on the MSC license manager. It enables the following types of licensing:

- paid-up or lease agreement
- floating (seat-based or MSC One) or node-locked (file based) licenses. Masterkey license system is not supported for Digimat products.

For an overview over the currently supported version of the licensing system, please refer to the appendix II.2.1. For information about the current limitations in the set up of licensing systems, please refer to appendix **??**.

Floating licenses

Floating licenses enable to have access, from anywhere on a network, to Digimat licenses. Such system, providing licenses to Digimat when a job is executed, is called a license server. So that this works properly, the license server must continuously run on one of the network computers. If the license server is down for any reason, the licenses will not be accessible and Digimat jobs will not run.

The license server is basically made of three parts.

- **Imgrd** is the license manager. It deals with requests coming from the software (in this case Digimat products), and redirects these requests to the vendor specific server. It also manages all the vendor specific servers under its responsibility.
- VENDOR MSC is the MSC specific server. It answers to requests coming from Imgrd based on the vendor specific license files and the history of use of the licenses.
- license.dat is the e-Xstream engineering specific license file. It contains information about the licensed Digimat products available to the user. Floating license files start with the following two headlines

 SERVER . . .
 - VENDOR MSC...

while it is not the case for node-locked licenses.

If those two heading lines are not present, this means the license file actually contains node-locked licenses. If this is not what you were expecting to receive, it is suggested to contact the support team of **e-Xstream engineering** at digimat.support@mscsoftware.com.

In order to have a valid-working licensing installation, these three components must have been installed and Imgrd must be running!

When running a Digimat job, a first request is send to **Imgrd** in order to check out the required licenses, which depends on the Digimat product that is executed.

After this first request is addressed to **Imgrd**, periodic connections are made by the Digimat product with **Imgrd** to check that the server and license status are still valid. These periodic connections are called 'heartbeats' and are usually made every minute.

If the connection to the license server is lost by the Digimat product (in other words if several heartbeats failed), a reconnection strategy is started. Depending on the Digimat product running, the number of reconnection attempts as well as the time interval between two tries varies. This information is printed in the log file or in dialog boxes used by the Digimat product. If the reconnection does not occur for some reason, the product exits, abruptly stopping any on-going simulation.

If no more licenses are available, queuing system will be automatically triggered for Digimat-CAE structural analysis. Queuing system will be valid during 10 hours. If, after 10 hours, no license is available, process will stop.

Remark: If requesting more CAE tokens than total available in license file (e.g., license file has only 3 parallel CAE tokens and analysis tries to run with 8 CPUs), queuing system will be triggered and will remain during 10 hours before stopping execution. It is needed to manually stop the executable in this case.

Licensing utilities are provided with MSC license system (**Imtools** and related utilities). These can be used to manage the license server by allowing server starts and stop actions, as well as license changes.

Floating licenses and redundant license servers

In the single license server configuration, licenses are not available when the license server is down, disconnected from the network or if the **Imgrd** daemon has been shut down.

If it is mandatory for licenses to be available all the time, then a redundant server setup can be the solution. In that case, three servers (and exactly three) are running rather than one. If at least two of the three servers are available, users are able to checkout licenses. These three redundant servers must be well interconnected, as they will exchange information periodically, i.e., heartbeats, and at each license checkout.

For redundant server configuration, the license file contains three SERVER lines. Compared to the single server configuration, these SERVER lines must contain a port number at the end of the line.

The three servers will find each other using their host names. Therefore, domain name information for the three servers must be up to date.

To start the servers, the procedure is the same as for the single server configuration, and must be repeated on each of the redundant servers.

On the client side, the address of the three servers must be used to benefit from the redundancy.

Node-locked licenses

Floating licenses are not mandatory. It is also possible as well as sometimes useful to use a single node-locked license file, especially for laptops when not having constant access to a network that would provide a floating license. If using node-locked licenses, the installation of a license server is not required. Notice though that a node-locked license points towards the physical address of a computer, which means it is attributed to a single specific computer and cannot be transferred on other ones.

I.2.2 Digimat licensing usage

In the following, the Digimat specific usage of the MSC licensing system will be described.

License features

A sample license feature exhibits the following structure and underlying information.

- *EX_DIGIMAT_MF*: It refers to the feature name. It refers to a product of the Digimat suite, or to an interface between Digimat and an external code.
- 2018.0915: It refers to the maintenance end date (the format being yyyy.mmdd). This tells for which
 versions of the software the license is valid. Every Digimat release has an official release date that is
 compared against that maintenance date in order to allow or block its usage.
- 15-sep-2018: This is the end date, i.e., date until which the license feature is valid.
- 10: This is the total number of seats available for the corresponding license feature.

Usage of licenses

Digimat licenses usage depends on the features considered.

- When starting any product of Digimat platform (except Digimat-CAE GUI), the existence of a feature is verified but also the availability of a seat of the required license feature. If no seat is available, those products cannot be opened. If a seat is available, it will immediately be checked-out and the product will open.
- At the start-up of the Digimat-CAE GUI, a check on the existence of a structural license is performed: it could also be one of the three features referring to structural analyses:
 - EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_STRUCTURAL
 - EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_LINEAR
 - EX_DIGIMAT_CAE_FATIGUE

If any of these exists, the GUI opens successfully. Then, when defining the interface code the user intends to work with, the existence of the license feature of the selected interface is again verified. It could also be one of the global flexible license features. If none exists, the interface cannot be selected. A similar verification is performed when selecting the injection interface format.

Up to now, no license feature is consumed. This is done when executing the Digimat-CAE job to generate the interface files. It is also done when executing a coupled structural Digimat job. In such case, the license features, both structural and injection, are checked out during the entire simulation. They are checked in once the job is over.

In case of *parallel computation*, one structural feature seat is first used, and for the other *n*-1 processors used for the parallel computation, *n*-1 Digimat tokens are checked out. For example, a Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA parallel run on 4 processors consumes 1 seat of a structural feature as well as 3 Digimat tokens. When performing parallel computations using distributed storage devices, Digimat requires the DIGI-MAT2CAE_Working_Directory setting to be defined in your DIGIMAT_Settings.inifile (see Section I.4.1). This setting has to indicate a global, unique, location which can be accessed by all the processes. If this setting is not defined, it can result in an overconsumption of license features!

- Finally, in the case of Digimat-MX, one EX_DIGIMAT_MX+ (tried first) or EX_DIGIMAT_MX feature seat is consumed at the moment the GUI opens. No more seat is required at any time. When performing a reverse-engineering, no EX_DIGIMAT_MF seat is required though the Digimat executable is used.
- To encrypt files, a EX_DIGIMAT_MX+ feature is required.
- To use encrypted files and decrypt them in the Digimat products, user needs the EX_DIGIMAT_CRYPT feature. Without this, the user cannot use the encrypted files provided in the Digimat-MX database by the material suppliers.

For more information, please contact the support team at digimat.support@mscsoftware.com.

I.2.3 Set-up of the licensing system

In order to set-up Digimat licensing, the executable msc_licensing_11.16.3.exe available at MSC Download Center (MSC licensing page) needs to be run from the installation medium and the installation steps followed. This setup allows to

- install MSC, Imgrd as well as license management tools;
- start **Imgrd**.

For a step-by-step example for the standard installation of the MSC license server via the provided installer, please refer to section 1.1.3.

If a **Imgrd** server is already running on a computer, only **MSC** can be installed and the previous installation of **MSC** server be used to manage **MSC**.

e-Xstream engineering recommends proceeding with the complete installation and using a separate lmgrd process, not a previously installed one!

For further details, please consult the msc_licensing_11.16.3_doc_user.pdf user guide available on MSC Download Center (MSC licensing page).

Windows

Under Windows, **Imgrd** should be started at the end of the installation procedure. **Imgrd** is installed as a Windows service. Windows services are restarted automatically after a reboot. Notice that it is *required to be logged as administrator* in order to install a Windows service.

Linux

Under Linux, **Imgrd** should also be started at the end of the installation procedure but this starting process will be active only till the next reboot of the Linux machine. Each time the Linux machine is rebooted, the **Imgrd** must be restarted manually (see below). There is no option as for Windows operating system to activate automatically this **Imgrd** restart.

Remark: The **Imgrd** server can be installed and run on a computer working with a different operating system from the one on which the Digimat software suite itself is installed and run.

Manual start of the license server

Under both operating systems, Windows as well as Linux, the license server can be started manually. The command to start the process is the following:

lmgrd -c Digimat.lic -l DIGIMAT.log

After **Imgrd** start-up, a DIGIMAT.log file is created and keeps track, among others, of the license server status as well as check-ins and check-outs of Digimat licenses.

For debugging purposes, the license server can also be started in an interactive mode. To do so, please type

```
lmgrd.exe -c Digimat.lic -l digimat.log -z
```

I.2.4 Configuration of the licensing system

During Digimat installation, a valid MSC license file path is requested (see I.1.10). Value given is the written in the *DIGIMAT_Settings.ini* file (see Section I.4.1). Most classical values are:

• Floating licenses:

port@host where "host" refers to the IP address or the host name of the computer on which runs the license server, and 'port' is the port to be used to establish the connection between the application and the license server (note that a port is not mandatory). Multiple license servers can be defined with different @host references separated by ':' under Linux and ';' under Windows. Example: $MSC_LICENSE_FILE = 27500@WorkStation1:@192.168.1.10$

Node-locked license file:

The full path to the license file and its name are required.

In the case that no value for MSC license path has been entered during Digimat installation, it is needed to define in your operating system the MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable.

General management of MSC_LICENSE_FILE in Digimat:

• When running any Digimat product from **Digimat platform**,

MSC_LICENSE_FILE defined as environment variable is automatically appended to the value of MSC_LICENSE_FILE defined in DIGIMAT_Settings.ini. So, if MSC_LICENSE_FILE defined in environment variable is different from key defined in DIGIMAT_Settings.ini, the 2 values will be appended in a new MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable. So license will be checked on the whole set of license path defined in this new MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable.

• When running any Digimat product from command line,

MSC_LICENSE_FILE must be defined in global environment variable. Value defined in DIGI-MAT_Settings.iniwon't be taken into account.

When running any Digimat product from plug-ins,

MSC_LICENSE_FILE must be defined in global environment variable. Value defined in DIGI-MAT_Settings.iniwon't be taken into account.

Setting the correct license location can be done by using the 'Set license location' option in the 'License' menu of the Digimat platform (see Section 1.3.1). When doing this, the value of DIGIMAT_Settings.iniwill then be updated accordingly. Administrator rights can be needed for this operation.

Encryption key management

The encryption keys needed to decrypt the material files are not managed via the license file. The keys are handled by the Digimat Platform and written in the Digimat configuration file.

Here is the procedure to be performed prior to being able to decrypt any material files :

• The encryption keys are delivered by e-Xstream engineering within files named key_number.priv. If not already received please contact your Digimat support. You will have at least two encryption keys to handle, one to decrypt material files that were encrypted for you only, and one to decrypt material files that can be decrypted by everyone.

• Go to the Digimat platform to have access to the license management functionalities (see 1.3.1). There you will have access to a button named **Import encryption key**. Click on the button, select your .priv file, click **OK** and then click the **Apply** button. Perform this procedure as many time you have received different encryption key files.

I.2.5 MSC One licensing system

Digimat also support MSC One licensing system. MSC One licensing is such that it allows most MSC products to use a shared pool of license tokens.

All Digimat capabilities are working in the same way as with the traditional licensing system explained in the previous section, except that :

- The encryption keys needed to decrypt material files are not managed through licensing but using the Platfom (see I.2.6).
- The fiber orientation estimator embedded in Digimat-RP is not available.

That licensing system is based on FlexLM 11.16 and is supported under the following operating systems :

- Windows 7 64-bit
- Windows 10 64-bit
- Linux 64-bit
- Linux IPF 64-bit
- IBM AIX 32 and 64-bit
- HP-UX PA-RISC
- HP-UX IPF 64-bits
- Solaris SPARC 64-bit
- Solaris 8664
- SGI IRIX 64-bit

Installation and usage of MSC One license system is identical to ones of seat-based license systems (please refer to sections 1.2.2 and 1.2.3).

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- Go to the Digimat platform to have access to the license management functionalities (see I.3.1). There you will have access to a button named **Import encryption key**. Click on the button, select your .priv file, click **OK** and then click the **Apply** button. Perform this procedure as many time you have received different encryption key files.

To be able to encrypt material data, EX_DIGIMAT_MX+ must be in license file. This last feature is not provided by default when using MSC One licensing.

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- Linux 64-bit
- Linux IPF 64-bit
- IBM AIX 32 and 64-bit
- HP-UX PA-RISC
- HP-UX IPF 64-bits
- Solaris SPARC 64-bit
- Solaris 8664
- SGI IRIX 64-bit

Installation and usage of MSC One license system is identical to ones of seat-based license systems (please refer to sections 1.2.2 and 1.2.3).

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- Go to the Digimat platform to have access to the license management functionalities (see I.3.1). There you will have access to a button named **Import encryption key**. Click on the button, select your .priv file, click **OK** and then click the **Apply** button. Perform this procedure as many time you have received different encryption key files.

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Digimat licensing management

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I.3.1 Licensing location

The licensing location can be directly defined by using the "License" option of the Digimat platform (see Figure 1.3.1).

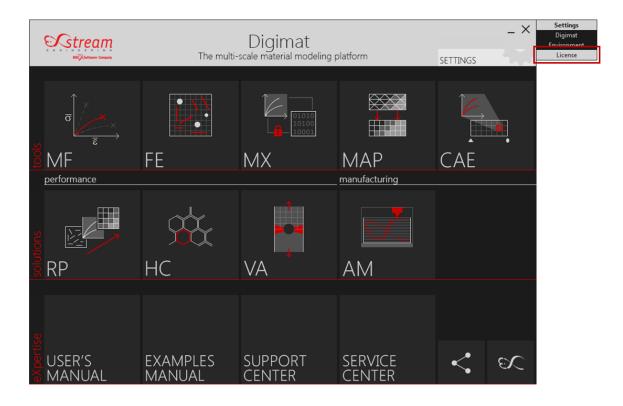


Figure I.3.1: "License" option in the Digimat platform

This opens a small window (see Figure 1.3.2) allowing to define the location of the license and, when using MSC One licensing, to import an encryption key which will be written in the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file. This importation is not needed when using seat-based licensing since the key is already in the license file.

| Extream Bill Schwart Language | The multi- | Digimat scale material modeling | olatform | _ × | Settings Digimat Environment License |
|---|--|--|-------------------|----------------|---|
| $\overrightarrow{\sigma} \xrightarrow{\times} \overrightarrow{\varepsilon}$ | FE SC Set License Location | MX | MAP | CAF | |
| performance | Import encryption key Clear Current license location : 2703 | 11@192.168.103.210;1700@192.168.1 Apply | 03.210 Brows | e Query status | |
| RP | HC | VA | AM | | |
| tise | | | | | |
| USER'S | EXAMPLES MANUAL | SUPPORT CENTER | SERVICE CENTER | $\leq \infty$ | |

Figure I.3.2: Setting the licensing location via the Digimat GUI.

I.3.2 Licensing status

Another feature is also available under the "License" option – the query of the licenses status (see Figure I.3.2). This option gives user information about the status of the licenses on the current license server. Licenses in use are seen as checked out licenses. When they are released, a check-in feature is written in the log file.



Digimat settings

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I.4.1 The DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file

Digimat settings are set by the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file which contains a list of key-values. This file is read by Digimat each time the platform is launched to let them become the current settings. The entire Digimat installation can be parameterized by these settings.

Digimat looks in the following directories for the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file:

- 1. in the current working directory, i.e., the directory in which the computation is run;
- 2. in the directory pointed to by the environment variable DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 .

Note that Digimat will use the first DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file that it finds! Since it first looks in the current working directory, it allows using a local settings file, and if none is defined, it is not problematic as long as it can find the global settings file defined in the folder where the DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 variable is pointing to.

The DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file can be modified from the platform settings menu (see Figure 1.4.1) or directly via a text editor.

| 🛠 Settings Manager | | • X |
|--|--|------------|
| Current setting file : C:\MSC.Software\Digim | at\2018.1\Digimat\exec\DIGIMAT_Settings.ini | Reload |
| | Value | _ |
| ABAQUS_Directory | C:\SIMULIA\Commands | Browse |
| ANSYS_Directory | C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v180 | Browse |
| ASTER_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\DigimatHC\Code_Aste | Browse |
| Acrobat_Exec | C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\Acrobat Reader DC\Reade | Browse |
| DAKOTA_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\Digimat\external32\da | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2CAE_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\DigimatCAE\exec | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2CAE_Manual_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2018.1\doc | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2CAE_WBWizard_Format | cdb | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2CAE_Working_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2MARC_Directory | | Browse |
| DIGIMAT2SAMCEF_Directory | | Browse |
| DIGIMATAM_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\DigimatAM\exec | Browse |
| DIGIMATFE_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\DigimatFE\exec | Browse |
| DIGIMATFE_Manual_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2018.1\doc | Browse |
| DIGIMATFE_Solver_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\Digimat\external64\FE | Browse |
| DIGIMATFE_Working_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working | Browse |
| DIGIMATHC_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\DigimatHC\exec | Browse |
| DIGIMATHC_Manual_Directory | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2018.1\doc | Browse 🚽 |
| Dismiss | 4 | Apply/Save |



1.4.2 Structure of the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file

The DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file is made of sections delimited by a line '[SectionKeyWord]', each section containing a list of lines 'key = value'.

For the current version, this file is made of a unique section which is identified by the [Default] tag as a header to the file content. The list of keys that can be used is the following:

- **DIGIMAT_Directory**: path to the working directory used by the Digimat platform.
- Acrobat_Exec: path to Adobe Reader executable, including its name.
- Number_of_processors: Number of processors of computer where Digimat is installed.
- Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat.
- log_output: path to the location where Digimat will output its log messages. This is one of the keys a user could most probably be brought to change. The different choices are:
 - Default: the Digimat messages will be output to the default location which means, for example:
 - in the .log file of the analysis/job if using Digimat-MF or a Digimat-CAE interface;
 - * the dos screen when using the interface to ANSYS, ...
 - Any valid path to a file, including its name. The log messages will be output to the indicated file.
- WISETEX_Directory: path to Wisetex binaries.
- DIGIMATMF_Directory: path to the Digimat-MF binaries.
- DIGIMATMF_Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat-MF.
- DIGIMATFE_Directory: path to the Digimat-FE binaries.
- DIGIMATFE_Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat-FE.
- DIGIMATFE_Solver_Directory: path to Digimat-FE solver directory.
- LS-Dyna SMP Exec: path to LS-DYNA executable used by Digimat-FE.
- MAP_Directory: path to the Digimat-MAP binaries.
- MAP_Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat-MAP.
- DIGIMATHC_Directory: path to the Digimat-HC binaries.
 DIGIMATHC_Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat-HC.
- **ASTER_Directory**: path to the ASTER binaries.
- **DIGIMATRP_Directory**: path to the Digimat-RP binaries.
- **DIGIMATVA_Directory**: path to the Digimat-VA binaries.
- DIGIMATAM_Directory: path to the Digimat-AM binaries.
- DIGIMATVA_Working_Directory:
- DIGIMAT2CAE_Directory: path to the Digimat-CAE binaries.
- **DIGIMAT2CAE_Working_Directory**: path to the working directory used by Digimat-CAE.
- MARC_Directory: path to the Marc root directory. •
- MSC_LICENSE_FILE: path to the license server. The IP address must be prefixed by an @ symbol (port@address).
- ABAQUS_Directory: path to the Abaqus root directory.
- ANSYS_Directory: path to the ANSYS root directory.
- MENTAT_Directory: path to the Mentat root directory.
- MSCNASTRAN_Directory: path to the MSC Nastran root directory.
- PATRAN_Directory: path to the Patran root directory.
- **PERMAS_Directory**: path to the PERMAS root directory.
- DIGIMATMX_Directory: path to the Digimat-MX binaries.
- DIGIMATMX_Bin_Directory: path to PostgreSQL binaries.
- DIGIMATMX_Working_Directory: path to the working directory used by Digimat-MX.
- DIGIMATMX_DataBase_Name: Digimat-MX default database to be opened. The default value is mxdb.
- DIGIMATMX_Database_Cluster: list of the locations (localhost and server IP addresses) of servers on which a successful connection has been made. The first listed value is the location of the server on which the last successful connection occurred and it is the default value used by Digimat-MX. If no successful connection ever occurred, **localhost** is the only value.

- **DIGIMATMX_User**: Digimat-MX user name.
- **DIGIMATMX_Local_Installation**: true of false.
- **DIGIMATMX_Request_Data_Format**: length of the content of the email which is automatically created when requesting data to a material supplier from Digimat-MX. The two possible values are **Long** (which is the default) and **Short** (which is usually required when using Lotus Notes as e-mail client).
- LocalDatabase_Directory: path to the built-in local database.
- DAKOTA_Directory: path to Dakota binaries.
- **Manual_Directory**: path to the Digimat documentation.
- Examples_Directory: path to the Digimat examples directory.
- DIGIMATMF_Manual_Directory: path to the Digimat-MF documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- **DIGIMATFE_Manual_Directory**: path to the Digimat-FE documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- MAP_Manual_Directory: path to the Digimat-MAP documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- **DIGIMATHC_Manual_Directory**: path to the Digimat-HC documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- DIGIMAT2CAE_Manual_Directory: path to the Digimat-CAE documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- DIGIMATMX_Manual_Directory: path to the Digimat-MX documentation. It is used by Digimat when opening the documentation (general or context help page) from the GUI.
- DIGIMAT2MARC_Directory: path to the directory containing Digimat-CAE/Marc executable (see Section 1.5.3).
- DIGIMAT2SAMCEF_Directory: path to the directory containing Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF executable (see Section 1.5.5).
- HYPERWORKS_Directory: path to the HyperWorks root directory.
- LSDYNA_Directory: path to the directory containing Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA executable (see Section 1.5.6).
- LSPREPOST_Directory: path to the LS-PrePost root directory.
- OPTISTRUCT_Directory: path to the OptiStruct root directory.
- PAMCRASH_Directory: path to the PAM-CRASH root directory.
- SAMCEF_Directory: path to the Samcef root directory.
- VISUALVIEWER_Directory: path to the Visual-Viewer root directory.
- GnuPG_Directory: path to GnuPG directory. needed to encrypt material properties when using Macro solution in Digimat-RP for LS-DYNA.
- LSTC_PGPKEY: Full path and name of key file needed to encrypt material properties when using Macro solution in Digimat-RP for LS-DYNA. Default location value is Digimat working directory and default name is lstc_pgpkey.asc. This entry is generated during Digimat installation. The way to generate this key is explained in section 1.5.6.

All these parameters can be set from the Digimat platform settings manager (see Figure I.4.1).

An example of a valid DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file is:

```
[Default]
DIGIMAT_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\exec
Acrobat_Exec=C:\Program Files (x86)\Adobe\Acrobat Reader DC\Reader\AcroRd32.exe
Number_of_processors=16
Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working
log_output=Default
WISETEX_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\external32\wisetex
DIGIMATMF_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatMF\exec
DIGIMATMF_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working
DIGIMATFE_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatFE\exec
DIGIMATFE_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working
DIGIMATFE_Solver_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\external64\FESolver
LS-Dyna_SMP_Exec=C:\Temp\ls-dyna_smp_d_R930_winx64_ifort131.exe
MAP_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatMAP\exec
MAP_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working
DIGIMATHC_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatHC\exec
DIGIMATHC_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working
```

ASTER_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatHC\Code_Aster81 DIGIMATRP_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatRP\exec DIGIMATVA_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatVA\exec DIGIMATAM_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatAM\exec DIGIMATVA_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working DIGIMAT2CAE_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatCAE\exec DIGIMAT2CAE_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working DIGIMAT2CAE_WBWizard_Format=cdb MARC_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\marc2018.1 MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@10.100.103.211 ABAQUS_Directory=C:\SIMULIA\Commands ANSYS_Directory=C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v193 MENTAT_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Marc\2018.1.0\mentat2018.1 MSCNASTRAN_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\MSC_Nastran\20190 PATRAN_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Patran_x64\20170 ALTAIR_Directory=C:\Program Files\Altair\2018 PERMAS_Directory=C:\Program Files\INTES\V16 DIGIMATMX_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatMX\exec DIGIMATMX_Bin_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatMX\bin DIGIMATMX_Working_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working DIGIMATMX_DataBase_Name=mxdb DIGIMATMX_Database_Cluster=localhost DIGIMATMX_User=manager DIGIMATMX_Local_Installation=false DIGIMATMX_Request_Data_Format=Long LocalDatabase_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_LocalDatabases\2019.1\postgresql LocalDatabase_SQLite_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_LocalDatabases\2019.1\sqlite DAKOTA_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\external32\dakota DIGIMATMX_Crypt_ForAll=3082037D020100300D06092A864886F70D010101050004820367308203630201000281BC0B43EBEEDB6... GnuPG_Directory = C:\Program Files (x86)\gnupg\bin LSTC_PGPKEY = C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\working\lstc_pgpkey.asc Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc Examples_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\examples DIGIMATMF_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc DIGIMATFE_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc MAP_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc DIGIMATHC_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc DIGIMAT2CAE_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc DIGIMATMX_Manual_Directory=C:\MSC.Software\Digimat_Documentation\2019.1\doc

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Remarks

- The listing order of the keywords does not matter.
- Trailing or leading white spaces, tabulations, or quotations marks (') are removed from the values.
- The initial keyword [Default] must be defined.
- A path including directories with long names can be written in short notation, e.g., C:\Progra~1\Digimat.

I.4.3 Digimat environment variables

Under Windows platform, DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variables is defined when running a product from the Digimat platform or when running product directly from Start Menu. Since Digimat 2018.1, DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 is not defined automatically during the installation of Digimat. Value can be changed through the Digimat environment variables manager accessible from the Digimat platform top menu bar only in administrator mode.

| Current variables (can be chan | nged only in Administrator mode) |
|--------------------------------|---|
| | Value |
| РАТН | C:\MSC~1.SOF\Digimat\SHORTC~1\\\2018.1\Di |
| DIGIMAT_BIN_20181 | C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2018.1\Digimat\exec |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Figure I.4.2: Definition of Digimat environment variables

DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable is used to find the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file if it is not located in the working directory. When running Digimat products, this environment variable points towards the directory containing the DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file defined during Digimat installation. User can also defined a global environment variable DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 pointing to another location. In this case, when running a Digimat product, this global environment value will override the one that is defined in the Digimat product launching scripts.

Remark: When using Digimat-CAE plugins (Abaqus, ANSYS and Mentat), it is mandatory to define the global DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable as pointing to a valid directory containing DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file, e.g.,

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\exec

Under Linux platform, the DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable must always be set manually to point on a valid DIGIMAT_Settings.inifile.

During Digimat installation, path to the shortcuts folder, containing the file that launches the Digimat platform is added to the system environment variable PATH.

I.4.4 Additional settings for network installations of Digimat

When using a network-based installation of Digimat, i.e., Digimat being installed on a "server" machine which is being accessed from several "client" machines, the environment variable DIGIMAT_FONT_CACHE should be defined on each client machine, with a value corresponding to a directory **local** to the client machine with write access. This directory will contain the files related to the font cache specific to the client machine, which will be automatically created the first time they are needed. This creation operation may take up to several minutes but will happen only once, provided that the font cache directory is not modified or deleted.

Remark: Defining the DIGIMAT_FONT_CACHE environment variable is only needed for client machines, not for the server machine.



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I.5.1 Digimat-CAE/Abaqus

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and Abaqus. For more information concerning supported Abaqus releases and platforms, please refer to the apppendix II.3.1.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/Abaqus is provided as a set of dynamic libraries. These libraries contain Digimat capabilities, allowing the use of Digimat materials in Abaqus analyses. This link can be performed on both Linux and Windows operating systems.

Dynamic libraries are version dependent. For example, this means that libraries provided for Abaqus 2019 cannot be used with previous Abaqus versions.

Dynamic libraries are located in the directory

DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2aba

of the Digimat installation. DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

- Under Windows C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1
- Under Linux /opt/software/Digimat/2019.1.

This directory contains subfolders, each subfolder corresponding to a given supported Abaqus versions. Each of these folders contains three dynamic libraries:

- One single precision library for Abaqus/Explicit: explicitU.dll (Windows) or libexplicitU.so (Linux)
- One double precision library for Abaqus/Explicit: explicitU-D.dll (Windows) or libexplicitU-D.so (Linux)
- One double precision library for Abaqus/Standard: standardU.dll (Windows) or libstandardU.so (Linux)

digi2aba directory also contains dynamic libraries for Digimat kernel (those libraries are common for all Abaqus versions):

- One single precision library for Abaqus/Explicit:
 - digi2abaExp.dll (Windows)
 - libdigi2abaExp.so (Linux)
- One double precision library for Abaqus/Explicit:
 - digi2abaExpDouble.dll (Windows)
 - libdigi2abaExpDouble.so (Linux)
- One double precision library for Abaqus/Standard:
 - digi2abaStd.dll (Windows)
 - libdigi2abaStd.so (Linux)

Finally, third-party components

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll

- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

are located in digi2aba directory under Windows and in Digimat/lib directory under Linux. If the location of the dynamic libraries is changed, usub_lib_dir variable defined in abaqus_v6.env file must be changed accordingly (see below for abaqus_v6.env configuration).

Abaqus environment file abaqus_v6.env

An environment file abaqus_v6.env is provided with the Digimat installation for each supported Abaqus version. This file depends on the parallelization that will be used:

- Shared Memory Parallelization SMP: mp_mode=THREADS
- Distributed Memory Parallelization DMP: mp_mode=MPI

This environment file depends on targetted Abaqus version. For example, if Abaqus 2019 is targetted, it is needed to use abaqus_v6.env files located in directory:

DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2aba/2019/DMP DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2aba/2019/SMP

where DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1.

Abaqus environment file abaqus_v6.env for Windows platforms

If DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1, and if Abaqus targetted version is 2019, abaqus_v6.env environment file provided in Digimat installation contains following information:

- Path to Digimat-CAE/Abaqus libraries and its dependencies: usub_lib_dir=r"DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Aba\2019" usub_lib_dir+="DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Aba"
- Path to plugin directory: plugin_central_dir=r"DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Aba\abaqus_plugins"
- Abaqus version: os.environ["ABAQUS_VERSION"] = "2019"
- Parallelization method information:
 - For SMP computations: mp_mode=THREADS
 - For DMP computations:

```
cpus = globals().get("cpus", locals().get("cpus", 1))
standard_parallel=ALL
os.environ["ABA_MPI_SKIP_BUNCH_NODES"] = "1"
mp_host_list = [[socket.gethostname(), 1]]*cpus
mp_mode=MPI
```

Environment variable ABA_MPI_SKIP_BUNCH_NODES is needed to force pure DMP computations.

More information about the Abaqus environment file are provided in Abaqus documentation (Environment file settings section).

Abaqus environment file abaqus_v6.env for Linux platforms

If DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., /opt/msc/Digimat/2019.1 and if Abaqus targetted version is 2019, abaqus_v6.env environment file provided in Digimat installation contains following information:

- Path to Digimat-CAE/Abaqus libraries and its dependencies: usub_lib_dir='DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2aba' usub_lib_dir+='DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2aba/2019' usub_lib_dir+='DIGIMAT_DIR/Digimat/lib'
- Abaqus version: os.environ['ABAQUS_VERSION'] = '2019'

• Environment variables to passed to Abagus computations:

```
os.environ['DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 ']='DIGIMAT_DIR/Digimat/exec'
os.environ['MSC_LICENSE_FILE']='27500@hostname'
os.environ['FLEXLM_TIMEOUT']='5000000'
mp_environment_export =
tuple(list(mp_environment_export)+['DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 ']+['MSC_LICENSE_FILE']
+['FLEXLM_TIMEOUT'])
```

Definition of FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

- Parallelization method information:
 - For SMP computations:

```
standard_parallel=ALL
mp_mode=THREADS
cpus=globals().get('cpus',locals().get('cpus',1))
mp_host_list=[]
```

- For DMP computations:

```
os.environ['ABA_MPI_SKIP_BUNCH_NODES'] = '1'
standard_parallel=ALL
mp_mode=MPI
cpus=globals().get('cpus',locals().get('cpus',1))
mp_host_list=[]
```

Environment variable ABA_MPI_SKIP_BUNCH_NODES is needed to force pure DMP computations. Environment variable mp_host_list=[] must be completed with list of hosts where Digimat-CAE/Abaqus computation will run, e.g., to run on 2 nodes named node1 and node2 and 4 CPUs on each node:

```
mp_host_list = [['node1', 4], ['node2', 4]]
```

- For mixed SMP/DMP computations:

```
standard_parallel=ALL
mp_mode=MPI
cpus=globals().get('cpus',locals().get('cpus',1))
mp_host_list=[]
```

Environment variable mp_host_list=[] must be completed with list of hosts where Digimat-CAE/Abaqus computation will run, e.g., to run on 2 nodes named node1 and node2 and 4 CPUs on each node:

```
mp_host_list = [['node1', 4], ['node2', 4]]
```

More information about the Abaqus environment file are provided in Abaqus documentation (Environment file settings section).

Running coupled Digimat-CAE/Abaqus analysis

Windows platforms

To run Digimat to Abaqus coupled analysis using command line, it is needed to copy the abaqus_v6.env of targetted Abaqus version and parallelization method (SMP or DMP) from Digimat installation directory to working directory. Once it is done, following script example can be used:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost
C:\Simulia\Commands\abaqus.bat job=test.inp cpus=N
```

First line is needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. Definition of MSC_LICENSE_FILE is needed if it is not defined as a global environment variable. N is the number of threads (SMP) or domains (DMP).

When running Digimat-CAE/Abaqus coupled simulations using Digimat-RP, it is not needed to take care on copying abaqus_v6.env file. User has just to select Abaqus location in Digimat-RP settings (see Figure I.5.1) and to select SMP or DMP computation in Digimat-RP GUI when running simulation (see Figure I.5.2).

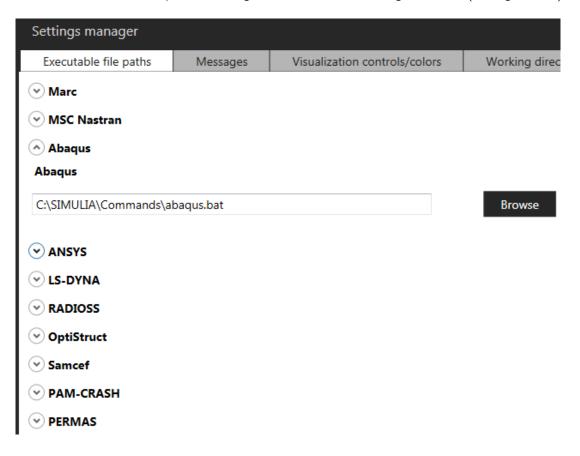


Figure I.5.1: Setting Abaqus location in Digimat-RP.

Linux platforms

To run Digimat to Abaqus coupled analysis, it is needed to copy the abaqus_v6.env of targetted Abaqus version and parallelization method (SMP or DMP) from Digimat installation directory to working directory.

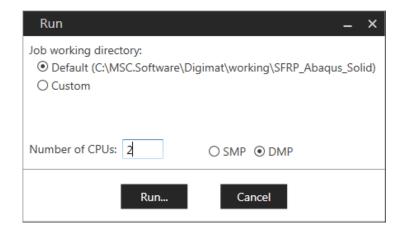


Figure I.5.2: Choice of parallelization method in Digimat-RP.

abaqus_v6.env file can also be generated "on the fly" by launching script, based on what is provided in Digimat installation.

As soon as abaqus_v6.env file exists in working directory, coupled Digimat-CAE/Abaqus simulation can run using command:

/opt/DassaultSystemes/SIMULIA/Commands/abaqus job=test.inp cpus=N

where \mathbb{N} is the targetted number of threads (SMP) or domains (DMP).

Digimat-to-Abaqus plugin installation

The path to the Abaqus installation must be specified during the installation of Digimat. The Digimat plugins are automatically installed for this version of Abaqus, e.g., if Abaqus targetted version is 2019, the required script files are copied to the folder:

C:\SIMULIA\CAE\2019\abaqus_plugins

To use the plugins in another version of Abaqus, you can either:

- Copy the abaqus_plugins folder to the appropriate Abaqus installation folder
- Add (or edit) the following line in the default abaqus_v6.env file:

plugin_central_dir = r"DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Aba\abaqus_plugins\"

where DIGIMAT_DIR is the Digimat installation directory, e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1.

Remark:

- If you did both operations (e.g. copy the abaqus_plugins folder and edit the abaqus_v6.env file), Abaqus will warn you at startup that duplicate scripts files are found, and will use the ones from the abaqus_plugins folder. So if you want to use a different version of the plugin with Abaqus, you shall modify those abaqus_plugins files.
- The Abaqus default working directory (typically C:/Temp may contain residual files from previous installations; e.g., an abaqus_plugins folder, a DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file, and a abaqus_v6.env file. These files must be removed manually for the plugin to behave correctly.
- To be able to use plugin, it is mandatory to define global DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable pointing to the Digimat directory containing DIGIMAT_Settings.inifile, e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\exec

- The plugin version and the Digimat version are independent, e.g., you can use a version of the plugin with a different Digimat version:

 - The plugin version is given directly in the plugin script files;
 The Digimat version used by the plugin (e.g. to generate the interface file, call Digimat-MX, etc.) is determined through the DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable;
 - The Digimat version used to run Digimat/Abaqus coupled analyses is given in the abaqus_v6.env file by the usub_lib_dir line.

I.5.2 Digimat-CAE/ANSYS

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and ANSYS.

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS is provided as a set of dynamic libraries. These libraries contain Digimat capabilities, allowing to use Digimat materials in ANSYS analyses.

For more information concerning supported ANSYS releases and platforms, please refer to the apppendix II.3.1.

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS for Windows

Dynamic libraries are version dependent. For example, it means that libraries provided for ANSYS 2019R1 cannot be used with previous ANSYS versions. Dynamic libraries are located in the directory

DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2ansys

of Digimat installation. DIGIMAT_DIR is main Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1

This directory contains subfolders, each subfolder corresponding to a given supported ANSYS versions. Each of these folders contains subfolders corresponding to the different supported parallelization versions:

- SMP folder for Shared Memory Parallelization.
- DMP_INTELMPI folder for Distributed Memory parallelization using Intel-MPI.
- DMP PCMPI folder for Distributed Memory parallelization using Platform-MPI.
- DMP_MSMPI folder for Distributed Memory parallelization using Microsoft-MPI.

Each of these folders contains three dynamic libraries needed by ANSYS:

- UserMatLib.dll
- USolBegLib.dll
- USolFinLib.dll

digi2ansys directory also contains dynamic library digi2ansys.dll containing Digimat kernel. This library is common for all ANSYS versions. Finally, third-party components

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

are located in digi2ansys directory.

In order to use Digimat-CAE/ANSYS in command line or via Digimat ACT plugin (see section 1.5.2), following manual operations are needed:

• The PATH environment variable must be updated by preprending it the path to Digimat to ANSYS directory, e.g.,

```
C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys
```

The procedure to edit the PATH environment variable is detailed below.

Remark:

- It is recommended to prepend the digi2Ansys directory to the PATH, not to append it.
- The PATH should contain only once the digi2Ansys directory.
- The environment variable ANS_USER_PATH must be defined and must point to the directory containing the required dynamic libraries. ANS_USER_PATH value depends on the parallelization method that will be used for the Ansys solver:
 - SMP: Point the environment variable to the sub-folder called SMP
 - DMP Intel-MPI: Point the environment variable to the sub-folder called DMP_INTELMPI
 - DMP Platform-MPI: Point the environment variable to the sub-folder called DMP_PCMPI
 - DMP MS-MPI: Point the environment variable to the sub-folder called DMP_MSMPI

Remark:

- When using ANSYS Workbench, the default MPI library is Intel-MPI.
- If the ANS_USER_PATH variable is incorrectly defined, the ANSYS computation may still run, but yield incorrect results (null stress everywhere and deformation localized around boundary conditions).
- MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable must be defined and must point to the license server address (including port number).
- FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

The environment variables can be accessed by Control panel in "System and Security" section. The "Advanced settings" will contain a choice to set "Environment variables...". Please refer to Figures 1.5.3 to 1.5.5 for an example related to Windows 10 operating system.

Alternatively, when using command line, the Windows command prompt can be used to set the environment variables. This is done by executing a command line (C:\Windows\system32\cmd.exe), e.g., for computations using Intel-MPI parallelization:

set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000

- set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost
- set PATH=DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys;%PATH%
- set ANS_USER_PATH=DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys\DMP_INTELMPI

where DIGIMAT_DIR is the Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

```
C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1
```

Definition of FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. Definition of MSC_LICENSE_FILE is needed if it is not defined as a global environment variable.

If digi2ansys.dll library and third-party libraries

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll

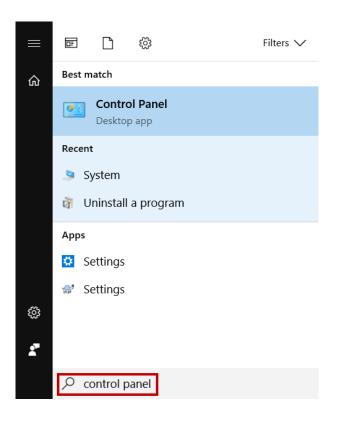


Figure I.5.3: Setting the ANS_USER_PATH environment variable under Windows 10 operating system - step 1.

- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

are moved to another directory, PATH variable has to be updated by adding the location of this new directory.

Distributed computation with MS-MPI can be executed only if the Microsoft MPI is installed. This can be downloaded at the Microsoft homepage.

If a bad version of MS-MPI is used, the computation will stop immediately.

Multiple installation of Digimat software In case the user wants to have several versions of Digimat installed in parallel, the PATH (system or user) variable has to be adjusted manually and must point at first to the location of the desired version of Digimat installation for the ANSYS interface, e.g.,

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys.

Note: When uninstalling Digimat, this information given in the PATH variable is not deleted.

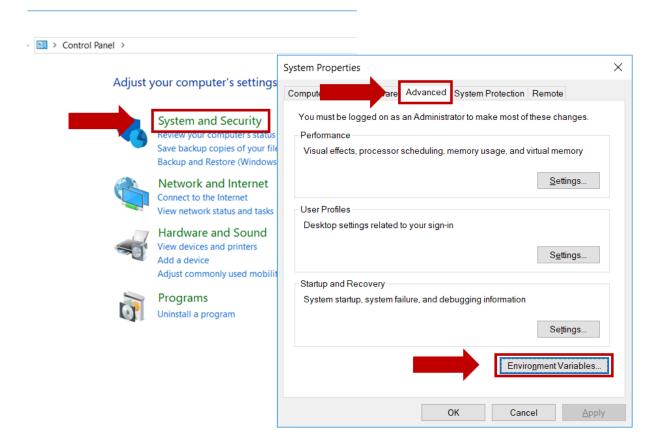


Figure I.5.4: Setting the ANS_USER_PATH environment variable under Windows 10 operating system - steps 2 and 3.

| Verieble | Value | |
|------------------------------|---|-------------|
| Variable | Value | |
| ComSpec | C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe | |
| DriverData | C:\Windows\System32\Drivers\DriverData | |
| MSC_LICENSE_FILE | C:\Users\pjeunech\Documents\licenseNewPortable.dat;1700 | |
| NUMBER_OF_PROCESSORS | 8 Windows_NT | |
| Path | C:\Program Files (x86)\Intel\Intel(R) Management Engine Co | |
| PATHEXT | .COM;:EXE;.BAT;.CMD;.VBS;.VBE;.JS;.JSE;.WSF;.WSH;.MSC | ~ |
| ew System Variable | | |
| | | |
| ariable <u>n</u> ame: ANS_US | ER_PATH | |
| | | |
| ariable value: C:\MSC. | Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys\2019R1\D | MP_INTELMPI |

 $\label{eq:Figure 1.5.5: Setting the ANS_USER_PATH environment variable under Windows 10 operating system - steps 4 and 5.$

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Workbench ACT plugin for Windows

Digimat offers an ANSYS Workbench Customization Toolkit (ACT) extension for ANSYS Workbench. This extension simplifies the integration of Digimat materials in an structural analysis, the post-processing of some Digimat history variables, and provides a better integration with Digimat-MAP. It does not require any specific licensing feature.

To install the **DigimatACTplugin extension**, follow this procedure:

- 1. Open ANSYS Workbench.
- 2. Browse the "Extensions" menu and select "Install Extension..." (Figure 1.5.6).
- 3. Browse to the "DigimatACTplugin.wbex" file, provided in the Digimat directory, in the sub-folder: DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys\workbenchACTplugin.

This will install the extension by copying the corresponding files in ANSYS installation directory: %appdata%\Ansys\vXXX\ACT\extensions

| \Lambda Unsaved Project - Workbe | ench | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| File View Tools Units | Extensions Help |) | | | |
| 🎦 New 💕 Open 层 Save | Manage Exter | nsions | | | |
| Toolbox | Install Extensi | ion | | | |
| Analysis Systems | Siew Log File | | | | |
| 🔥 Open | | - | | | x |
| | « workbenchACTplu | igin ▶ v14.5 | • | Search v14.5 | ٩ |
| Organize 🔻 | New folder | | | | = - 🔟 🔞 |
| | 1AT601 | * | Name | ^ | Date modif |
| | imat | | DigimatACTp | lugin.wbex | 18/11/14 04 |
| | imat2CAE 0.1 | | | | |
| | exec | | | | |
| | digi2Aba | | | | |
| | digi2Ansys | = | | | |
| | DMP_MSMPI | | | | |
| | DMP_PCMPI | | | | |
| | SMP | | | | |
| | 퉬 workbenchACTplu | igin | | | |
| | 퉬 v14.5 | | | | |
| | Ji v15.0 | - | III | | 4 |
| | File <u>n</u> ame: Dig | jimatACTplugi | in.wbex | | |
| | | | | <u>O</u> pen v | Cancel |

Figure I.5.6: Installing the DigimatACTplugin extension for ANSYS Workbench.

For each new ANSYS Workbench session where the Digimat ACT plugin is needed, it must be loaded by browsing the "*Extensions*" menu, selecting "Manage Extensions...", and ticking the box in front of Digimat-ACTplugin (Figure 1.5.7).

| 🔥 Unsaved Project - Workbench | Cardon Statement | Í | A Ex | tensi | ons Manager 📃 | | |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------|-------|------------------|---------|---|
| | nsions <u>H</u> elp Manage Extensions | | | oad | Extensions | Version | * |
| | Install Extension | | | / | DigimatACTplugin | 200 | |
| 🖻 Analysis Systems 🎽 V | View Log File | | | | | Close | e |

Figure I.5.7: Loading the DigimatACTplugin extension for ANSYS Workbench.

146 Installation

Remark:

- The Digimat ACT plugin is specific to given ANSYS Workbench and Digimat versions; it needs being reinstalled when upgrading ANSYS or Digimat.
- In complement of definition of ANS_USER_PATH environment variable, it is mandatory to define 3 other global environment variables:
 - DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable pointing to the Digimat directory containing initial DIGIMAT_Settings.inifile, e.g.,
 - C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\exec
 - MSC_LICENSE_FILE pointing to Digimat license server/file
 - If using geographically distant license server it can be needed to define FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS for Linux

Under Linux, the Digimat-CAE/ANSYS interface is distributed using the shared library libansuser.so. This library is located in Digimat installation directory and depends on targetted parallelization method:

DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2ansys/INTELMPI DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2ansys/PCMPI DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2ansys/SMP

where DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., /opt/msc/Digimat/2019.1.

In order to use Digimat-CAE/ANSYS, environment variables MSC_LICENSE_FILE, DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 and ANS_USER_PATH must be defined. MSC_LICENSE_FILE must point to the adress of Digimat license server. ANS_USER_PATH must point to the directory containing the libansuser.so. DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable must point to a valid DIGIMAT_Settings.ini file. library. FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable is needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

This can be done for example by executing a script containing the following line, e.g., for INTELMPI computation:

Configuration of Remote Solve Manager

In order to run Digimat/ANSYS coupled analyses through the Remote Solve Manager, it is necessary to modify the following configuration file (assuming a default installation of ANSYS):

C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\vXXX\RSM\Config\xml\Mechanical_ANSYSJob.xml.

This file must be replaced (or edited) following the eponymous file provided in the Digimat sub-folder: DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Ansys\RemoteSolveManager\2019R1.

Remark: This operation may require administrator rights.

Remark: The RSM configuration file must be edited on the local machine, but also on the master node of the remote machine. This is especially important when the remote machine is a multi-node cluster.

I.5.3 Digimat-CAE/Marc

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and Marc.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/Marc is the module containing the Digimat capabilities and the required libraries in order to be used with the Marc implicit solver. For more information on supported versions and platforms, please refer to the appendix II.3.1.

Windows platforms

The Digimat-CAE/Marc functionalities are embedded inside a new Marc executable digi2marc.exe shipped with Digimat installation. The digi2marc.exe executable is located in:

[DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] \DigimatCAE \exec \digi2marc

where [DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] is Digimat installation directory, e.g. C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1. User has then to choose Marc version and MPI versions in the directory tree. For example, if Marc 2018.1 is selected using INTEL-MPI,

[DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] \DigimatCAE \exec \digi2marc \2018.1 \INTELMPI \digi2marc.exe

file must be selected.

Prerequisites to use Digimat-CAE/Marc interface

Microsoft MPI is requested if user intents to perform parallel computation using MS-Message Passing Interface (MS-MPI). It can be downloaded at the following address: Microsoft homepage.

If digi2marc.exe file is moved to another directory, it is required to also move in this directory the following files:

- digi2marc.dll
- vaPlyCalibrator.dll
- MeshDataStructure.dll

and the third-party component libraries:

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

Launching Digimat-CAE/Marc computations on Windows platforms

For a single processor application, in a DOS command prompt, execute the commands:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
[MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\tools\run_marc.bat -j model.dat
        -prog [DIGI2MARC_DIR]\digi2marc
```

where [MARC_INSTALL_DIR] is the Marc installation directory and [DIGI2MARC_DIR] the directory where digi2marc.exe is located. First line is needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

SMP computations can be executed by using the command in a command prompt:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
[MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\tools\run_marc.bat
    -j model.dat
    -prog {[DIGI2MARC_DIR]\digi2marc}
    -nts [N]
```

where [N] is the number of threads. First line is needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

DDM computations using INTELM-MPI can be executed by using the command in a command prompt:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
[MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\tools\run_marc.bat
    -j model.dat
    -prog {[DIGI2MARC_DIR]\digi2marc}
    -nps [N]
```

where [N] is the number of CPUs. First line is needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

DDM run using MS-MPI can be executed by using the command in a command prompt:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
[MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\tools\run_marc.bat
    -j model.dat
    -prog {[DIGI2MARC_DIR]\digi2marc}
    -nps [N] -mpi ms-mpi
```

where [N] is the number of CPUs. First line is needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

Launching Digimat-CAE/Marc computations using Marc Mentat

To use Marc Mentat to launch computations, it is needed to supersede the original executable marc.exe file:

- Create a backup of the original file [MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\bin\win64i8\marc.exe (e.g., marc_orig.exe);
- Copy the file digi2marc.exe in the directory [MARC_INSTALL_DIR]\bin\win64i8 and rename it marc.exe;
- 3. Copy in the same directory the files
 - digi2marc.dll
 - vaPlyCalibrator.dll
 - MeshDataStructure.dll

and the third-party component libraries

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

Linux platforms

The Digimat-CAE/Marc functionalities are embedded inside a new Marc executable digi2marc.exec shipped with Digimat installation. The digi2marc.exec executable is located in:

[DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR]\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2marc\2018.1

where [DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] is the installation directory of Digimat 2019.1, e.g.,

/opt/msc/Digimat/2019.1

Launching Digimat-CAE/Marc computations on Linux platforms

To launch computations under Linux platforms, write a script containing the following lines:

export MSC_LICENSE_FILE=[PORT]@[PATH_TO_LICENSE_FILE]
export FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
[MARC_INSTALL_DIR]/tools/run_marc -j nameProblem.dat -prog
[DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR]/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2marc/2018.1/digi2marc
-nps [N] -mpi intelmpi

where [PATH_TO_LICENSE_FILE] is the adress of the machine where the license server is installed, [PORT] the port used by the Marc license server, [DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] the Digimat installation directory and [N] the number of CPUs. The nps argument is not mandatory for 1 CPU. This argument can be replaced by nts, nte or nsolver according to the considered parallelization. -mpi intelmpi ensures that the used MPI is Intel-MPI and not HP-MPI (not supported). If using geographically distant license server it can be needed to define FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

Installation of the Digimat plugin for Marc Mentat

Remark:

- Marc Mentat plug-in is not provided with the current installer. To install the plug-in, please refer to the dedicated installer on MSC Software Download Center.
- To be able to run Marc Mentat plug-in, it is mandatory to run Marc Mentat with -digimat extra argument.

The plugin files are stored in

[DIGIMAT_INSTALL_DIR] \DigimatCAE \exec \digi2marc \mentat_plugin

During the Digimat installation procedure, those files are also copied in a Digimat folder in the Marc Mentat installation directory:

[MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR]/digimat

If the Marc Mentat installation directory does not contain a Digimat folder, copy it from the Digimat installation (cf. mentat_plugin directory here above). This might happen if Marc Mentat was installed after Digimat or if several versions of Marc Mentat are installed in which case the Digimat folder was created only in the installation directory of the latest version.

To be able to use the plugin from within Marc Mentat, perform the following steps.

- 1. Insert the content of the file
 - [MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR]\digimat\mentatPlugin.xml

at the end of the file [MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR] \menus\menubar.xml (just before the last line, containing </menubar>). Create first a backup of the original file menubar.xml (e.g., menubar_orig.xml) and possibly disable the "Read only" status in the file properties.

- 2. Compile the Digimat plugin menu file digimat.ms by running the following MS-DOS commands: cd [MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR]\digimat [MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR]\bin\mentat -compile main.msb
- 3. Copy the new file main.msb in [MENTAT_INSTALL_DIR] \menus \win64 after having created a backup of the original file main.msb (e.g., main_orig.msb).

To launch computations set up using the plugin from within Marc Mentat, supersede the original executable marc.exe (cf. section about launching Digimat-CAE/Marc computations via Marc Mentat here above).

Remark: It is mandatory to define global DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 environment variable pointing to the Digimat directory containing initial DIGIMAT_Settings.inifile, e.g.,

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\Digimat\exec

If using geographically distant license server it can be needed to define FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable to avoid failing of license checkout is answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

I.5.4 Digimat-CAE/MSC Nastran SOL400

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and MSC Nastran SOL400.

Installation procedure

Digimat and MSC Nastran SOL400 can be coupled together by the use of dynamic libraries. These libraries contain Digimat capabilities, allowing to use Digimat materials in MSC Nastran SOL400 analyses. This link is performed on both Linux and Windows operating systems. Dynamic libraries are distributed by MSC in Nastran installation.

Remark: Since Digimat libraries are shipped with the Nastran installer after the Digimat release, please refer to the Nastran SOL400 documentation to know which Digimat version is supported.

Remark: FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

Executing a job under Windows 64-bit using command line

MSC_INSTALL_DIR\MSC_Nastran\20XXX\bin\nast20XXX.exe nameOfInputDeck.bdf

where MSC_INSTALL_DIR is the installation directory of MSC Software.

Executing a job under Windows 64-bit using MSC Nastran configuration GUI

Launch MSC Nastran. Then select the input deck to be used and click on Run. Note that, as Digimat commands are not recognized by Patran, it is not possible to launch a coupled Digimat MSC Nastran SOL400 computation from Patran.

Executing a parallel job under Windows 64-bit

For Digimat 2019.1, parallel processing using DMP is not stable and currently not recommended. It is recommended to use SMP parallelization.

Executing a parallel job under Linux 64-bit

For Digimat 2019.1, parallel processing using DMP is not stable and currently not recommended. It is recommended to use SMP parallelization.

I.5.5 Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and SAMCEF/Mecano and SAMCEF/Dynam.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF is the module containing the Digimat capabilities and the required interfaces in order to be linked with the SAMCEF/Mecano implicit solver and SAMCEF/Dynam modal solver. Linking is performed in a static way. For more information on supported versions and platforms, please refer to the appendix II.3.1.

The Digimat material library is embedded inside the SAMCEF/Mecano and SAMCEF/Dynam executables by linking both the libraries together.

Prerequisites for the link between Digimat and SAMCEF

Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF material library

The Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF material library (digi2samcef.obj) is provided with the Digimat installation, typically in:

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\XXXX.X\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2samcef\v17.2_i8

Remark:

- The Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF material library is only provided for these "i8" versions.
- The Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF material library is only provided for MPICH (linux) and MS-MPI (Windows)
 parallel computation. Parallel DMP computation with Intel-MPI is not supported.

SAMCEF libraries

Official SAMCEF installation CD is shipped with the SAMCEF libraries that are necessary to use Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF. As Digimat interacts with SAMCEF as a user material, the user has to install these user material libraries.

Linker

To link Digimat and SAMCEF/Mecano and SAMCEF/Dynam libraries together, a linker is needed. Before linking Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF, therefore the following software must be installed:

- For Windows 64-bit platform:
 - Microsoft Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop
 - * See Section III.1.2 on how to install this software
- For Linux platform:
 - Need g++ the GNU c++ compiler, shipped with all Linux distributions.

Linking between Digimat and SAMCEF under Windows Platform

A link must be performed between SAMCEF and the Digimat material library. This link between Digimat and SAMCEF libraries provides new SAMCEF/Mecano and SAMCEF/Dynam executables called my_mecano.exe and my_dynam.exe.

To link the SAMCEF/Mecano and SAMCEF/Dynam executables with the Digimat libraries, the following procedure is to be applied.

- 1. Go to the directory of Samcef version to be used. This directory depends on the Samcef version that user wants to couple with Digimat. For example, if using Samcef 17.2 (i8), the directory C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\XXXX.X\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2samcef\v17.2_i8 must be selected.
- 2. Edit the SAMCEF_DIR of the file makefile to point to the right Samcef installation directory.
- 3. Double-click on the nmake x64.bat file located next to the makefile.
- 4. Add the following lines in the samrc.ini file found in the Exec directory of the SAMCEF installation (adapt the Digimat install path, version, and SAMCEF version):

```
module*mm.me: my_mecano
   C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\XXXX.X\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Samcef\v17.2_i8\my_Mecano.exe
module*md.dy: my_dynam
   C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\XXXX.X\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Samcef\v17.2_i8\my_Dynam.exe
```

If the location of the executables my_mecano.exe and/or my_dynam.exe are changed, the digi2samcef.dll library and the third-party libraries

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

must also move to this new location

Linking between Digimat and SAMCEF under Linux Platform

A link must be performed between SAMCEF and the Digimat material library. This link between Digimat and SAMCEF libraries provides two new SAMCEF executables called my mecano and my dynam.

- 1. Edit the makefile located in the /opt/msc/Digimat/XXXX.X/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2samcef/vXX.X-X_i8 directory to point to the Samcef installation (e.g., /opt/samcef/v17.2/i8/).
- 2. Compile by typing make my_mecano and make my_dynam.
- 3. Add the following lines in the samrc.ini file found in the Exec directory of the SAMCEF installation (adapt the Digimat install path, version, and SAMCEF version):

```
module*mm.me: my_mecano
   /opt/msc/Digimat/XXXX.X/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2samcef/v17.2_i8/my_mecano
module*md.dy: my_dynam
   /opt/msc/Digimat/XXXX.X/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2samcef/v17.2_i8/my_dynam
```

MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable must be defined in running script to point on MSC license server (including port) FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. This environment variable can be added to the running script like:

export FLEXLM_TIMEOUT =5000000

Launching Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF computations

To launch a SAMCEF/Mecano analysis, one must replace the usual me by mm in the command line, for instance:

```
set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost
set PATH=C:\Program Files\Samtech\Samcef\V17.2_x64_i8\Exec;%PATH%
samcef ba,mm,bp [analysisName] n 2 banque=analyis.dat [zone=125000000]
```

where:

- FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.
- MSC_LICENSE_FILE is the address of msc license server (including port)
- analysisName (optional) is the problem name,
- n 2 triggers batch mode,
- analyis.dat is the name of the bank file,
- the zone argument (optional) specifies the size of the memory block allocated for computation.

To launch a SAMCEF/Dynam analysis, one must replace the usual dy by md in the command line, for instance:

set PATH=C:\Program Files\Samtech\Samcef\V17.2_x64_i8\Exec;%PATH%
samcef ba,md,bp [analysisName] n 2 banque=analysi.dat [zone=125000000]

It is also required to prepend the SAMCEF execution directory to the PATH Windows environment variable, as shown on the first line of above commands (assuming a default SAMCEF installation directory). This is mandatory since the Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF executable requires some DLLs provided by SAMCEF. Alternatively, one can also directly modify the PATH system environment variable. On Windows, the environment variables can be accessed by right-clicking "computer" and moving to the "Properties" option. The "Advanced settings" will contain a choice to set "Environment variables...". Please refer to Figures 1.5.8 to 1.5.10 for an example related to Windows 7 operating system.

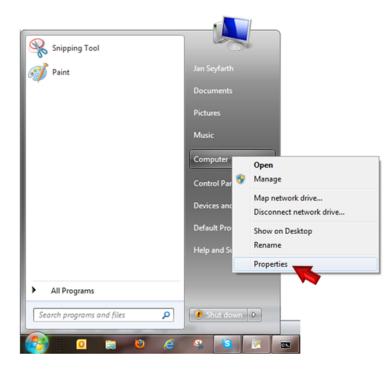


Figure I.5.8: Edit the PATH environment variable under Windows 7 operating system - step 1.

| Control Panel > | System and Security > System | • 0 • × |
|--|--|---|
| Control Panel Home Device Manager Remote settings System protection | View basic information about your computer Windows edition Windows 7 Professional Copyright © 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights rese | System Properties |
| Advanced system settings | Service Pack 1 Get more features with a new edition of Windows 7 System | You must be logged on as an Administrator to make most of these changes. Performance Visual effects, processor scheduling, memory usage, and virtual memory |
| | Manufacturer: Dell Model: Latitude E6500 Rating: Byd Windows Experience | Settings |
| | Processor: Intel(R) Core(TM)2 Duo CPU Installed memory (RAM): 8,00 GB System type: 64-bit Operating System Pen and Touch: No Pen or Touch Input is a: | User Profiles Desktop settings related to your logon |
| See also Action Center | Dell support Website: Online support | S <u>e</u> ttings |
| Windows Update Performance Information and Tools | Computer name, domain, and workgroup settings Computer name: EXLPISH Full computer name: EXLPISH.e-xstream.local | Startup and Recovery System startup, system failure, and debugging information Settings |
| | | Environment Variables OK Cancel Apply |

Figure 1.5.9: Edit the PATH environment variable under Windows 7 operating system - steps 2 and 3.

| | 2 |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| Variable name: | Path |
| Variable value: | Ansys;C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\shortcuts |
| | OK Cancel |
| ystem variables | |
| ystem variables Variable | Value . |
| Variable P_SCHEMA | Value C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v171\AISO 27007@192.168.103.210 |
| Variable P_SCHEMA | C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v171\AISO |
| Variable P_SCHEMA PAM_LMD_LICE | C:\Program Files\ANSYS Inc\v171\AISO 27007@192.168.103.210 |

Figure I.5.10: Edit the PATH environment variable under Windows 7 operating system - step 4 and 5.

I.5.6 Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and LS-DYNA.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA is the module containing the Digimat capabilities and the required interfaces in order to be linked with the LS-DYNA FE explicit and implicit solvers. Depending on the platform that is used, linking is performed either in a dynamic or a static way. For more information on supported versions and platforms, please refer to the appendix II.3.1.

Linux platforms

Under Linux operating system Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA is provided as a dynamic library.

The dynamic Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA libraries and associated LS-DYNA executables are summarized in tables 1.5.1 and 1.5.2. Note that library name is independent of targetted MPI.

| LS-DYNA version | Precision | MPI | Executable name |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------|---|
| R9.3.0 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | <u> </u> | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib |
| R10.1 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib |
| R10.2 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-2018_sharelib |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-2018_sharelib |

Table I.5.1: LS-DYNA executables files to run with Digimat coupled analysis.

LS-DYNA executables to use with Digimat materials need to be requested from LSTC distributor. Those executables are contained in a tar.gz archive. This archive also contains pristine shared library. This pristine shared library must be replaced by shared libraries provided in Digimat installation. Executables depends on LS-DYNA version, targetted precision (single or double precision) and used MPI (Platform-MPI, Intel-MPI). Archive names and sizes are listed in table 1.5.3.

Configure Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA computations

The following operations have to be performed to be able to use the shared Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA library on Linux cluster:

 Update LD_LIBRARY_PATH to point to LS-DYNA/Digimat coupled libraries and to Digimat third-party libraries:

| LS-DYNA version | Precision | Library name |
|--------------------|------------------|--|
| R9.3.0 | Double Single | libmppdyna_d_125554.113060_usermat.so libmppdyna_s_125554.113060_usermat.so |
| R10.1 | Double Single | libmppdyna_d_125554.113060_usermat.so libmppdyna_s_125554.113060_usermat.so |
| R10.2 | Double Single | libmppdyna_d_113025.117897_usermat.so libmppdyna_s_113025.117897_usermat.so |

Table I.5.2: LS-DYNA library files to run with Digimat coupled analysis.

| LS-DYNA version | Precision | MPI | Archive name | Archive size |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------|--|-----------------|
| R9.3.0 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 71261 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib.tar.gz | 74963 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 54855 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib.tar.gz | 58552 Ko |
| R10.1 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 81763 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib.tar.gz | 84986 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 60607 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_r10_1_123355_x64_redhat54_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib.tar.gz | 64312 Ko |
| R10.2 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 80798 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-2018_sharelib.tar.gz | 84271 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib.tar.gz | 66400 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_intelmpi-2018_sharelib.tar.gz | 70280 Ko |

Table I.5.3: LS-DYNA archive files to run with Digimat coupled analysis.

\$ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=DIGIMAT_DIR/Digimat/lib/: DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2dyna/R10.2/Double/INTELMPI

where DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., /opt/msc/Digimat /2019.1.

- Ensure that LD_LIBRARY_PATH is correctly passed to each computation node. This can be done by adding on MPI command line option
 - For Platform-MPI:
 - -e LD_LIBRARY_PATH=\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
 - For Intel-MPI:
 - -genvall

Launching Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA under Linux

To launch a Linux job of Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA, the very same procedure as to launch a LS-DYNA standalone job can be followed. The only differences are:

- Use the correct version of LS-DYNA, i.e., the one that looks for a user material library (see table I.5.1 for LS-DYNA executable list)
- Make sure that this executable sees the right LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable as explained above
- If running across multiple nodes, it can be helpful to define a bash script containing all command. An example of such script is given below:

#!/bin/bash
export DIGIMAT_BIN_20191 =DIGIMAT_DIR/Digimat/exec

export MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost export FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000 export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=DIGIMAT_DIR/Digimat/lib: DIGIMAT_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2dyna/R10.2/Double/PCMPI:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_0_x64_centos65_ifort160_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib\$@ exit \$?

where DIGIMAT_DIR is the Digimat installation directory, e.g., /opt/digimat/2019.1. FLEXLM_TIME-OUT definition can be needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. Make this script executable:

chmod a+x launch_script.sh

and call this script rather than the LS-DYNA executable, with the very same arguments, i.e.,

mpirun -np 4 path_to_my_launch_script.sh i=input.k

Windows platform

Under Windows operating system a static linking procedure must be followed.

For each version provided, the process to link the Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA executable is the same:

 Linking procedure is advised to be achieved on a Windows 7 platform. Linking on a Windows 10 platform can fail. If Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA interface is intended to be used on a Windows 10 platform, user is strongly invited to copy the directory Digimat to LS-DYNA to a Windows 7 machine. Digimat to LS-DYNA directory is located in:

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2dyna

- On the machine where linking procedure is achieved, following operations are needed:
 - Make sure Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 is installed on the linking machine (See Section III.1.1 on how to install this software). Installation of Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 must be achieved only once. When upgrading Digimat version, it is not needed to reinstall Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1, but only to update Digimat to LS-DYNA libraries.
 - Get LS-DYNA library libdyna.lib and libansys.lib from your LS-DYNA distributor and copy them in the Digimat directory corresponding to the LS-DYNA version that is intended to be used, e.g.,

- Double-click on the nmake_x64.bat.
- An executable should be created named mppdyna.exe or mppdyna_d.exe depending on the version (single or double precision).
- Result of link procedure is redirected to out.txt file next to the nmake_x64.bat file.
- If the executable is not created, check the following:
 - * The path to the installation of Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 in the .bat script if Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 has not been installed in the default directory.
 - * Error messages are written in out.txt file. In case of issue, contact digimat.support@mscsoftware.com by including this out.txt file.
- Once linking procedure is achieved on the Windows 7 machine, Digimat to LS-DYNA directory can be moved to initial Windows 10 installation directory.
- The lstc_client.exe executable next to the Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA one is needed. It can be found in LS-DYNA installation.

Please notice that LS-DYNA libraries (libdyna.lib and libansys.lib) are NOT provided together with the Digimat software.

LS-DYNA distributor can be contacted to get access to the library files required for the linking procedure. Requested archive containing the LS-DYNA libraries to use with Digimat material are listed in table 1.5.4. Those libraries depends on LS-DYNA version, targetted precision (single or double precision) and used MPI (Platform-MPI, Intel-MPI or MS-MPI).

| LS-DYNA version | Precision | MPI | Archive name | Archive size |
|--------------------|-----------|--------------|--|-----------------|
| R9.3.0 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_pmpi_lib.zip | 100670 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_impi_lib.zip | 100734 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_msmpi_lib.zip | 100705 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_pmpi_lib.zip | 85000 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_impi_lib.zip | 85073 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_winx64_ifort131_msmpi_lib.zip | 85130 Ko |
| R10.1 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R101_winx64_ifort131_pmpi_lib.zip | 120393 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R101_winx64_ifort131_impi_lib.zip | 120375 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R101_winx64_ifort131_msmpi_lib.zip | 120436 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R101_winx64_ifort131_pmpi_lib.zip | 95860 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R101_winx64_ifort131_impi_lib.zip | 95846 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R101_winx64_ifort131_msmpi_lib.zip | 96149 Ko |
| R10.2 | Double | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_pmpi_lib.zip | 113129 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_impi_lib.zip | 113138 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_d_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_msmpi_lib.zip | 113139 Ko |
| | Single | Platform-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_pmpi_lib.zip | 93023 Ko |
| | | Intel-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_impi_lib.zip | 93035 Ko |
| | | MS-MPI | ls-dyna_mpp_s_R10_2_winx64_ifort160_msmpi_lib.zip | 93081 Ko |

Table I.5.4: LS-DYNA archive files to run with Digimat coupled analysis.

For detailed information on supported versions and platforms, please refer to the appendix II.3.1.

Prerequisites for the link between Digimat and LS-DYNA

To link Digimat and LS-DYNA libraries together on Windows platforms, a linker is needed. Before linking Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA, therefore the following software must be installed:

- For all Windows platforms:
 - Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1
 - * See Section III.1.1 on how to install this software
- For parallel computations on Windows 64 bits platforms
 - Microsoft MPI (needed for MS-MPI versions)
 - * An installer can be downloaded at Microsoft home page
 - Platform MPI (needed for PC-MPI versions)
 - * An installer can be downloaded at IBM home page. This software is not free.
 - Intel-MPI
 - * An installer can be downloaded at Intel home page

Launching Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA under Windows

To launch a Windows job of Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA using command line, the following bat script can be used, for example for LS-DYNA R10.2 in double precision using Platform-MPI on 4 processors:

set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000

set PATH="C:\Program Files (x86)\Platform Computing\Platform-MPI\bin";%PATH%

set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost

C:\Program Files (x86)\Platform Computing\Platform-MPI\bin\mpirun -np 4

DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\digi2dyna\R10.2\Double\PCMPI\mppdyna_d.exe i=input.k

where:

- First line can be needed when using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.
- Second line add PATH to MPI dynamic libraries.
- Third line defines MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable pointing to MSC license file (including port).
- Last line runs Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA job.
- DIGIMAT_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g., C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1.

Licensing for Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA computations

FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. This environment variable can be added to the running script like:

set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT =5000000

In order to run on 'n' cores an application using Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA interface, one license for the Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA interface is needed, as well as 'n-1' Digimat parallel tokens.

If the job also involves, for example, the Digimat-CAE/Moldflow interface, only one license of that additional interface will be required.

Generation of encryption key file for Macro solution

When using Digimat-RP with Macro solution, material properties are encrypted. Generation of key is done by doing following blank run of LS-DYNA in Digimat working directory:

C:\Program Files (x86)\Platform Computing\Platform-MPI\bin\mpirun -np 1 DIGIMAT_DIR\DigimatCAE\digi2dyna\R10.2\Double\PCMPI\mppdyna_d.exe pgpkey

Then check that the file lstc_pgpkey.asc is created. Note that the key file is independant of LS-DYNA version, so, it can be generated with any LS-DYNA executable.

I.5.7 Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and PAM-CRASH. Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH is the material library containing the Digimat linear and nonlinear multi-scale material modeling capabilities:

libdigimat_N.dll (under the Windows operating system)

libdigimat_N.so (under Linux operating system)

with $N \in [0, 3]$.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH is the module containing the Digimat capabilities and the required interfaces in order to be linked with the PAM-CRASH explicit solver. Linking in general is performed either in a dynamic or a static way. For more information on supported versions and platforms, please refer to the appendix II.3.1.

Dynamic libraries

For Digimat 2019.1, a set of dynamic libraries is provided for the Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH interface, both for single and double precision for all supported PAM-CRASH versions. The installation procedure for the dynamic library is straightforward. While installing Digimat to PAM-CRASH, it installs the necessary libraries, including

libdigimat_N

that will be loaded by the explicit solver (psolid.exe) at runtime. The library libdigimat_N.dll and its dependencies contains definition of all possible user defined subroutines. This will allow the user to use all linear and nonlinear small-strain material models capabilities available in Digimat for small-strain analyses. Defining Digimat material model in PAM-CRASH then is just like defining any other PAM-CRASH material model.

To run coupled Digimat to PAM-CRASH computations in command line, it is advised to write a .bat file containing all the information needed by PAM-CRASH to allow the call to user subroutine. An example of such launch script is given below to run PAM-CRASH 2017.0 with double precision and 4 CPUs.

- 1. echo off
- 2. set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@localhost
- 3. set PATH=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash; DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash\2017.0\Windows\x86_64\DMP\DP;%PATH%
- 4. set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
- 5. set OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
- 6. set PAM_USER_PLUGIN_ROOT=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash\2017.0
- 7. "C:\Program Files (x86)\ESI Group\Virtual-Performance\2017.0\Solver-64Bit\
 pamcrash.bat" -np 4 -fp 2 test.pc > "test.out"

where DIGIMAT_INST_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1

The first command suppress screen display of command. The second line defines the path to Digimat license path through MSC_LICENSE_FILE environment variable. Definition of MSC_LICENSE_FILE is needed if it is not defined as a global environment variable. The third command add to PATH environment variable the path to Digimat library digi2pamDouble_N.dll and Digimat third-party libraries. The fourth command defines FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable. This can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. The fifth command specify the number of threads to be used, only 1 thread is supported by Digimat. The sixth command gives to PAM-CRASH the path to the libdigimat_N.dll file. The last command is the command to run PAM-CRASH analysis, the -fp 2 option sets the precision to double precision. The command sends the output to the .out file. If error is encountered in Digimat, it will be written in this file.

The header of this file must be read carefully before using this launching script.

Running PAM-CRASH 2018.01 and later version is slightly different. An example of such launch script is given below to run PAM-CRASH 2018.0 with double precision and 4 CPUs.

- 1. echo off
- 2. set MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500localhost
- 3. set PATH=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash; DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash\2018\windows-x86-64;%PATH%
- 4. set FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
- 5. set OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
- 6. set PAM_USER_PLUGIN_ROOT=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR\DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Pamcrash\2018
- 7. "C:\Program Files (x86)\ESI Group\Virtual-Performance\2018\Solver-64Bit\bin\ bin\pamcrash.bat" -np 4 -fp 2 test.pc > "test.out"

where DIGIMAT_INST_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

```
C:\MSC.Software\Digimat\2019.1
```

Launching Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH computations on Linux platform

The Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH dynamic library libdigimat_N.so under Linux, with $N \in [0,3]$, can be used to run parallel jobs.

To define environment variables needed to run Digimat to PAM-CRASH coupled analysis, user can write a launch script as the one described below:

- 1. #!/bin/bash
- 2. export PAM_USER_PLUGIN_ROOT=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2pamcrash/2018
- 3. export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=DIGIMAT_INST_DIR/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2pamcrash/: DIGIMAT_INST_DIR/Digimat/lib:\$LD_LIBRARY_PATH
- 4. export PAM_LMD_LICENSE_FILE=27007@host
- 5. export MSC_LICENSE_FILE=27500@host
- 6. export FLEXLM_TIMEOUT=5000000
- 7. export OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
- 8. export PAMROOT=/opt/pamcrash/2018
- 9. export PAMHOME=\$PAMROOT
- 10. \$PAMROOT/pamcrash_safe/2018/pamcrash -np 4 -fp 2 -lic CRASHSAF test.pc > test.out

where DIGIMAT_INST_DIR is Digimat installation directory, e.g.,

/opt/msc/Digimat/2019.1 The first command is the header to execute bash scripts. The second command defines the location of the libdigimat_N.so shared library. The third command add the path to Digimat third-party libraries to LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable. The next two commands defines the path to Digimat and PAM-CRASH licences (the XXX must be replaced by the address of the license file or license server). The sixth command defines FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable. This can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000. The seventh command specify the number of threads to be used, only 1 thread is supported by Digimat. The PAMROOT gives the path to PAM-CRASH directory. The last command launch PAM-CRASH computation.

I.5.8 Digimat-CAE/MSC Nastran SOL1XX

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and MSC Nastran SOL1XX.

Installation procedure

Digimat and MSC Nastran SOL1XX can be coupled together without the need for installing anything in particular on top of the classical MSC Nastran and Digimat installations. See appendix II.3.1 for more information on the versions of MSC Nastran which are supported by Digimat 2019.1.

Executing a job

Once coupled with one or more Digimat materials, the modified Nastran input deck can be run with Nastran under Windows 64-bit or Linux 64-bit environments like any other input deck, without taking any specific action. Please refer to the MSC Nastran documentation for more information.

For example, to execute a sequential job under Windows 64-bit using the command line, the user needs to type:

MSC_INSTALL_DIR/MSC_Nastran/20170/bin/nast2017.exe modifiedInputDeck.bdf

where MSC_INSTALL_DIR is the installation directory of MSC Software and modifiedInputDeck.bdf is the name of the Nastran input deck created by Digimat-RP after coupling the structural model with one or more Digimat materials.

I.5.9 Digimat-CAE/OptiStruct

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and OptiStruct which uses Digimat-RP.

Installation procedure

When not using the plug-in, Digimat and OptiStruct can be coupled together without the need for installing anything in particular on top of the classical OptiStruct and Digimat installations. See appendix II.3.1 for more information on the versions of OptiStruct which are supported by Digimat 2019.1.

Executing a job

Once coupled with one or more Digimat materials, the OptiStruct model can be run with OptiStruct under Windows 64-bit or Linux 64-bit environments like any other OptiStruct model, without taking any specific action. Please refer to the OptiStruct documentation for more information.

For example, to execute a sequential job under Windows 64-bit using the command line, the user needs to type:

ALTAIR_INSTALL_DIR/14.0/hwsolvers/scripts/optistruct.bat model_DigimatCoupled.fem

where ALTAIR_INSTALL_DIR is the Altair installation directory and model_DigimatCoupled.fem is the name of the OptiStruct model created by Digimat-RP after coupling the structural model with one or more Digimat materials.

I.5.10 Digimat-CAE/PERMAS

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and PERMAS.

Installation procedure

Digimat and PERMAS can be coupled together without the need for installing anything in particular on top of the classical PERMAS and Digimat installations. See appendix II.3.1 for more information on the versions of PERMAS which are supported by Digimat 2019.1.

Executing a job

Once coupled with one or more Digimat materials, the PERMAS model can be run with PERMAS under Windows 64-bit or Linux 64-bit environments like any other PERMAS model, without taking any specific action. Please refer to the PERMAS documentation for more information.

For example, to execute a sequential job under Windows 64-bit using the command line, the user needs to type:

INTES_INSTALL_DIR/V16/bin/permas.bat model_DigimatCoupled.uci

where INTES_INSTALL_DIR is the INTES installation directory and model_DigimatCoupled.uci is the name of the PERMAS model created by Digimat-RP after coupling the structural model with one or more Digimat materials.

I.5.11 Digimat-CAE/nCode DesignLife

Within the Digimat installation, the dynamic library digi2ncode.dll is located in the directory

[INSTALL_DIR]/XXXX.X/DigimatCAE/exec/digi2ncode

where [INSTALL_DIR] is the Digimat installation directory.

To be able to use Digimat to nCode interface, DIGIMAT2NCODE_SHARED_LIBS environment variable needs to be defined. This variable enables nCode to locate Digimat/nCode library, to load it and to run coupled Digimat-CAE/nCode DesignLife analyses.

Path to third-party libraries

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

must also be added to the PATH environment variable. If these libraries are moved to another directory, PATH variable has to be updated according to this new directory.

Remark: FLEXLM_TIMEOUT environment variable can be needed if using geographically distant license server to avoid failing of license checkout if answer of network is too slow. A meaningful value for FLEXLM_TIMEOUT is 5000000.

I.5.12 Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent

The objective of this section is to explain how to install the interface between Digimat and ANSYS Fluent.

Installation procedure

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent is provided as a set of dynamic libraries. These libraries contain Digimat capabilities allowing to use Digimat materials in ANSYS Fluent analyses.

For more information concerning supported ANSYS Fluent releases and platforms, please refer to the apppendix II.3.1. In the following, XX.X denotes the number of a supported version of ANSYS Fluent, e.g. 17.0.

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent for Windows

The Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface for the Windows operating system is distributed in two parts. The first part contains third-party components as listed in the following:

- boost_chrono-mt.dll
- boost_filesystem-mt.dll
- boost_regex-mt.dll
- boost_system-mt.dll
- boost_thread-mt.dll
- digimathdf5.dll
- digimathdf5_cpp.dll
- digimathdf5_hl.dll
- digimathdf5_hl_cpp.dll
- digimatMathTools.dll
- digimatPocoFoundation.dll
- impi.dll
- lapi.dll
- tinyxmlSTL.dll

These files are found in the

DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Fluent

folder of the Digimat installation. The second part are dynamic libraries which are crucial for the installation process of the Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface. These dynamic libraries depend on the ANSYS Fluent release and on the parallelization that will be used (Serial, MSMPI or PCMPI). They can be found in three different folders, related to a parallelization method, for each ANSYS Fluent release:

DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Fluent\XX.X\Serial DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Fluent\XX.X\MSMPI DigimatCAE\exec\digi2Fluent\XX.X\PCMPI

In order to enable the Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface for a specific calculation, three manual operations are needed:

170 Installation

- 1. The third-party components listed hereinbefore must be copied in ANSYS Fluent working directory (see afterwards, for a definition of ANSYS Fluent working directory).
- The folder matching the ANSYS Fluent release number and parallelization method must be copied in ANSYS Fluent working directory. For the sake of simplicity, this folder can then be renamed, e.g. "digi2Fluent".
- The Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface dynamic library must be loaded into ANSYS Fluent. Access the UDF Library Manager (see figure I.5.11) and Load the library using the copied folder name, e.g. "digi2Fluent" if renamed as in the previous operation (see figure I.5.12).

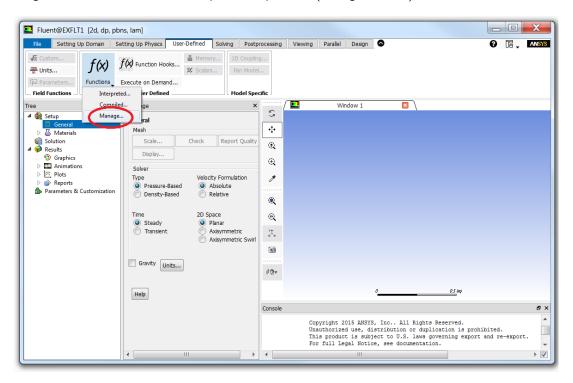


Figure I.5.11: Library manager openning (ANSYS Fluent 17.0)

| ry Manager | X |
|--------------|--------------------|
| [0/0] | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| i2Eluoot | |
| Jizhueny | |
| Unload Close | Help |
| | [0/0] ji2Fluent |

Figure I.5.12: Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface dynamic library loading

The ANSYS Fluent working directory depends on Fluent launch method. If ANSYS Fluent is launched from **ANSYS Workbench**, this directory is in the ANSYS Workbench project directory tree. For example, for the FluentHeat ANSYS Workbench project, the ANSYS Fluent working directory is:

\dir\FluentHeat_files\dp0\FFF\Fluent

If **ANSYS Fluent** is launched as a standalone software, it is defined from ANSYS Fluent launcher window (see figure 1.5.13).

| Fluent Launcher | | |
|--|-----------------|--|
| ANSYS | | Fluent Launcher |
| Dimension 2D 3D Display Options Display Mesh After Workbench Color Show Fewer Option | Scheme | Options ✓ Double Precision Use Job Scheduler Use Remote Linux Nodes Processing Options Serial ④ Parallel (Local Machine) Solver Processes 3 ♣ GPGPUs per Machine None ♣ |
| General Options | Parallel Settin | qs Scheduler Environment |
| Version 17.0.0 Working Directory C:\Users\user\Des | ▼ sktop\Temp | Pre/Post Only |
| Fluent Root Path C:\Program Files\A | NS¦YS Inc\∨170 | l\fluent 🔹 📴 😰 |
| Use Journal File | | |
| ОК | Default | Cancel Help • |

Figure I.5.13: ANSYS Fluent 17.0 Launcher

It is worth noting that MSMPI and PCMPI Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent interface folders can be used to run Serial calculations.

Part II

Software



New capabilities & changes in the software

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II.1.1 Digimat 2019.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2019.1.

Digimat-MF

- Revised default failure models for SFRP and CFRP
 - Tsai-Hill 3D Transversely isotropic, strain based, for microstructures with matrix + inclusion (SFRP)
 - Multicomponent 2D for microstructures with continuous fibers (UD and woven 2D)
- New Tsai-Wu 3D orthotropic failure model improving failure modeling for FFF/FDM materials

Digimat-FE

- New additional solver within Digimat-FE/Solver, based on FFT technology
 - Reduced run time vs Finite Element Analysis based solver
 - Reduced memory consumption vs Finite Element Analysis based solver
 - Supported for mechanical analysis of RVE involving
 - * Elasticity, elastoplasticity
 - * Viscoelasticity, Elastoviscoplasticity
 - * Hyperelasticity, crystal plasticity
- Improved SFRP geometry generation algorithm, enabling higher volume fraction and more accurate fiber orientation distribution
- More robust and efficient modeling workflow for UD stiffness and strength prediction
 - Improved microstructure generation for better randomness and high volume fraction
 - Extruded periodic meshing for robust and efficient run
 - New waviness definition for compression case simulation
 - New initial thermal loadcase to account for manufacturing stresses
 - Phase strength distribution
 - New Turon cohesive law to model fiber/matrix interface with more physics and better convergence (available with FE/Solver only)
- Improved RVE generation algorithm for strands enabling higher out-of-plane orientation distribution
- New crystal plasticity constitutive model available for polycrystal microstructures
 - Dedicated Metal microstructure definition through Polycrystal
 - Texture import & post-processing from Digimat-FE results
 - Supported for
 - * Single phase polycrystal microstructure
 - * FCC, BCC, HCP crystal symmetries
 - Available with FE/Solver (FEA and FFT approach)
 - Requires dedicated add-on licenses to Digimat-FE

Digimat-MX

- Extended reverse engineering method, now supporting
 - Viscoelasticity models
 - Thermo-viscoelasticity models
- New Coefficient of Thermal Expansion reverse engineering
- New Poisson's ratio reverse engineering
- Through thickness plot of fiber orientation tensor
- New material suppliers
 - MarkForged
 - Sintratec
- New material data in public database
 - DSM
 - * Updated models for:
 - · Akulon Ultraflow K-FHG12
 - * Additional models (fatigue, thermoplasticty) for several grades:
 - Akulon K224-HG7
 - · Akulon S223-HG0
 - ForTii Ace MX53T
 - * Additional Elastic models for all grades
 - DuPont Transportation and Industrial
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Zytel 73G50HSLA BK416
 - · Zytel 73G40T BK416
 - · Zytel 73G60HSLA BK416
 - Solvay Specialty Polymers
 - * Updated models for:
 - Ixef 1022 at 23°C
 - · Ketaspire KT-880 GF30 at 23°C
 - · Ryton R-4-200
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Amodel A-4145HH BK311
 - · Ketaspire KT-820 GF30
 - · Ryton R-4-220
 - * Addition of new grades for Additive Manufacturing (FFF):
 - NovaSpire PEKK AM Powder
 - Sumika Polymer Compounds
 - * Addition of new models(fatigue, creep, ...) for existing grades:
 - Thermofil HP F610X99
 - · Thermofil HP F611X99
 - Thermofil HP F711X99
 - · Thermofil HP F811X99
 - Thermofil HP F911X99
 - Asahi-Kasei Corporation
 - * Addition of new nodels(fatigue, creep, ...) for existing grades:
 - · Leona 14G30
 - · Leona 14G35
 - · Leona 14G50
 - * Addition of new a grade:
 - Leona SG104
 - Sintratec (new AM printer supplier)
 - * Addition a grade:

- · Sintratec PA12 Powder
- Solvay Engineering Plastics
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · TECHNYL Red J V35 Black 21N
 - TECHNYL Red S V50 Black 21N
- RadiciGroup
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Radiflam A RV250HF 333 BK
 - Raditeck P ERV400K 1700 NT
 - · Raditer B RV300 333 BK
 - · Radilon DT RV300RKC2 306 BK
 - Radilon Aestus T1 RV300RKC 306 BK
 - · Radilon Aestus T1 RV400RKC 306 BK

Digimat-MAP

- New weld line angle filtering method
- New manufacturing data formats supported: Hexagon VISI Flow
- Extended data support for existing interfaces
 - Moldflow 3D / Microcellular analysis: support of varying bubble density
 - 3D TIMON Light 3D
- Extended mapping : 1D mapping for porosity now available

Digimat-CAE

- Updated support of the existing interfaces for user subroutines for Windows & Linux (Red Hat 7 & Suse 11)
 - Abaqus 2017 / 2018 / 2019
 - ANSYS 19.2 / 19R1
 - LS-DYNA 9.3 / 10.1 / 10.2
 - PAM-CRASH 2016 / 2017 / 2018
 - Marc 2018 / 2018.1
 - Samcef V16.3 / V17.2
 - nCode 2018.1
- Improved robustness of Hybrid solution for strain-rate dependent j2-plasticity
- Simplified installation of Digimat with other user subroutines for Marc
- Full harmonic analysis now supported with ANSYS
- Support of RH6 OS for Abaqus, LS-DYNA and PAM-CRASH

Digimat-RP

- Improved superposition visualization for more confident mapping
- Simplified solution settings management
 - Settings are split between
 - * Solution settings (application oriented, not requiring Hybrid parameters re-generation)
 - * Advanced solver settings (solver oriented, requiring Hybrid parameters re-generation)
 - Previous templates are deprecated
- Updated solver for Digimat-RP/Moldex3D solver: upgrade from Moldex3D R16 to R16.1
- Extended SFRP fatigue post-processing capabilities
 - New plasticity correction method
 - FEA support extended to MSC Marc on top of Abaqus and ANSYS
- New SMC solution
 - New material type for compression molding
 - Support of SMC type of material model
 - * Elasticity
 - Viscoelasticity
 - * Failure and damage
 - Support of fiber orientation and weld line manufacturing data

Digimat-VA

- New Advanced PFA model
 - Providing more physics and accuracy through
 - * LaRC failure criteria
 - * Elastoplasticity behavior for shear
 - * In-situ strength
 - * Intralaminar fracture toughness
 - * Effect of manufacturing stresses
 - * Dedicated meshing approach
 - Available for
 - * UD materials
 - * Unnotched and open hole tests
- New delamination modeling
 - Available for UD and woven materials
 - Available with Standard and Advanced PFA
- New effect of defects workflow
 - Enabling study of the effect of
 - Interply porosity
 - * Intraply porosity
 - * Out-of-plane waviness
 - Available with Standard PFA
- Enhanced allowables computation
 - Outliers check
 - Normalization on stiffness/strength
 - Revised allowable formula
- Command line available for batch mode
- Improved boundary condition for unnotched test
 - New option to define free length
 - Reduced mesh sensitivity

Digimat-AM

- Improved usability for results post-processing
 - Cut view
 - Custom reference plane definition for warpage evaluation
 - Pick node/element values
 - Manage user-defined views
 - Larger visualization window
 - Color scale exported with animation (GIF export)
- Enhanced computational performance
 - Thermal analysis
 - \ast -90% result file size
 - * -35% run time
 - Thermomechanical analysis
 - * -85% result file size
 - * -15% run time
 - Specific improvements with encrypted material models
 - * -50% run time
 - * -40% peak memory usage
- New remote job submission
 - Pre/post-processing with user interface on Windows only
 - Job run on Windows or Linux
 - Job submission: direct or via queuing system (PBS or LSF)
- Printer database update
 - FDM: New Stratasys Fortus 450mc
 - SLS
 - * Sintratec Kit
 - * Sintratec S1
 - * Sintratec S2
- Support of Stratasys toolpath v2.2 : available from Insight 13.9 or GrabCAD Print 1.34
- Various enhancements
 - Improved physics in inherent strain preprocessing for FFF/FDM (energy conservation is ensured)
 - Project management
 - * Save at exit when run completed / inherent strains have been computed
 - * Working directory saved in the project
 - Licensing: user interface can be closed once job in launched, enabling the post-processing of another simulation result

II.1.2 Digimat 2019.0

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2019.0.

Digimat-MF

- New strain rate dependent J₂-plasticity model
 - Straightforward piecewise-linear dependency function definition for J_2 -plasticity model - First and second order homogenization are both supported
- Revised default settings for microstructures with matrix + inclusion
 - Number of angle increment = 12
 - Store pseudo-grain stress-strain history = on
 - Homogenization order = second
 - Default orientation type for inclusion phase = orientation tensor
 - Aspect ratio for inclusion = 20
- Engineering constants naming change: naming now follows the numerical notation for computed engineering constants
- Enhanced FPGF fatigue failure model
 - New FPGF fatigue multilayer failure trigger
 - New flexible FPGF fatigue failure indicator enabling full control of X, Y and S strength

Remark: Caution: legacy FPGF fatigue models created with Digimat 2018.1 or previous versions are not supported starting from Digimat 2019.0. If a material model is to be used with Digimat 2019.0, then it has to be created using Digimat 2019.0.

Digimat-FE

- Filament decohesion modeling for Fused Filament Fabrication RVE
 - Definition of interface/interphase between filament
 - Unit cell duplication in X, Y and Z direction
- New foam microstructure
 - Open cell and closed cell foam types
 - Random, Kelvin and custom foam topologies
 - Applicable for small strain applications
- New geometry controls for more robust mesh generation
 - "Minimum distance to RVE face" to avoid inclusions too close to RVE face
 - "Minimum angle to RVE face" to avoid partial inclusions difficult to mesh
 - Non-geometrical 2nd order elements
- General improvements
 - Confirmation message upon loading large .t16 result files
 - Warning message for finite strain definition if applied strain is larger than 0.05
 - New default chordal ratio value = $0.1\,$
 - Updated FE/Solver version

- Enhanced SFRP fatigue reverse engineering
 - Support of multilayer failure trigger for improved accuracy
 - Support of any loading angle
 - Enhanced fatigue reverse engineering workflow enabling full user control of fatigue failure indicator parameters (previous identification method is not available anymore)
- SFRP stress localization factor for improved fatigue accuracy

- Specimen geometry definition
- Automated dumbbell FEA to compute stress localization
- New material data in public database
 - DSM
 - * Additional conditions for several grades:
 - Akulon K224 (PG6,PG8)
 - · Stanyl TW241F10
 - · Stanyl TW200F6
 - · Arnite AV2 390 XT
 - * Addition of new grades for injection:
 - Akulon Ultraflow K-FHG12
 - · ForTii Ace MX53T
 - · Akulon K224-HG7
 - · Akulon Ultraflow K-FHG0
 - * Addition of new grades for Additive Manufacturing (FFF):
 - · Novamid ID 1070
 - · Novamid ID 1030
 - · Novamid ID 1030-CF
 - · Arnite ID 3040
 - SABIC
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - Noryl FE1520PW
 - · Noryl GFN2F
 - · Noryl GFN3F
 - · Thermocomp EC004APQ
 - Thercomcomp EC008APQ
 - DuPont Performance Materials
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Zytel 70G60HSLA BK099
 - · Zytel 74G33W BK416
 - · Crastin FR684NH NC010
 - · Crastin SK605 NC010
 - Solvay Specialty Polymers
 - * Additional conditions for several grades:
 - · Ixef 1022
 - · Ketaspire KT-880 GF30
 - · Ryton R-4-200
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Amodel A-8950 HS
 - · Ixef 1032
 - · Ketaspire KT-820 GF30
 - · Ryton BR42B
 - · Ryton R-4-270
 - * Addition of new grades for Additive Manufacturing (FFF):
 - · KetaSpire PEEK-CF AM Filament
 - · Radel PPSU AM Filament
 - Borealis (New material supplier)
 - * Addition grades for injection:
 - · Fibremod GB307HP
 - · Fibremod GB402HP
 - · Fibremod GB477HP
 - · Fibremod GD577SF

- Sumika Polymer Compounds(New material supplier)
 - * Addition grades for injection:
 - · Thermofil F610X99
 - Thermofil F611X99
 - Thermofil F711X99
 - · Thermofil F811X99
 - · Thermofil F911X99
- Asahi-Kasei Corporation
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Leona 92G60
 - · Leona SG105
 - · Leona SG106
- Kuraray Co. Ltd.
 - * Additional conditions for existing grades:
 - · Genestar G1300A
 - · Genestar G1301A
 - · Genestar G1350A
 - · Genestar G1500A
 - * Addition of new grades:
 - · Genestar G1352A
 - · Genestar GN2330
 - · Genestar G1300H
- Stratasys Inc.
 - * Addition a new grade:
 - Nylon 12 CF
- Solvay Engineering Plastics
 - * MMI database updated, new grades and new models.
 - * 68 grades for injection.
 - * 1 grade for AM process

- Support of porosity data from Volume Graphics
 - Support of macro porosity input (export to element set)
 - Support of diffuse porosity input (export to porosity file)
- Support 3D to 2D weld line mapping
- More robust weld line mapping procedure
 - Enhanced robustness of weld line mapping algorithm to reduce mesh sensitivity
 - New weld line radius option to control width of weld line area
- Enhanced support of symmetric Moldflow mid-plane data: data between [0, 1] are automatically extended to [-1, 1]

Digimat-CAE

- Updated support of the existing interfaces for user subroutines
 - Abaqus: 6.14-1 / 2016 / 2017 / 2018
 - ANSYS: 18.2 / 19.0 / 19.1 / 19.2
 - LS-DYNA: 9.1 / 9.2 / 9.3
 - PAM-CRASH: 2015 / 2016 / 2017 / 2018
 - Marc: 2017.1 / 2018
 - Samcef: V16.3 / V17.2
 - nCode: 2018.1
- Automatic Fiber Placement enhancements
 - Local thickness export to Samcef
 - New output for UD: stress in the material frame
- Simplified installation of Digimat with other user subroutines: available for Abaqus
- Improved accuracy of Hybrid solution for accumulated plastic strain failure indicator

Digimat-RP

- Extended Digimat-RP/Moldex3D microstructure estimation
 - Weld line location now available for 3D mesh
 - Fiber orientation now available for 2D mesh
- Updated solver for Digimat-RP/Moldex3D solver
 - Upgrade from Moldex3D R14 to R16
 - New BLM meshing strategy requiring no mesh control
- New SFRP fatigue post-processing capabilities
 - Lifetime computation for constant amplitude loading
 - Various post-processing methods available
 - Support of Abaqus and ANSYS FEA results
- Composite output management: control of output for indicator of alignment, achieved potential stiffness
 and first eigenvalue for orientation tensor
- New default settings
 - Hybrid solution template set by default: enforced for models using EP strain rate, TEP, EVP, VEVP and TVEP with interaction law and failure (except if Macro solution is available)
 - Micro + Hybrid failure template is not available anymore
- Nonlinear macro solution for LS-DYNA
 - Direct input of macroscopic EP and EVP LS-DYNA material cards based on Digimat material model
 - Max/min principal strain failure indicator
 - Support of LS-DYNA/Explicit only
 - Support of both shell and solid elements
- Support of fiber reinforced polymer for FFF and FDM processes: fiber orientation distribution defined through toolpath file

Digimat-VA

- New parametric study workflow
 - Available for material, layups and some test parameters
 - Dedicated post-processing and 2D plots
- New in-plane shear test
 - V-notch or +/-45ř tests
 - Matrix shear strength now available as model parameter
- Extended CLT analysis
 - Direct analysis of unnotched laminates for
 - Stiffness
 - * Strength (1st ply failure)
 - * Coefficient of thermal expansion
 - * Coefficient of moisture expansion
 - Available for variability and parametric studies
- Interface to MaterialCenter
 - Import of ply properties stored in MaterialCenter for material model calibration
 - Export of laminate virtual allowables from Digimat-VA to store in MaterialCenter for data management at the enterprise level
- General enhancements
 - Mean values, standard deviation and coefficient of variations are now reported at batch level
 - Export variability for the carpet plot
 - Automatic rerun of analysis with increased applied strain when failure is not reached in carpet plot workflow

Digimat-AM

- Thermo-viscoelasticity model for thermomechanical analysis to simulate relaxation effect
 - Available for FFF, FDM and SLS
 - New cooling time process parameter
- Support remote database
 - Access to remote database is enabled to load and save data
 - Configuration of remote database is accessible
- Support remote database
 - Access to remote database is enabled to load and save data
 - Configuration of remote database is accessible
- Support of Stratasys toolpath v2.1 for FDM: now includes geometrical transformation information (scaling and rotations) to ensure workflow consistency between physical and virtual print
- -40% reduced file size for thermomechanical analysis
- Enhanced thermomechanical solver robustness
- Improved temperature modeling for FFF/FDM application using thermal or thermomechanical analysis

II.1.3 Digimat 2018.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2018.1.

Digimat-MF

- Fabric fatigue modeling
 - Extension of UD fatigue model to fabric microstructures
 - Support of basic woven 2D only

Digimat-FE

- Improved workflow efficiency
 - Fabric generation geometry time is reduced by a factor 10
 - RVE with spherical inclusions can now reach up to 70
- Extended range of fabrics: support of Non-Crimp Fabrics (NCF)
 - Definition of UD and stitching yarn
 - Conformal and voxel meshing
- Support of wavy continuous fiber for UD microstructures
 - New type of inclusion shape: curved cylinders
 - Dedicated meshing algorithm (mesh-cutting)
- Multi-material yarns
 - Definition of different materials for different yarns in fabric RVE
 - Support of woven 2D and woven 3D microstructures
- Support of batch workflow under Linux
 - Geometry generation
 - Meshing and job creation
 - Job launch
 - Post-processing

- DMA reverse engineering
 - Support of DMA experimental data (tensile or torsional)
 - Dedicated reverse engineering method for viscoelastic model
- Automatic reverse engineering enhancements: switch to 2nd order homogenization for non-linear stiffness performance
- SFRP failure localization evaluation for improved failure accuracy
 - Specimen geometry definition
 - Automated dumbbell FEA to compute failure localization
- Generic MXDB maintenance
 - Elastoplastic and thermo-elastoplastic SFRP models now use 2nd order homogenization
 - Elastoplastic and thermo-elastoplastic SFRP models now propose a FPGF failure model
- New material data in public database
 - Asahi Kasei: 4 new grades (available on request)
 - DSM
 - * 3 new grades
 - * 11 new models (some available on request)
 - Dupont
 - * 3 new grades (available on request)

- * 1 new model (available on request)
- Radici:
 - * 4 new grades
 - * 3 new models (available on request)
- Solvay Engineering Plastics:
 - * 2 new grades
 - * 86 new models (some available on request)
- Solvay Specialty Polymers: 1 new grade (available on request)
- Stratasys: 1 new grade (available on request)

- Support of Cadmould data for injection molding
 - Support of binary and ASCII Cadmould formats
 - Support of solid receiving mesh
- Support of Marc export for element set mapping for microstructure submodeling : export of nodes, element, node sets and element sets data
 - Support of nodal thickness in LS-DYNA
 - Visualization of local thickness
 - New mapping method to support various shell integration methods: Lobatto, Gauss and uniform

Digimat-CAE

- Progressive failure of reinforced plastics
 - Improved convergence with shell elements and implicit FEA
 - Additional damage law: power law
 - Smart time stepping for implicit FEA
- Updated support of the existing interfaces for user subroutines
 - Abaqus: 6.13-4 / 6.14-1 / 2016 / 2017 / 2018
 - ANSYS: 18.2 / 19.0 / 19.1
 - LS-DYNA: 7.1.2 / 8.1.0 / 9.0.1 / 9.1.0 / 9.2.0
 - PAM-CRASH: 2015 / 2016 / 2017
 - Marc: 2016.0 / 2017.0 / 2017.1
 - Samcef: V16.3 / V17.2
 - nCode: 12 / 13

Digimat-RP

- Embedded superposition for efficient mapping of manufacturing simulation results
 - Visualization of manufacturing and component mesh superposition
 - Automatic or interactive superposition
 - Management of transformation tasks: reset, undo, reset, export and import transformation file
- More robust gate definition in Digimat-RP/Moldex3D: gate location is now defined based on closest node from point pick

- Support of Cadmould data for injection molding
 - Support of fiber orientation data
 - Support of solid component mesh only
- Advanced density definition for SMC NVH using Nastran SOL400
 - Composite density is varying spatially due to the fiber volume fraction variation
 - Support of elastic and viscoelastic material models
- Support of nodal thickness in LS-DYNA
 - Visualization of local thickness for structural model
- New mapping method to support various shell integration methods: Lobatto, Gauss and uniform
 Support of membrane sections in Nastran SOL1XX & Optistruct (Linear solution): automatic assignment
- of microstructure and material properties to membrane sections based on adjacent solid data
- Enhanced efficiency for Abaque Linear solution
 - Improved material properties discretization for shell elements
 - Improved preprocessing time
 - Improved post-processing robustness

Digimat-VA

- Support of unbalanced woven for PFA
 - New material type: woven unbalanced (based on warp and weft rates)
 - Dedicated Digimat model calibration procedure
- Identification of ply shear properties from stress-strain curve
 - Import of shear stress-strain curve when defining ply properties for calibration
 - Automatic identification of $F_{12,0.2\%}$ and F_{12} values needed for Digimat model calibration

Digimat-AM

- Thermal and thermo-mechanical analysis with advanced solver
 - Available for FFF, FDM and SLS
 - Local material temperature can be predicted and analyzed
 - Local impact of printing process (strategy, speed) can be directly taken into account
 - Warpage and residual stresses predictions are improved
 - Additional field post-processing: temperature, crystallinity
 - New history plot for temperature and crystallinity evolution over printing time

II.1.4 Digimat 2018.0

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2018.0.

Digimat-MF

- Accumulated plastic strain failure indicator
 - Critical accumulated plasticity as a function of stress triaxiality
 - Also available for structural analysis with Digimat-CAE and Digimat-RP
- Improved workflow for microstructure definition of fabrics: dedicated microstructure type
- New lattice microstructure type
 - Applicable to model Fused Filament Fabrication dense microstructures
 - * Filament cross section definition and visualization
 - * Filament orientation
 - Supports Standard failure definition (Composite level)

Digimat-FE

- More efficient post-processing through automatic computation of engineering stress-strain curve. Available for all RVE applications, including void phases and/or cohesive elements
- Custom weave pattern definition for woven 3D materials
 - Available for 3D interlock
 - Graphical editor for weave pattern definition
- Improved workflow for microstructure definition of fabrics: dedicated microstructure type
- New lattice microstructure type
 - Flexible infill definition
 - * Aligned (Fused Filament Fabrication application)
 - * Sparse (Fused Filament Fabrication application)
 - * Double dense sparse (Fused Filament Fabrication application)
 - * Hexagonal (Fused Filament Fabrication application)
 - * Custom 2D (Fused Filament Fabrication application): custom definition of microstructure via beams and junctions
 - * Custom 3D (All applications): custom definition of microstructure via beams and junctions
 - Available for non-reinforced and reinforced materials
 - Available for elasticity and plasticity constitutive models
- User defined failure indicator (only available with Digimat-FE/Solver)
 - Custom failure library to be built by user
 - Instantaneous stiffness reduction is available
- Enhancements for microstructures including curved sphero-cylindrical inclusions
 - Phase definition now available based on inclusion size, diameter and number of inclusions (leading to inclusion volume fraction computation)
 - More robust geometry and mesh visualization for very large microstructures. Geometry visualization through 1D beams and manual mesh generation if estimated mesh size is higher than 1.7M elements
 - Cohesive element definition now possible between matrix and inclusion phase. Available for Abaqus, Marc and FE/Solver
- New visco-hyperelasticity model. Available for Abaqus, Marc and FE/Solver

- Abaqus models
 - Neo-Hookean
 - * Mooney-Rivlin
 - * Ogden
 - * Storakers
- Marc and FE/Solver models
 - * Neo-Hookean
 - Mooney-Rivlin
 - * Ogden

Digimat-MX

- Naming update: the reverse engineering method "Tensile" is now named "Static and dynamic".
- Handle shear data
 - New experimental data loading: shear
 - Experimental data usable for reverse engineering with Static and dynamic method as well as for failure indicator reverse engineering
- Data ordering filtering: new filtering possibilities in Digimat-MX tables (Grades, Digimat Analysis Files, ...) accessible via direct right-click.
- Reverse engineering for LFRP: new through-thickness definition of fiber aspect ratio and fiber volume fraction in multilayer microstructure definition.
- Reverse engineering for multiple multilayer
 - Enhanced flexibility for microstructure definition associated to each experimental curve used during reverse engineering
 - Each experimental data can be associated to a different multilayer microstructure
- Update of public database
 - Asahi Kasei: new material supplier
 - DSM: 11 new grades
 - Dupont:
 - * 15 new grades
 - * 20 new models for existing grades
 - Radici Performance Plastics: 4 new grades
 - Sabic: 2 new models for existing grades
 - Solvay Specialty Polymers: 8 new grades
 - Stratasys Inc: New supplier for additive manufacturing

Digimat-MAP

- Manufacturing data support update
 - Molding
 - Moldflow 3D results
 - \cdot Weld line and weld surface data
 - · Fiber length
 - · Porosity
 - * 3D TIMON results: fiber length
 - * Moldflow UDM mesh format
 - * Residual stresses. Export extended to LS-DYNA and Marc

- Additive manufacturing: Stratasys Insight results (toolpath in text format)
- Weld line mapping: export of Digimat weld line file now available in addition to element set export
- Automatic Fiber Placement
 - Loading and visualization of IGES files from AFP manufacturing software
 - Mapping to shell receiver meshes to account for defects (gaps)
 - * Thickness modification (soft tooling)
 - * Fiber volume fraction (hard tooling)
 - * Fiber orientation
 - Export of mapped results
 - * Thickness: Abaqus only
 - * Fiber volume fraction and fiber orientation: all FEA
- Air gaps mapping from toolpath files
 - Identification of local air gaps present in a toolpath on a receiving mesh
 - Export of element set corresponding to mapped gaps location. Available for Abaqus, ANSYS, LS-DYNA, Marc, PAM-CRASH and Radioss.
- Support of degenerated SOL186 elements (ANSYS) for receiving mesh

Digimat-CAE

- CAE maintenance: supported version update
 - Abaqus: 6.13-4, 6.14-1, 2016, 2017
 - ANSYS, 17, 17.2, 18
 - LS-DYNA, 7.1.2, 8.1, 9.0.1, 9.1
 - Marc: 2015, 2016
 - Nastran SOL1XX: 2016 or older, 2016.1, 2017.0, 2018.0
 - Optistruct: V13, V14
 - PAM-CRASH: 2014, 2015, 2016
 - PERMAS: 16
 - Samcef: V16, V17
 - nCode: 12, 13
- Initial stresses extension
 - Now supported with the Hybrid solution
 - Extended supported of FEA software
 - * LS-DYNA
 - * Marc
- Weld line strength. Definition of a strength degradation factor when using a weld line mapped file in the manufacturing data.
- Strain rate filtering
 - New parameter to filter spurious oscillations of strain rate values during strain rate dependent FEA runs
 - Available with the Hybrid solution only
 - Applicable to failure models using a (V-)EVP material model
- Stiffness reduction extension
 - Revised formulation to remove time step sensitivity
 - Control on linear softening behavior. Definition of equivalent strain from failure initiation to final stiffness reduction
 - Available for
 - * Implicit & explicit FEA
 - * Solid & shell elements
- Fused Filament Fabrication failure modeling
 - Available for unfilled polymer materials
 - Available with the Hybrid solution

- Support of encrypted files in ACT. Encrypted material models now supported via direct assignment method
- Bug fix: Teading of orientation file during FEA run:
 - Erroneous behavior: when using an orientation file which does not contain information for all integration points and using the Hybrid solution (using the default keyword hybrid_minimize_memory = on), orientation data used for integration points beyond first integration point could be erroneous
 - Fix: orientation file data are now read correctly for any integration point even if orientation file does not contain data for each integration point
- Notice
 - Digi2marc libraries are now directly available from the Digimat installer. No linking operation is required anymore
 - Fluent interface is now available on-request. Contact digimat.support@mscsoftware.com to obtain the installer.
 - Virtual.lab interface maintenance is dropped. Users willing to access the Virtual.lab interface are advised to use Digimat 2017.1 or previous versions.

Digimat-RP

- New user interface
 - New look and feel
 - Revised workflow
 - * Structural model / Digimat material / Manufacturing data / Solution settings
 - * User guidance from component definition
 - · Manufacturing data type
 - · Material type
- Extended support of molding manufacturing data
 - Weld line data (SFRP/LFRP)
 - Fiber length distribution (LFRP)
 - Fiber volume fraction distribution (LFRP)
 - Residual stresses (SFRP/LFRP)
- Support of additive manufacturing
 - FFF
 - * Material: unfilled polymer
 - From Digimat-MX
 - · From file
 - * Performance (Hybrid solution only)
 - Linear stiffness
 - · Elastoplasticity
 - \cdot Elastoplasticity + failure
 - * Manufacturing data
 - Toolpath (gcode)
 - · Residual stresses
 - FDM
 - * Material: unfilled polymer
 - · From Digimat-MX (Stratasys materials only)
 - · From file (Stratasys materials only)
 - * Performance (Hybrid solution only)
 - · Linear stiffness
 - · Elastoplasticity
 - \cdot Elastoplasticity + failure
 - * Manufacturing data

- · Toolpath (Insight)
- · Residual stresses
- SLS
 - * Material: unfilled polymer, bead reinforced polymer
 - · From Digimat-MX
 - From file
 - * Performance (Hybrid solution only)
 - Linear stiffness
 - · Elastoplasticity
 - · Elastoplasticity + failure
 - * Manufacturing data
 - · Global printing direction definition
 - · Residual stresses
- Extension of linear solution
 - Abaqus now available on top of Nastran Sol1XX, Optistruct and PERMAS
 - Support of thermoelasticity
- Control of number of material cards: new linear template in Solution settings to control maximum number of material cards: reduction level.

Digimat-VA

- PFA formulation enhancement for Unidirectional materials. Available for filled hole and bearing tests
- User defined material model
 - Custom material model library to be built by user (full procedure described in Digimat documentation)
 - Definition of input parameters and outputs results in Digimat-VA user interface
 - Applicable to variability scenarios
- First ply failure material model
 - Available for Unidirectional composites
 - Based on Tsai-Hill 3D Transversely Isotropic failure indicator
 - Dedicated post-processing
 - Failure indicator output
 - * Critical ply identification
 - * Driving failure mode output
- Additional process-related variability : ply misalignment (angle standard deviation definition)
 - Aligned plies
 - Non-aligned plies

Digimat-AM

- New FDM manufacturing type: provides access to Stratasys applications
 - Fortus 900mc printer
 - ULTEM 9085 material (available on-request)
- Support failure modeling (FFF/FDM)
 - Visualization of support location
 - Definition of interface strength in Material model definition
 - Definition of failure modeling approach

- * Failure index
- * Decohesion
- Output of failure index value in Results
- Chamber temperature definition (FFF/FDM/SLS)
 - Enhanced definition of chamber temperature
 - Constant
 - Variable
 - Variable temperature definition via two interpolation models
 - Linear
 - * Exponential
 - Inherent strain computation based on extrema chamber temperatures
 - Visualization of part temperature in results
- Data management
 - Support of encrypted material models for Digimat-AM
 - Inherent strain management
 - * Can now be saved in Digimat-MX. Characterized via user-defined comments
 - * Can now be loaded from Digimat-MX
- Anchor pin definition for warpage minimization (FFF/FDM): in Manufacturing step, definition of anchor pin location and diameter

II.1.5 Digimat 2017.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2017.1.

Digimat-MF

- Improved robustness and accuracy of advanced material models
 - Crash: viscoelastic-viscoplastic model (VEVP): improved accuracy when using large Plastic Strain Multiplier value
 - Creep: (Thermo-)elastoviscoplastic model ((T-)EVP)
 - * Improved convergence with Interaction law
 - * Improved convergence at very low strain rate
 - Effect of porosity for crash of short fiber reinforced polymers: new default for elastoviscoplastic model including void phase: Incremental instead of discrete affine
- Extension of Short Fiber Reinforced Plastic failure model (FPGF) to microstructures including spherical void phase

Digimat-FE

- New grain inclusion type for polycrystalline materials: specific algorithm for high volume fraction of polyhedral inclusions
- New algorithm for long wavy fiber reinforced matrix RVE
 - Available for 2-phase microstructures defined as

- * Matrix phase
- * Curved sphero-cylindrical inclusion
- Associated to new meshing technique: mesh cutting (tetra)
- New random fiber perturbation algorithm to reach high volume fraction of inclusions in unidirectional microstructure
 - Up to 90% volume fraction
 - Available for unidirectional reinforced material microstructures
 - * Continuous fiber inclusion
 - * Sphero-cylindrical inclusion
- Direct definition workflow for unit cell geometries (available via random fiber perturbation option). Available for unidirectional reinforced material microstructures
 - Continuous fiber inclusion
 - Sphero-cylindrical inclusion
- Enhanced boundary condition definition for Marc and FE/Solver
 - Periodic: default tolerance is now loosened
 - Dirichlet: default tolerance is now tighter
- Extended material model for thermomechanical analysis of woven RVE
 - Yarn can now be modeled as thermo-elastoplastic if matrix is defined as thermo-elastoplastic. Available for Abaqus, Marc and FE/Solver
 - Yarn can now be modeled as thermoelastic if matrix is defined as thermoelastic. Available for Abaqus, Ansys, Marc and FE/Solver
- Improved robustness for failure simulation including damage upon failure
 - Marc: elasticity only is available
 - FE/Solver: elasticity and elastoplasticity are available, with revised damage computation for faster simulation run time
- Extended loading definition: off-axis loadings can be defined for uniaxial1 testing. Theta / phi loading
 angles can now be fully user defined

- Extended support of interactive reverse engineering of material models
 - Crash: VEVP model
 - * Easy step-by-step workflow for viscoelasticity and viscoplasticity parameters optimization
 - * On-the-fly choice of viscous model
 - Creep: (T-)EVP model with new Creep submethod
 - * Easy step-by-step workflow for elasticity, plasticity and creep parameters optimization
 - * On-the-fly choice of viscous model
- New merge tool of isothermal models: enables easy creation of thermomechanical model from several mechanical models of a same grade at different temperatures. On-the-fly definition of per-phase coefficients of thermal expansion
- Update of MXDB
 - DSM
 - * Additional conditions for several grades: Akulon K224 (HG0,HG6,PG6,PG8) and for Stanyl TW241F10
 - * Addition of new grades: Akulon Ultraflow K-FHG0, Akulon S223-HG0, Akulon Diablo HDT 2500 and Stanyl Diablo HDT 2700
 - * Models are available with hybrid parameters
 - Solvay Engineering Plastics
 - * MMI database updated
 - * Addition of new grade for SLS: TECHNYL Powders PA6 6300 HT 110 Natural
 - Radici
 - * Models updated for Radilon A RV300W, ARV350W and S RV300W

- * Addition of new grade: Radilon A RV500RW
- Kuraray Co. Ltd.
 - * Addition of 3 new PA9T grades: Genestar N1001A-M41, N1006A-M41,N1006D-H31
 - * 3 new PA9T reinforced glass fiber grades: Genestar G1350A-M42, GX1500A-M61, G1301A-M61
 - * Experimental data for different temperature are available
- Sumitomo Chemical Europe :
 - * Addition of SUMIKASUPER E6007LHF grade
 - * Several models are available on request
- e-Xstream engineering
 - * Addition of generic data for additive manufacturing

- Mapping of toolpath information for structural analysis of additive manufactured parts (FFF)
 - Loading and visualization of .stl file
 - Loading and visualization of .gcode file
 - Superposition of geometry/toolpath with structural mesh
 - Mapping of toolpath to structural mesh
 - Export of an orientation file for further structural analysis with Digimat-CAE
- Mapping of residual stresses from Digimat-AM for structural analysis of additive manufactured parts (FFF/SLS)
 - Loading and visualization of Digimat-AM mesh (.dat)
 - Loading and visualization of Digimat-AM residual stresses (.xml)
 - Superposition of Digimat-AM mesh with structural mesh
 - Mapping of residual stresses
 - Export to FEA
 - * Abaqus
 - * Ansys
- Support of fiber volume fraction data from 3D TIMON
 - 3D/3D mapping
 - 3D/2D mapping

Digimat-CAE

- Structural analysis of additive manufactured polymer parts
 - FFF
 - Unfilled polymer
 - * Performance (Hybrid solution only): Linear and non-linear stiffness
 - * Connection to manufacturing: Toolpath information from .gcode file
 - SLS
 - * Unfilled & reinforced polymers (bead or fiber)
 - * Performance: Linear and non-linear stiffness + failure
 - * Connection to manufacturing: homogeneous printing direction defined in material model
- Extension of the Hybrid method
 - MuCell & metal casting: support of the effect of porosity volume fraction on material behavior
 - * Unfilled & reinforced matrices (bead or fiber)

- * Performance: linear stiffness (elasticity), non-linear stiffness + failure (elastoplasticity) and crash (elastoviscoplasticity)
- * Failure model accessible with the Hybrid solution: linear function of porosity volume fraction on the strain at failure
- * Creep: Thermo-elastoviscoplasticity model is now supported
- Bug fix for stiffness reduction/element deletion in implicit FEA
 - * PFP output (percentage of failed integration points) computation is now corrected when nonconvergence can occur
 - * Fix residual stiffness computation for specific configurations

Digimat-VA

- New countersunk fastener geometry: available for filled hole and bearing tests
- CPU time reduction & improved solver convergence: average 50% CPU time reduction for UNT/C & OHT/C tests

Digimat-AM

- Create printing project
 - * Visualize and select printer
 - · Generic SLS
 - · Generic FFF
 - * Define Component
 - Load geometry (.stl)
 - · Define material: select from database or create new
- Define Manufacturing
 - * Define part orientation (SLS only)
 - * Define warpage compensation
 - \cdot Apply anisotropic scale factor
 - · Load modified geometry (.stl)
 - * Load and visualize toolpath (FFF only / .gcode format)
 - * Define other process parameters
- Run simulation
 - * Generate voxel mesh: coarse/medium/fine/user defined mesh size
 - * Define material model settings: Warpage computation approach: inherent strain
 - · On-the-fly computation of inherent strain via micromechanical modeling
 - · Direct user input: mechanical and thermal or total
 - · From previous project
 - * Submit job
 - · Review project definition
 - · Prepare job: define working directory and number of CPUs
 - · Launch job (local run only)
 - Monitor job
- Post-process
 - View results
 - \cdot Field visualization: displacement, stress and warpage indicator
 - \cdot Visualization format on voxel mesh or on stl

- Warpage visualization tools: scale factor for deformed shape and superimpose undeformed shape
- Export results
 - * Warped shape (.stl file with user defined scaling factor)
 - * Residual stresses (Digimat XML format for further usage in Digimat-MAP)
- Transversal aspects
 - Project management
 - * New
 - * Save
 - * Load

II.1.6 Digimat 2017.0

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2017.0.

Digimat-MF

- New SFRP fatigue model for improved lifetime predictions: Model extended to viscoelasticity
- Extended range of available woven 3D weave patterns
 - Weave depth definition in the case of 3D orthogonal woven materials
 - Automated definition of standard weave patterns : diagonal, plain, satin and twill
 - Irregular weave step through a vector
- Improved accuracy of Drucker-Prager model
 - Revised sensitivity to Plastic Strain Multiplier (PSM) ensures consistency with J2-plasticity model
 - Drucker-Prager material models from previous Digimat releases using modified spectral method, and $\mathsf{PSM} > 1$ require a new calibration

Digimat-FE

- Improved microstructure generation for SFRP
 - Higher volume fraction can be reached for all types of fiber orientations
 - Microstructure is generated faster
 - Available for 2-phase microstructures defined as
 - Matrix phase
 - * Sphero-cylindrical inclusions
- Failure model for Discontinuous Fiber Composites
 - Inter-strand delamination failure mode can be modeled to predict RVE ultimate strength
 - Available for
 - * FE solver
 - * Marc
 - * Abaqus
- Extended range of available woven 3D weave patterns (similar to Digimat-MF)

- Weave depth definition in the case of 3D orthogonal woven materials
- Automated definition of standard weave patterns : diagonal, plain, satin and twill
- Irregular weave step through a vector
- Improved weave pattern definition via additional control parameters
 - Yarn crimp to control tortuosity between warp and weft
 - Yarn spacing ratio to control matrix pocket size between yarns
- Conforming meshing for woven 2D geometries: Obtain detailed description of local stress & strain fields thanks to conforming approach
- Extended modeling of SFRP fiber tips
 - Coatings can now be applied only on lateral faces of cylindrical inclusions
 - Suppressed contact condition between fiber tips and matrix
- GUI improvements
 - Woven definition step has been reviewed to avoid the need to scroll to enter all parameters
 - Post-processing of orientation tensor of generated RVE: user now has access to tensor values with 4 decimal digits (was 2 in previous version)
 - "Generate geometry" button is now greyed out during geometry generation

- CFRP automatic reverse engineering to speed up and simplify material model creation
 - Import composite datasheet
 - Turn composite datasheet into Digimat material model in 1 click
 - Available for UD and woven 2D materials (Glass and carbon fibers)
 - Available performances
 - * Linear elasticity
 - * Progressive Failure Analysis
- Improved SFRP failure reverse engineering procedure: manual definition of strain localization factor
- IT
 - DAKOTA new version
 - Support of white space in working directory
- New material data in public database
 - DSM
 - * Akulon Diablo HT-HG0
 - * Akulon K224-HG6
 - * Akulon K224-HG7
 - * Akulon K224-HG8
 - * Akulon K224-PG8
 - * Akulon S223-HG6
 - * Akulon S223-HG7
 - * Arnite AV2 390 XT
 - * Arnite TV4 261
 - * Akulon K224-HG0
 - * ForTii MX3
 - * ForTii Ace MX53
 - * Akulon S223-HG0
 - * Akulon K224-PG6
 - * Fortii MX1
 - * Stanyl Diablo OCD2100
 - * Akulon Diablo HT-HG0
 - * Akulon Diablo HT-HG6

- * Stanyl TW241F10
- Dupont
 - * Crastin HR5315HFS NC010 (New Temperature and humidity levels available)
 - * Crastin HR5330HFS NC010
 - * Zytel 70G30HSLR BK099 (New Temperature and humidity levels available)
 - * Zytel 70G35HSLRA4 BK267 (New Temperature and humidity levels available)
 - * Zytel 70G35HSLX BK357
 - * Zytel 70G35HSRX BK099
 - * Zytel 70G50HSLA BK039B (New Temperature and humidity levels available)
 - * Zytel FE270099 BK099
 - * Zytel HTN51G35HSLR BK420
 - * Zytel PLS95G35DH1 BK549
 - * Zytel XT70G35HSL BK044A

- Warpage mapping for injection molding
 - Mapping of displacement fields predicted by injection molding simulation
 - * Moldflow mid-plane
 - * Moldflow 3D
 - Export of boundary condition card for receiver mesh
 - * Abaqus
 - * Samcef
 - * PERMAS
- Extended mesh support
 - Optistruct (.fem)
 - PERMAS (.dat, .uci)
- New general mapping and data manipulation capabilities
 - FEA result files mapping
 - * Load FEA results, select and visualize fields
 - * Map to receiving mesh
 - * Available for Abaqus
 - New data operation to easily perform manual correction of large files
 - * Apply scale factor on data loaded on a given mesh
 - * Perform any linear combination of 2 similar data type files loaded on a given mesh
 - Element set mapping
 - * Map element sets from donor to receiver mesh
 - * Supported for 3D/3D and 2D/2D mapping
- 2nd order elements are now supported for donor mesh

Digimat-CAE

- Progressive failure of SFRP for ultimate strength predictions
 - Evaluate consequences of failure initiation in quasi-static simulations
 - * Isotropic damage (all implicit FEA solvers)

- * Element deletion (Abaqus, LS-DYNA/Implicit, Marc)
- Available when using the Hybrid solution
- Check documentation for best practices on achieving FEA convergence up to ultimate failure
- Additional default outputs for SFRP to ease post-processing
 - Triaxiality (if using material model including tension/compression differentiation)
 - Damage (if activating stiffness reduction upon failure)
 - Percentage of failed integration points (if considering failure model)
- Extension of viscoelastic-viscoplastic Hybrid solution for improved accuracy
 - Yield stress can now be strain rate dependent
 - Material support has been extended from SFRP to include UD and woven 2D
- Reduced CPU time for CFRP Progressive Failure Analysis with Explicit FEA and solid elements
 - 4-5x faster computation
 - Available for UD and woven 2D materials
 - Link to manufacturing data (draping) is not supported
 - LS-DYNA and MSC Nastran SOL700 are not supported, CPU time is only available when using shell elements for those FEA codes
- Extended PAM-CRASH interface
 - Support 3rd party user materials: Digimat now uses plug-in MAT85 and MAT185 approach to allow multiple user subroutines to be used in the same FEA analysis
 - Export of Digimat outputs in State Variables for solid & shell elements (only for hybrid method)
- Improved lifetime predictions for fatigue analysis
 - Material behavior can now be modeled as non-linear and frequency dependent (viscoelastic constitutive model)
 - Fatigue failure model response is now dependent on the local load ratio
- Updated support of the existing interfaces for user subroutines
 - Abaqus: 6.13-4 / 6.14-1 / 2016
 - ANSYS: 16.0 / 16.2 / 17.0 / 17.2
 - LS-DYNA: 7.1.2 / 8.1
 - Radioss: 13.0 / 14.0
 - Marc: 2015.0 / 2016.0
 - Samcef: 16.3 / 17.2
- Improved accuracy of Hybrid solution for very ductile materials: Micro/Hybrid consistency for non-linear response is now automatically ensured
- New progress bar and time estimation during Hybrid solution pre-processing
- Improved estimation of transverse shear stiffness: value is now computed on composite material instead of stiffest phase properties
- Bug fix in Hybrid strain based failure / shell: Failure criteria value is now computed correctly

Digimat-RP

- Extension of supported FEA interfaces
 - Radioss / shell is added to support both solid & shell
 - Optistruct / solid & shell: Elastic material model only / weak coupling
 - Permas / solid & shell: Elastic material model only / weak coupling
- Extended support of FEA input deck
 - Input decks with same identical assigned to solid and shell elements can now be loaded in Digimat-RP (no Digimat material model can be assigned for that specific material)
 - Input decks with multi-material definitions in composite section can now be loaded in Digimat-RP (no Digimat material model can be assigned for that specific composite section)
- Bug fix: Corrected visualization of ellipsoidal plot of orientation tensors

Digimat-VA

- New bearing test is available for a wide range of configurations
 - Single shear bearing: Two pieces, Single-fastener
 - Tension
 - * Unstabilized
 - * Stabilized
 - Compression (stabilized only): Double-fastener
 - Tension
 - * Unstabilized
 - * Stabilized
 - Compression (stabilized only): One piece (tension, unstabilized only)
 - Double shear bearing (tension, unstabilized only)
- CPU time reduction: New option to enable adaptive time stepping to minimize number of time steps and reduce overall CPU time. Available for unnotched and open-hole tests (i.e. tests which do not involve contact modeling)
- Remote job submission for efficient computation of large VA campaigns
 - Test matrix preparation and post-processing is performed on desktop application (Digimat-VA user interface), and FEA computations can now be sent to remote cluster
 - Job monitoring can be performed from desktop application
 - Type of job submission
 - * No queuing system
 - * LSF
 - * PBS

Additional information

- Support of Windows 10
- New license format in accordance with MSC template to minimize license administration for paid-up schemes. Version ID in a feature line is now turned into a maintenance end date

II.1.7 Digimat 2016.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2016.1.

Digimat-MF

- Improved robustness of Drucker-Prager model
 - Convergence improvement
 - Default value change: dilatation angle set to 0 by default

- New harmonic analysis
 - Definition of frequency dependent viscoelastic material properties
 - Definition of harmonic loadings
 - Harmonic strain
 - * Harmonic stress
 - Homogenization and plot of frequency dependent properties
 - * Real part
 - * Imaginary part
- New relative tolerance for homogenization schemes to improve convergence
 - New default parameter
 - Independence of tolerance value regarding implicit/explicit CAE
- Revised pseudo-grain fatigue failure indicator definition
 - Migration of reverse engineering capability to Digimat-MX
 - Definition of failure indicator via pseudo-grain S-N curves
 - Retro-compatibility ensured for Digimat analysis files from previous versions: automatic reverse engineering still performed in Digimat-MF
- Improved SFRP fatigue analysis
 - Full equivalency of amplitude and cycle based loadings
 - Support of mean-stress sensitivity model with amplitude loadings
 - New default log-linear extrapolation between minimum and maximum number of cycles to improve robustness of reverse engineering

Digimat-FE

- Extension of Digimat-FE/Modeler
 - Internal mesher (conforming and voxel) now also available for
 - * Abaqus/Standard
 - * ANSYS
 - * LS-DYNA/Implicit
 - Including support of fabrics and discontinuous fiber composites
 - Export of FEA model and job monitoring
 - Full workflow available in command line
 - Limitation: post-processing for LS-DYNA is not available inside Digimat-FE
- New failure capabilities to predict strength of RVE
 - Available for Marc and FE solver
 - Definition of stress based failure indicators at the material level
 - * Component
 - * Von Mises
 - * Tsai-Hill 3D transversely isotropic
 - * Tsai-Wu 3D transversely isotropic
 - * Hashin 3D
 - Computation of damage based on failure indicator
 - New outputs post-processing
 - * Failure indicator
 - * Damage
 - Available for all microstructures, including fabrics
- User interface robustness improvement: enhanced stability
- Usability improvement
 - Centralization of all geometry parameters in a single screen to simplify successful geometry definition
 - New default geometry parameters to improve meshing step
 - * Minimum relative distance between inclusion set to 5%

- * Minimum inclusion relative volume set to 5%
- Simplified workflow to define discontinuous fiber composites: definition of new type of phase: strand
- New plasticity model for yarn to model non-linear behavior of fabrics
 - Yarn plasticity model automatically defined based on matrix elastoplastic model, fiber elastic model and yarn microstructure
 - Available for Abaqus/Standard, ANSYS, FE solver and Marc
 - Available for all fabric types
- New auto-save of Digimat-FÉ session to ensure backup of model setup
 - Material definition
 - Geometry
 - Mesh
- Support of pressure dependent plasticity material model for Abaqus/Standard: definition of Drucker-Prager model
- New meshing option for improved mesh quality
 - Continuous meshing strategy (shared node) available for conforming mesh
 - Applicable to basic RVE geometry
 - Not available for RVE involving coatings and interfaces
- Support of SMP with FE solver (identical licensing as DMP)

- New automatic reverse engineering to speed up and simplify material model creation
 - Fully automatic reverse engineering methodology
 - Required input data required limited to experimental data (stress-strain curves). No need of a Digimat analysis file template
 - Available for experimental data associated to SFRP materials fibers ("chopped fibers (short)" type of grades)
 - Available performances and related models
 - * Linear stiffness / elasticity
 - * Non-linear stiffness / plasticity
 - * Non-linear stiffness + failure / plasticity + FPGF
 - Speed-up of reverse engineering via support of multiple CPUs
 - Review of model parameters with reverse engineering report
 - Previously existing reverse engineering methodology renamed as "interactive"
- Extension of interactive reverse engineering
 - Drucker-Prager model for calibration of pressure dependent plasticity model
 - * Optimization restricted to yield function coefficient
 - * Yield stress exponent and dilatation angle are set to recommended value to ensure model robustness
 - Speed-up of reverse engineering via support of multiple CPUs
- Simplification of local database installation and usage
 - Installation of local database when installing Digimat
 - Direct access to database content when opening Digimat-MX. Database management tools accessible inside the main Digimat-MX window
- New fatigue capabilities
 - Import and plot of S-N curves
 - Import and plot of SFRP pseudo-grain fatigue material model
 - Reverse engineering of SFRP pseudo-grain fatigue failure model: migration from Digimat-MF to Digimat-MX
- Extension of unit conversion tool: support of material models including Hybrid parameters
 - Non crypted
 - Encrypted
- Database content: Solvay Engineering Plastics (Material models now available every 5°C instead of 10°C)

- Revised mapping algorithm to reduce mapping CPU time
 - 70-95% reduction of CPU time for mapping
 - Applicable to all type of elements and data
- New data merge tool to create a single file from multiple files of same type of data
- Improved graphical performance when displaying large models. Instabilities may be observed for graphical configurations using old driver versions that do not support OpenGL 3.3
- Support of new elements
 - Abaqus: C3D10I/C3D10HS (orientation data stored at element level in 2016.0, now stored at integration point level)
 - ANSYS: SOLID285
 - LS-DYNA
 - * Type 16 and 17 (10 nodes tetrahedral with 5 integration points)
 - * Type 16 (fully integrated shell elements)
- New draping capabilities
 - Extension of mapping to multilayer draping files & UD orientation files
 - Visualization of yarn shear angle when displaying orientation data for woven
 - New interface to Aniform
- Interface to PAM-RTM
 - Mapping of porosity data to receiver mesh
 - Available for 3D models only
 - * PAM-RTM
 - receiving mesh
- Support of odd number of layers in shell models

Digimat-CAE

- Support of SMP parallelization scheme
 - Support of implicit FEA codes
 - * Abaqus/Std
 - * Ansys
 - * Marc
 - Reduced memory consumption
 - Support of mixed DMP/SMP parallelization scheme
 - Identical licensing as for DMP
- New pressure sensitive elastoplasticity model
 - Available with the Hybrid solution for efficient and robust coupling with FEA
 - Drucker-Prager model from Digimat-MF required as input
- New basic SFRP fatigue solution
 - Fatigue failure indicator (number of cycles to failure) available as output state variable in Digimat coupled analysis
 - Available for all implicit FEA codes
 - Available for solid and shell elements
- Reduced CPU time in explicit/shell/Hybrid configurations: 10% CPU time reduction
 - Revised thermo-elastoplasticity model for the Hybrid solution
 - Improved accuracy of CTE (Coefficient of Thermal Expansion)
 - Constituent CTE used as input for the Hybrid solution must have been reverse engineered from a thermo-elastic model

- Extension of NVH capabilities with Marc: anisotropic and frequency dependent damping based on local microstructure
- Support of new versions of the existing interfaces
 - Abaqus 2016
 - ANSYS 16.2 and 17
 - PAM-CRASH 2015
 - Marc 2015.0
- Support of new elements
 - Abaqus: C3D10I/C3D10HS (orientation data stored at element level in 2016.0, now stored at integration point level)
 - ANSYS: SOLID285
 - LS-DYNA :
 - * Type 16 and 17 (10 nodes tetrahedral with 5 integration points)
 - * Type 16 (fully integrated shell elements)
- Interface to Ansys Fluent
 - Computation of local SFRP thermal conductivities based on local microstructure
 - Available in command line only

Digimat-RP

- Automatic reverse engineering
 - Available for SFRP
 - Import of stress-strain data curves
 - * Text file
 - * Copy/paste
 - Available performances and related material models
 - * Linear stiffness / elasticity
 - * Non-linear stiffness / plasticity
 - * Non-linear stiffness + failure / plasticity + FPGF $\!\mu$
 - Speed up of reverse engineering via support of multiple CPUs
 - Review of material model parameters
- Orientation file merge tool available for mapped orientation files
- Extension of unit conversion tool: support of material models including Hybrid parameters
 - Non crypted
 - Encrypted
- Support of SOL108 and SOL111 for Nastran 2016.1
 - -15% faster SOL108 solution compared to Digimat 2016.0 + Nastran previous versions
 - 500-600% faster SOL111 solution compared to Digimat 2016.0 + Nastran previous versions
- Support of SMP: choice between SMP and DMP scheme upon job submission
- Support of new SFRP fatigue capabilities
 - Loading and visualization of fatigue material model
 - Definition of fatigue related parameters for standalone Digimat fatigue analysis
- Updated Moldex3D API for Digimat-RP/Moldex3D: upgrade to Moldex3D R14

Digimat-VA

- New filled hole test
 - Bolt or countersunk fastener type
 - Tension and compression loading
- New smart analysis stop upon load drop
- New VADB migration tool: import data from previous VADB during Digimat installation

Additional information

Shift to new FlexLM version (v11.13) for license server (available under Linux and Windows)

II.1.8 Digimat 2016.0

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 2016.0.

Digimat-MF

- Multi-layer failure controls for SFRP
 - Multilayer RVE failure can be controlled based on
 - * First layer failure
 - * All layers failure
 - * Given thickness fraction of failed layers
 - * Average value of failure indicator across thickness
 - * Specific layer failure
 - Improved failure description of skin/core microstructures
- Progressive failure of woven composites: available for 2D woven composites
- 3D woven
 - Available predefined weaving patterns
 - * 3D orthogonal
 - * Interlock woven
 - Material performance: elasticity
- Improved user workflow for woven and braided model creation
 - Single fabric item instead of woven or braided definition
 - Automatic creation of RVE if required
- Carpet plot generation
 - Available for UD and woven composites
 - Explore layup design space with
 - * Stiffness carpet plot
 - * First ply failure carpet plot
- Failure envelope generation
 - Visualization of the failure model predictions for biaxial loads
 - Stress or strain envelopes
 - Available for SFRP, UD and woven composites
- Fatigue mean-stress correction
 - Scope of application of the pseudo grain fatigue model enhanced to varying load ratios
 - Definition of Haigh like diagram at pseudo grain level to predict R-ratio sensitivity of SN curves of SFRP

Digimat-FE

- Support of thermo-elastoplastic material model
 - Analyze non-linear thermo-mechanical response of any microstructure
 - Capability available for FE solver, Marc, Abaqus
- Improved user workflow for woven/braided model creation
 - Single fabric item instead of woven or braided definition
 - Automatic creation of fabric RVE if required
- Definition of multi-layer 2D woven microstructure
 - Periodic RVE implies restrictions on
 - Layer dimensions
 - * Yarn orientation
 - Support of multimaterial for multilayer definition: Homogeneous material, UD, woven, SFRP,
- Definition of multi-phase microstructures involving woven: Support of inclusions in matrix phase of woven microstructure
- New periodic boundary conditions
 - In-plane periodic boundary conditions with stress free boundary conditions through thickness
- Recommended for multilayer microstructures
- 3D woven: Available predefined weaving patterns
 - 3D orthogonal
 - Interlock woven

- Automatic update of MXDB: 1-clic update of MXDB to 2016.0 database structure
 - Addition of NCAMP and AGATE data in public database
 - Ready-to-use progressive failure model
 - * Tensile calibrated stiffness with asymmetric failure
 - * Compression calibrated stiffness with asymmetric failure
 - * Available for various conditions: CTD, RTD, ETW,...
 - AGATE
 - * NCT321 G150 / Unidirectional
 - * G30-500 7740 / Unidirectional
 - * T700GC 2510 / Unidirectional
 - * T700 E765 / Unidirectional
 - * 7781GF-8HS 2515 / Woven
 - * T650-8H 7740 / Woven
 - * T650-PW 7740 / Woven
 - * T700-PW 2510 / Woven
 - * T300-5HS E765 / Woven
 - NCAMP
 - * AS4 8552 / Unidirectional
 - * 6781 S2 MTM45-1 /Unidirectional
 - * IM7 8552 / Unidirectional
 - * AS4 8552 / Woven
 - * T650 5320-1 / Woven
 - * NCT4708 MR60H / Woven
 - * G30-500 MTM45-1 / Woven

- Support of FEA input files including include commands
 - Available for all FEA codes supported by Digimat
 - Transformation commands (translation, rotation) are supported for Abagus and LS-DYNA
- Iterative mapping for 1-clic mapping
 - Improved efficiency of mapping process for dissimilar meshes
- Automatic progressive increase of mapping tolerance
 Support of 3D TIMON/shell data
- Fiber orientation only
 - 3D TIMON/shell 3 layers data structure requires usage of a 3 layers shell definition
 - 1D mapping available for FEA codes which require 5 layers
 - * RADIOSS
 - * PAM-CRASH
- Support of Moldflow 3D weld line
- Support of ProCAST porosity file

Digimat-CAE

- Improved Hybrid solution accuracy
 - Plasticity model is closer to Micro solution (affects EP model and EVP)
 - Improved stress based failure surface
- Reduced Hybrid solution memory consumption in implicit FEA. Gain is proportional to orientation file size and number of processors used for parallel computation
- Improved user workflow for Hybrid parameters generation: No user interaction (settings definition) required to generate Hybrid parameters
 - Automatic temperature discretization for thermo-mechanical models
 - Improved discretization for strain-rate dependent models
- Progressive failure analysis of 2D woven
 - Support of basic and advanced 2D woven (Orthogonal woven only)
 - Link to draping process is not supported
 - Support of optimized algorithm for explicit FEA/shell elements configurations
- 3D woven
 - Elastic model only
 - Link to the draping process is not supported
- NVH analysis: Improve predictivity of composite NVH analysis with frequency dependent stiffness and frequency dependent anisotropic damping
 - Supported materials: SFRP, UD, woven
 - Support of mechanical small strain models: E, EP, EVP, VEVP, VE
 - Available for Marc and Abaqus
 - * Marc: Frequency dependent stiffness
 - * Abaqus 6.14: Frequency dependent stiffness for every integration point and Anisotropic and frequency dependent damping tensor
 - * Abaqus 6.13 and previous: Frequency dependent stiffness
- Support of 3D TIMON/shell data
 - 3 layers data by default
 - 5 layers data available with 1D mapping in Digimat-MAP for the required FEA codes * PAM-CRASH
 - * RADIOSS
- FEA interface maintenance
 - PAM-CRASH 2014.0
 - RADIOSS/Optistruct/HyperMesh 13.0

Digimat-RP

- Support of FEA input files including include commands
 - Available for all FEA codes supported by Digimat
 - Transformation commands (translation, rotation) are supported for Abagus and LS-DYNA
- Access to NVH analysis with Abaqus and Marc
- NVH analysis with MSC Nastran SOL1XX
 - Dynamic analysis (MSC Nastran SOL108 and SOL111) with Digimat viscoelastic model
 - * Perform MSC Nastran computations with anisotropic elastic and damping properties corresponding to VE properties at a given frequency
 - * Perform MSC Nastran computation accounting for full frequency dependency of VE properties
 - Static analysis (MSC Nastran SOL101 and SOL 103) with Digimat viscoelastic model: Perform MSC Nastran computations with elastic properties corresponding to VE properties at a given frequency
- Support of 3D TIMON/shell orientation file

Digimat-VA

- Support of 2D woven material
 - Definition of woven material
 - On-the-fly Digimat model calibration based on datasheet input
 - Progressive failure analysis of UNT/C and OHT/C tests
- Effect of environmental conditions
 - Predict ply properties at a given environmental conditions (temperature, humidity) based on existing data at another environmental condition
 - Available for UD material
- Carpet plot generation
 - Available for UD and woven composites
 - Explore layup design space with
 - Stiffness carpet plot
- Strength carpet plot
 Per-layer visualization of FEA results

Additional information

- Support of Windows 8.1
 - Graphical user interfaces in Tools and Solutions
- Solvers (Except for LS-DYNA 7 interface)
 Support of MSC One licensing
- - Token based licensing scheme providing access to MSC Software's simulation portfolio * Based on pool of tokens
 - * Each individual feature requires a certain number of tokens to run
 - * Tokens are checked out once a feature is called
 - * Tokens are returned to the pool after each feature use All Digimat products are available in MSC One except Digimat-RP/Moldex3D
 - User can choose between classical licensing (EXLM) or MSC One
 - * During installation of Digimat product
 - * After installation, via the Digimat platform in Settings/License

II.1.9 Digimat 6.1.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 6.1.1.

Digimat-MF

Bug Fix: Corrected computation of failure criteria used in global axis and at phase level.

Digimat-CAE

- Support of ANSYS 16.0
 Windows/Linux
 - ACT plug-in for ANSYS workbench
- Support of LS-DYNA 7.1.2 (Windows/Linux)

Digimat-RP

- Fiber orientation estimator powered by Moldex3D
 - Analysis setup in Digimat-RP:
 - $\ast\,$ Geometry extraction from mesh
 - * Rheological model selection
 - * Gate definition
 - * Mesh level selection
 - * Fiber orientation model definition
 - Mesh and model generation in Moldex3D OEM: eDesign mesh
 - Injection simulation solver
 - * Local run
 - * Parallel computation supported
 - Injection molding post-processing in Digimat-RP:
 - Fiber orientation
 - * Melt front time
 - * Melt front time animation
- Bug Fix: Support of hybrid solution for thermo-viscoelastic models

II.1.10 Digimat 6.0.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 6.0.1.

Digimat-MF

- Failure indicators: temperature dependent strengths in failure criteria:
 - Similar capabilities to strain rate dependencies
 - Thermo-elastic and thermo-elastoplastic models
- Progressive failure
 - New multi-component 2D failure indicator
 - Independent damage law per sub-failure indicator
- Drucker-Prager: new formulation of isotropization for enhanced robustness
- Curing:
 - Johnston-Hubert model for UD materials
 - Access to curing state allowing to define specific dependences of material parameters for thermoelastic and thermo-viscoelastic models
 - No chemical shrinkage
 - Constant CTE definition above and below glass transition temperature
- Outputs: new option allowing to select the number of digits in the output files

Digimat-FE

- Discontinuous long fiber composites: specific RVE generation algorithm allowing to generate DLF microstructures
- Automatic stiffness generation: new options allowing to automatically compute orthotropic engineering moduli (stiffness and conductivities)
- Curing:
 - Available with FE solver
 - Johnston-Hubert model
 - Computation of chemical shrinkage
 - Constant CTE definition above and below glass transition temperature
 - Access to curing state allowing to define specific dependences of material parameters for thermoelastic and thermo-viscoelastic models
- Additional material models:
 - Thermo-viscoelastic in Marc and FE solver
 - Drucker-Prager in Abaqus
- CPU improvements when post-processing Marc and FE solver results files
- Interface to J-Octa: user definition of inclusions' positions and orientations
- Licensing: mesh generation and visualization now accessible with DIGIMAT_FE_MODELER

- Reverse engineering of Tsai-Wu 3D transversely isotropic failure criterion
- Improved algorithm for reverse engineering:
 - Local method
 - Global method
- New grades:
 - Radici:
 - * RADILON A RV300W

- * RADILON A RV350W
- * RADILON S RV300W
- Solvay Specialty Polymers
 - * Veradel AG-330
 - * Ryton R-4-200BL
 - * Amodel AS-1145
 - * Amodel A-6135
 - * Amodel A-1133
 - * Ixef 1622
 - * Ixef 1521
 - * Ixef 1022
 - * Amodel AS-1933
 - * Amodel FC-1150
 - * Amodel FC-1140
 - * Amodel AS-4145
 - * Amodel AS-1945
- Trinseo
 - * PULSE 979
 - * VELVEX 5250
 - * PULSE 630GF
 - * ENLITE PP LGF 6002 + 67
 - * ENLITE PP LGF 6002 + 50
 - * ENLITE PP LGF 6002 + 33
 - * ENLITE ABS Alloy LGF 6001 + 42
- SABIC
 - * NORYL FE1630PW
 - * STAMAX 20YK270E
 - * STAMAX 30YK270E

New automatic mesh superposition algorithm with improved robustness (advanced method)

Digimat-CAE

- Progressive failure
 - Multiple damage laws with a single failure indicator
 - Significant CPU time reduction for UD/shell/explicit simulation configurations
- Hybrid Solution
 - Minimization of the number of state variables
 - Support of unbalanced woven
 - Thermally dependent failure strengths in TE and TEP
 - Support of thermo-viscoelastic models
 - Hybrid parameter reader and viewer allowing to compare hybrid and micro responses

- Failure: strain based failure criterion allowing to differentiate tension and compression based on triaxiality
- General CPU time reduction:
 - * Significant for shell elements
 - * Minor for solid elements
- New outputs for UD materials: fraction of failed/non-failed integration points through the thickness of shell elements
- Interfaces to FEA
 - MSC Nastran SOL400/SOL700: support of version 2016.0 (Windows / Linux 64 bits)
 - Abaqus: support of version 6.14 (Windows / Linux 64 bits)
 - LS-DYNA:
 - * Support of version 6.1.2 (Linux 64 bits)
 - * Support of version 7.1.1 (Windows / Linux 64 bits)
 - * General robustness improvements
 - * Correction of energy computation
 - Ansys: ACT plugin for Ansys Workbench

Digimat-RP

- Graphical engine:
 - Improved CPU and memory performance
 - Visualization of orientation using vector/ellipsoidal plots
- Mapping
 - New mesh superposition algorithm with improved robustness
 - 1D mapping to define the desired number of layers in shell structural mesh
 - Improved flexibility for loading of orientation files: each element must have at least one information defined
- Interfaces:
 - PAM-CRASH 2013
 - Nastran SOL1XX: weak coupling for 2-phases elastic models
 - Marc: switch between Intel-MPI and MS-MPI in Settings Manager

Digimat-VA

- Prediction of allowables
 - UD materials
 - Unnotched tension/compression and open-hole tension/compression tests
- Test matrix preparation
 - Definition of materials, layups, tests, environment conditions
 - Definition of sampling (number of batches, panels and specimens)
- Simulation preparation:
 - Import of Digimat model including progressive failure
 - Calibration of Digimat model from datasheet
 - Definition of micro-level variability (Gaussian distributions)
 - Definition of FEA settings: mesh size, element type, meshing strategy, number of time steps
 - Generation of FEA models
 - * Preview mesh
 - * Preview random draws

- Simulation run:
 - Embedded solver for local run
 - Job management
 - * Job prioritization
 - Monitoring
- Post-processing
 - Automatic extraction of stress-strain curve, stiffness and strength
 - Computation of A, B-basis and mean values for strength following CMH17 procedures
 - Strength and stiffness distribution plots
 - Visualization of stress, strain and damage fields on coupon model
 - Creation of a customized report
 - Export of raw results to Excel
- Additional functionalities
 - Save Digimat-VA project: light or complete
 - Management of working database: materials, layups, tests, conditions and FEA settings

II.1.11 Digimat 5.1.2

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 5.1.2.

Digimat-MF

- Corrected failure criteria formulation
 - Shear terms in strain based criteria
 - * Tsai-Hill 3D Transversely Isotropic
 - * Tsai-Wu 3D Transversely Isotropic
 - Hashin 3D linear expression
 - Tsai-Wu 3D linear expression
- Corrected phase homogenization order when using the multi-level method
- Affects elastic and visco-elastic UD material models including voids
- Corrected specific heat capacity computation
- Improved robustness with custom output for clustering with failure model
- Improved robustness for woven/braided
 - More robust when switching from FE to MF
 - Improved reporting for incorrect inlays definition
 - Improved error messages
- Improved robustness for second order homogenization

Digimat-FE

- Improved Marc interface robustness
 - Corrected periodic boundary conditions formulation
 - Corrected shear13 periodic loading boundary condition
 - Corrected user thermal loading definition
- Improved GUI robustness
 - Affects only intensive GUI browsing
- Initial seed size taken into account when exporting to Abaqus
- Corrected handling of continuous fibers with diameter larger than 0.5
- Upgraded WiseTex engine for woven
 - Improved robustness for braided and inlay geometry generation

Digimat-MX

- Upgrade to Postgresql 9.3
 - Requires an upgrade of database (See Section ??)
- Corrected unit system conversion of strain rate dependent failure models

Digimat-MAP

- Improved robustness
 - Weld line mapping
 - * Only hexa 20 elements were concerned
 - Automatic scaling
 - * Removal of negative bounding box size ratios
 - Donor meshes with wedges
 - Porosity mapping procedure
 - * Volume fraction now results from mapped size and mapped pore density

Digimat-CAE

- Digimat to RADIOSS:
 - Support of RADIOSS v12
 - Support of RADIOSS for UD and Woven
 - Support of 1 layer draping file
 - Hypermesh/Optistruct plugin v12
- Digimat to PAM-CRASH
 - Support of UD and woven with Micro and Hybrid solution
- Improved robustness when using
 - Porosity and variable aspect ratio files
 - Volume fraction files

- Element deletion triggering
 - All integration points must fail to trigger element deletion
 - Concerns LS-DYNA, Nastran/SOL700 and PAM-CRASH
- Digimat to Abaqus
 - Corrected computation of transverse shear stiffness for composites with transversely isotropic fibers
 - Corrected handling of multiple integration point elements when using Digimat Orientation File (.dof)
 - * Each integration point has its actual orientation instead of the orientation of the first integration point
- Hybrid:
 - Convergence improvement on Current yield Norton law for implicit solver
 - Improved robustness:
 - * Identification of hybrid parameters for TE and TEP materials
 - \cdot Correct non-linear behavior of TEP material for every temperature
 - \cdot Identification possible for 0°
 - * Identification of hybrid parameters for EVP materials with failure criteria
- Porosity (Mucell)
 - Corrected license usage for 3 phases involving voids and porosity distribution file.

Digimat-RP

- Support of aspect ratio distribution
- Support of all formats of 3D TIMON orientation files for solid elements
- Enhanced equivalence between material models output from RP and CAE
- ABAQUS:
 - Value of transverse shear stiffness now depends on thickness section
 - Density of materials now always written
 - Now supports ABAQUS input files with the following keywords (without spaces):
 - * *SOLIDSECTION, *SHELLSECTION, *ENDSTEP,
 - *ELEMENTOUTPUT, *TRANSVERSESHEARSTIFFNESS
- ANSYS
 - Corrected SVAR output request
 - * Respect of user defined output frequency
 - Improve robustness for ANSYS models
 - * For models containing several materials
 - * For models with non-Digimat material preceding a Digimat material

II.1.12 Digimat 5.1.2 Student Edition

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 5.1.2 Student Edition. A Student Edition version

- can be used during two years after the release.
- is Windows only.
- only contains Digimat-MF and Digimat-FE.

Digimat-MF

- Analysis

 Only mechanical isothermal analysis
- Materials
 - Only elastic materials
- Phases
 - Only two phases used in a microstructure
 - Only matrix, inclusion, void and continuous fiber phases
 - Coatings are available
 - Clustering is not available
- Microstructures
 - Only one microstructure used in the RVE
- RVE
 - Single and multi-layer analysis
 - Woven are not available
- Failure
 - Static and dynamic failure are available
 - * Stress and strain based
 - * All failure indicators are available
 - · Component
 - · Tsai-Hill 2D, 3D and 3D transversely isotropic
 - · Azzi-Tsai-Hill 2D
 - · Tsai-Wu 2D, 3D and 3D transversely isotropic
 - · Hashin-Rotem 2D
 - \cdot Hashin 2D and 3D
 - · SIFT
 - · User defined
 - · Outputs
 - All outputs are available

Digimat-FE

- Analysis
 - Only mechanical isothermal analysis
 - Materials
 - * Only elastic materials
 - Phases
 - * Only two phases used in a microstructure
 - * Matrix, inclusion, void and continuous fiber phases
 - * All inclusion shapes are available
 - · Ellipsoid
 - · Cylinder
 - · Sphero-cylinder
 - · Prism
 - · Icosahedron
 - · Beam
 - · Curved beam

- Platelet
- · From CAD file
- * Coatings are supported
- * Clustering is not supported
- Microstructures
 - * Only one microstructure used in the RVE
- RVE
 - \ast Single and multi-layer analysis
 - * Woven are not available
- Geometry
 - * Maximum of 10 inclusions
- Mesh
 - * Conforming and voxel mesh
 - * In-house mesher
 - * Limited to 5000 nodes
- Solver
 - In-house solver
 - * Computation on a single CPU
 - * Limited to 5000 nodes
 - * First order elements
 - Export to Marc, Abaqus and Ansys
- Output
 - All outputs are available

II.1.13 Digimat 5.1.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 5.1.1.

Digimat-MF

- Advanced woven model: Enhanced modeling capabilities
 - $2^{1/2}$ D Woven
 - 2D Braided
- Failure
 - Tension-Compression Differentiation based on the transversely isotropic Tsai-Wu model
 - Definition of user criteria, and link with Progressive Failure
 - SIFT (1st order formulation)
- Viscoelastic-Viscoplasticity (VEVP)
 - Material modeling solution for structural engineering to be used in combination with Hybrid solution technology
 - Reformulations in the homogenization engine: viscoelastic part of the VEVP model consistent with a pure viscoelastic formulation in tensile and shear tests and elastoplastic part of the VEVP model consistent with a pure elastoplastic formulation
 - Supported technology
 - * Microstructure: Multi-Layer definition

- * Plasticity: Modified spectral method
- * Viscous models: Norton, Prandtl
- Clustering
 - Nonlinear stiffness: Elastoplastic
 - Robustness: Elastic matrix in clusters
 - Enhancement: Support of mass fraction
 - Material modeling solution for structural engineering to be used with the Hybrid solution technology
- Coating : Nonlinear elastoplastic stiffness
- Fatigue : Macroscopic fatigue model applicable to UD composites
- GUI
 - Woven visualization based on XFG
 - Display of unit system in use

Digimat-FE

RVE

- Generation based on Parasolid
 - * Large Speed-Up
 - * Improved Robustness
- Import of custom inclusion shape: Parasolid & STEP
- Export of generated geometries: Parasolid & STEP
- Meshing
 - Tetrahedral: 1st / 2nd order conforming meshes
 - Hexahedral: Mapping on voxelized RVE (specific license required)
- Solution
 - Analysis types
 - Mechanical
 - * Thermo-mechanical: Isothermal material parameters
 - * Thermal
 - * Electrical
 - Internal solver
 - * Speed-Up (Parallel computations supported)
 - * Robustness (Choice between iterative & direct solvers)
 - Interfaces to external solvers
 - * Marc: Support of version 2013.1
 - * Ansys: Support of version 15.0
 - * Abaqus
 - \cdot Support of version 6.13
 - Support of version 6.14
 - · Geometry import: STEP & Parasolid (specific Abaqus license required)
- Post-Processing
 - Field visualization of results over RVE: User friendliness
 - * Cutting plane capability
 - * Snapshot

- Computation & visualization of result distributions over RVE
- Computation of representative (mean) properties
- Woven materials
 - Support via voxel solution
 - Yarn definition
 - * Elastic material (Properties computed from resin & fibers)
 - * Local material axes follow yarn's waviness
 - Enhanced modeling capabilities
 - * $2^{1/2}$ D Woven
 - * 2D Braided
 - Speed-up (Faster generation of woven geometries)
- GUI
 - Solver type to be chosen at the beginning of the analysis
 - New rendering library used

Digimat-MX

- Public Database
 - Lanxess
 - * TEPEX dynalite 102-RG600(x)/47% PA / GF47 elastoplastic
 - * TEPEX dynalite 104-RG600(x)/47% PP / GF47 elastoplastic
 - Victrex
 - * Victrex 150GL30 PEEK / GF30 elastic & elastoplastic
 - * Victrex 150CA30 PEEK / CF30 elastic & elastoplastic
 - * Victrex 90HM40 PEEK / CF40 elastic & elastoplastic
 - DuPont
 - * Zytel HTN54G35HSLR BK031 PA* / GF35 thermo-elastoplastic
 - * Zytel PLS95G50DH2 BK261 PA* / GF50 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 73G30HSL BK416 PA6 / GF30 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 73G50HSLA BK416 PA6 / GF50 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 70G30HSLR BK099 PA66 / GF30 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 70G50HSLA BK039B PA66 / GF35 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 70G35HSLRA4 BK267 PA66 / GF35 elastoplastic
 - * Zytel 80G33HSLR BK031 PA66-I / GF33 elastoviscoplastic
 - * Zytel FE5382 BK276 PA612 / GF33 elastoplastic
 - * Crastin HR5315HF NC010 PBT / GF15 elastoviscplastic
 - Solvay: Database available on demand for local use:
 - Full content
 - * Encrypted grades
 - e-Xstream engineering: GENERIC MATERIALS
 - * SFRP PEEK / GF30 elastic & elastoplastic
 - * SFRP PEEK / GF35 elastic & elastoplastic
 - * SFRP PEEK / GF40 elastic & elastoplastic
 - * SFRP PEEK / CF30 elastic & elastoplastic

- * SFRP PEEK / CF35 elastic & elastoplastic
- * SFRP PEEK / CF40 elastic & elastoplastic
- * SFRP PEI / CF30 (thermo-) elastic
- * SFRP PEI / CF35 (thermo-) elastic
- * UD PEEK / CF55 elastic & elastoplastic
- * UD PEEK / CF65 elastic & elastoplastic
- Unit System Management
 - MPa / Pa / SI / CGS / FPS / psi / ksi
 - 2 additional unit systems can be defined by the user
 - Capabilities
 - * Import & assign unit system
 - * Convert between unit systems
 - $\ast\,$ Store & export with new unit system
- Reverse Engineering
 - Upgrade of the optimization engine (use of Dakota 5.4)
 - Improved algorithm for progressive failure
- Encryption
 - Encrypt for groups
 - Encryption of hybrid parameters
 - Support of unit system management

Digimat-MAP

- Short Fiber Reinforced Plastics: Simpoe Molding (.xml format)
- Long Fiber Thermoplastics: Read & map additional data
 - Variable aspect ratio
 - * Moldex3D (3D elements)
 - * Molflow (Midplane)
 - Variable volume fraction: Moldex3D (3D elements)
- Woven
 - Read & map warp / weft
 - Interfaces to draping simulations
 - * PAM-FORM
 - * Digimat open format (.xml based)
- Micro computer tomography (μ-CT)
 - Read & map data from μ -CT
 - * Fiber orientation
 - * Fiber concentration
 - Interface to Volume Graphics (VGStudio MAX)
- Casting
 - Interface to MAGMASOFT
 - Read & map data from casting simulations (Local pore concentration)
- Initial Stresses: Export to ANSYS

Digimat-CAE

- Hybrid Solution
 - Speed-Up in the generation of Hybrid parameters: Parallelization of the Hybrid pre-processor
 - Support of material models
 - * Viscoelasticity (with failure)
 - * Viscoelastic-Viscoplasticity (with failure)
 - Support of failure models
 - * Tension-Compression differentiation (Stress based)
 - * Per-phase standard failure criteria (Multiple failure surfaces)
 - Reduced memory consumption
- Failure
 - Tension-Compression differentiation based on the transversely isotropic Tsai-Wu model
 - Progressive Failure
 - * Speed-Up
 - * Improved robustness
 - SIFT failure criteria
 - Usage of failure criteria: FPGF criteria (PGA/PGB/PGC) merged to one output
- SFRP: Simpoe-Molding (Support of .xml file format)
- Long Fiber Thermoplastics (LFT)
 - Fiber bundling / nonlinear supported with the Hybrid solution method
 - Moldflow Midplane: coupled analyses based on variable aspect ratio
 - Moldex3D: coupled analyses based on variable aspect ratio & volume fraction (3D)
- Woven / Draping
 - Support of the advanced woven model with the Micro solution
 - $* 2^{1/2}$ D Woven
 - * 2D Braided
 - Interface to PAM-FORM: coupled analyses based on local warp / weft data
 - Use data in the Digimat open format: ASCII based exchange format for local warp / weft information to be transferred from any type of draping analysis (e.g., internal user solutions based on explicit solvers)
- Computer Tomography (µ–CT): interface to Volume Graphics
 - Data export from VGStudio MAX Fiber Composite interface (Greyscale image analysis of μ–CT data)
 - Coupled analyses based on local fiber orientation & volume fraction
- Casting: interface to MAGMASOFT. Coupled analyses based on distribution of porosity.
- FE solvers
 - Marc
 - * Large rotations (Solid elements, isothermal analyses)
 - * Support of version 2012 (Linux 64bit)
 - * Support of version 2013.1 (Windows / Linux 64bit)
 - Abaqus Support of version 6.13 (Windows / Linux 64bit)
 - ANSYS Support of version 15.0 (Windows / Linux 64bit)
 - PAM-CRASH
 - * Support of version 2013 (Windows / Linux 64bit)
 - * Support of UD / Woven
- GUI
 - Display of unit system in use
 - Usage of failure criteria simplified

Digimat-RP

- Shell modeling
 - Templates for coupled analyses with SHELL
 - Visualization
 - * Thickness
 - * Layer-by-layer properties
- Unit System Management : MPa / Pa / SI / CGS / FPS / psi / ksi
- Stiffness & Failure
 - Parallel generation of Hybrid parameters
 - Tension compression differentiation
- FEA solvers
 - SAMCEF
 - Radioss (SOLID modeling)
- Injection molding simulations

 - REM3D (support of .mtc file format)
 SIMPOE (support of .xml file format)
 - Moldflow midplane (support of .xml and .ele file format)
 - Moldex midplane (support of .ele file format)
- GUI: New visualization engine

Bug fixes and minor improvements

- Digimat-MF
 - Second-order homogenization: bug fix
 - Woven: engineering moduli only computed for orthotropic stiffnesses
 - Fatigue: Improved parameter definition (number of cycles, Sa, GUI) and Reverse Engineering capabilities
 - Coating: Correct density computation with coated voids
 - Thermo-Elastoplasticity & Thermo-Elastoviscoplasticity: Poisson ratio correctly handled as a function of the temperature
- Digimat-MX
 - Database handling
 - * Status of created DB (started/stopped, with or without service)
 - * Improve delete grade process (interesting for very large DB)
 - * Improve update of DB with the use of service
 - Import: reset loading angle during import process
 - Reverse Engineering: Keep the initial orientation after RE
- Digimat-CAE

 - SFRP HYBRID solution / explicit: convergence issues fixed
 Woven HYBRID solution: Improvement in the generation of parameters for small angles (around 45°)
 - Viscoelasticity: fix for non-constant Poisson's ratios
 - Progressive failure: fix for element deletion trigger
 - MuČell®: Support of shell elements
 - Interface to Abagus Standard: fix for shell composites
 - Ansys PlugIn
 - * Layer thickness correctly taken into account with .dof files
 - * Improved management of layered sections

II.1.14 Digimat 5.0.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 5.0.1.

Digimat Platfrom & GUIs

- New platform design & structure
 - Tools
 - Solutions
 - eXpertise
- 2D plots Improved Robustness
 New GUI library

Digimat-MF

- Standard Failure
 - Unified treatment of all failure indicators
 - * Linear formulation that can easily be linked to the security factor
 - Termination of analysis
 - * Based on critical value
- First Pseudo Grain Failure
 - Consistent formulation for pseudo grain counting (PGA) and averaging (PGC)
 - * PGA / PGC normalized based on critical values
 - * User choice to enforce threshold when using PGC
 - Termination of analysis
 - * Based on critical value
- Progressive Failure
 - Failure
 - * Hashin 2D
 - * Hashin 3D
 - * Hashin-Rotem 2D
 - Damage
 - * Matzenmiller/Lubliner/Taylor (MLT)
 - * Individual damage evolution functions
 - * Stabilization control using viscous regularization
- Thermal Analyses
 - Conductivity with temperature dependent parameters

Digimat-MX

- Reverse Engineering Enhanced Capabilities & Robustness
 - Failure FPGF / Tsai-Hill 3D transversely isotropic
 - * Stress based
 - * Strain based
 - Thermo-mechanical
 - * Thermo-elastic
 - * Thermo-elastoplastic
- Transversely isotropic materials
- Public Data
 - Generic grades
 - * Glass fiber reinforced epoxy
 - * Carbon fiber reinforced epoxy

Digimat-CAE

- Woven Composites Robustness & Speed-Up
 - Support of Hybrid solution method
 - Material
 - * Elastic
 - * Elastoplastic
 - * Elasto-Viscoplastic
 - Microstructure definition
 * Basic & homogeneous yarns
 - Failure definition
 - * Per-phase (matrix & fibers)
- Failure
 - Solution control independent from physical failure parameters
 - Numerical flag set when physical threshold parameter exceeded (criteria > critical value)
 Actions initiated by numerical flag
 - * Stop analysis implicit (except for LS-DYNA)
 - * Delete elements explicit & implicit (LS-DYNA)
- Thermal & Thermo-Mechanical Analyses
 - Improved robustness support of hybrid solution method
 - Thermo-elastic
 - * Thermo-elastoplastic
 - FE solvers
 - * Marc (thermo-mechanical analyses)
 - * Abaqus Standard (thermal analyses)
- CAE software
 - MSC Nastran SOL 400
 - * Support of version 2013.1 delivered & licensed via MSC
 - MSC Nastran SOL 700
 - * Support of version 2013.1 delivered & licensed via MSC
 - LS-DYŃA
 - * Support of linear solution for shell elements
 - * Support of version 6.1 increased robustness

Digimat-RP

NEW MODULE ADDED

- Easy setup of 3D coupled analyses
- Processing
 - Types
 - * Injection / Injection-Compression / Compression molding
 - Software
 - * Moldflow3D
 - * Moldex3D
 - * Sigmasoft
 - * 3D TIMON
- Material
 - 2-phase materials
 - Short & long fiber reinforced plastics
 - Input
 - * Generic
 - * From Digimat-MX
 - * From Digimat-MF
 - * From File (.daf & .mat)
 - Support of encryption
- FEM solvers
 - Marc
 - MSC Nastran (SOL400 & SOL700)
 - Abaqus (Standard & Explicit)
 - Ansys
 - LS-DYNA (Implicit & Explicit)
- Solution methods
 - Macro, Micro, Hybrid
 - User defined templates
- Job management
 - Submission
 - Monitoring

Examples Manual

- Examples Manual
 - Överview over all ready-to-run examples
 - Platform
 - * Delivered by a separated installer
 - * Consistent between common browser types
 - Examples added for
 - * Digimat-MF
 - * Digimat-FE
 - * Digimat-CAE
 - * Digimat-MAP
 - * Digimat-RP
 - * Digimat-HC

II.1.15 Digimat 4.5.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 4.5.1.

Digimat-MF

- Improved application of loading conditions
 - Better prediction of experimental data for short fiber reinforced plastics and UD composites
 - * Tension with off-axis oriented fiber
 - Shear

Digimat-MX

- Installation
 - MX database installed into Digimat working directory by default
- Public database
 - SOLVAY new supplier, materials added
 - * Ketaspire KT-880 GF30
 - * Avaspire AV-651 GF30 BG20

Digimat-CAE

- Hybrid Solution
 - Improved accuracy for the anisotropic nonlinear hardening
 - Elastoplastic
 - * Elasto-viscoplastic
- Post-Processing of short fiber reinforced plastics results as a function of the local fiber orientation
 - Micro & Hybrid solution procedures
 - Default output
 - * First eigenvalue of orientation tensor a_{ij}
 - * Ratio between apparent stiffness (computed from local orientation) & ideal stiffness (computed in fiber direction)
 - User choice
 - * Scalar product between the first eigenvectors of the orientation a_{ij} and the stress tensor σ_{ij}
- Initial stresses
 - Support of ANSYS v14.5
- Support of FEA Software
 - Abaqus 6.12
 - * Windows 32bit
 - * Windows 64bit
 - * Linux 64bit
 - Radioss v11

II.1.16 Digimat 4.4.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 4.4.1.

Digimat-MF

- Long Fiber Thermoplastics
 - Fiber bundling model: prediction of linear elastic stiffness
- Woven Composites
 - Advanced woven model: prediction of linear elastic stiffness based on weave pattern
 - Digimat GUI: advanced woven builder including
 - * Yarn definition
 - * Weave pattern definition
 - * Visualization
- Creep
 - Digimat GUI: creep & relaxation loading
- Failure
 - Strain based Tsai-Hill-3D transversely isotropic failure criteria
 - Smoother behavior of FPGF model
 - * Based on average failure criteria over all pseudo grains
 - Computation of 2D failure in the FPGF model performed in the most critical plane
 - Digimat GUI: improved & clarified workflow
- Fatigue
 - Pseudo grain based model: prediction of anisotropic $\mathsf{S}(\mathsf{N})$ curves enhanced to multilayered microstructures
 - Matrix based fatigue model: prediction of anisotropic S(N) curves dependent on fiber volumemass fraction
 - Digimat GUI: improved definition & display of S(N) curves
- Temperature dependencies
 - Plastic strain multipliers dependent on the temperature
- Time dependencies
 - General dependency of parameters in Digimat materials as a user defined function of time (e.g., to describe curing, crystallization, ...)
- Workflow & General Improvements
 - Loading: uniaxial direction defined via theta & phi angle
 - Microstructure: load layer definition from generic .csv formatted files
 - Export: isotropic material cards available for RADIOSS & PAM-CRASH

Digimat-FE

- RVE Generation
 UD composites: periodic boundary conditions
- Interfaces
 Support of ANSYS v14.5
- Workflow & General Improvements

 Microstructure: load layer definition from generic .csv formatted files

Digimat-MX

- Public Database
 - Material suppliers: new data available
 - * Evonik Industries
 - * Sabic
 - Generic material models, (thermo-)elastic & (thermo-)elastoplastic
 - * e-Xstream engineering
- Data import
 - Linear elastic: direct input of moduli
 - From Excel sheets: easy copy paste of general tabular data
- Reverse Engineering
 - Simplified procedures for non-material experts

Digimat-CAE

- Digimat LINEAR solution
 - Linear analyses based on
 - * Direct engineering (input of matrixfiber properties)
 - * Generic material data
 - * Digimat analysis .daf files
 - No license blocked during coupled analysis runs
 - No license necessary to read local microstructure
- Micro Solution
 - Speed-Up: about 10 20 % gain in CPU for shell models
- Hybrid Solution
 - Speed-Up: about 30 50% gain in CPU
 - Memory consumption: decrease of about 40%
 - Improvements on failure modeling
 - * Strain based failure
 - * Full strain rate dependency

- Input: support of 2nd order homogenization
- Generation of Hybrid parameters
 - Multiple runs in the same folder
 - * Re-running parameters by user choice
- Interfaces to FEA
 - MSC Nastran SOL400: new interface (single processor Windows)
 - Marc Mentat plug-in
 - Support of
 - * ANSYS v14.5, Marc 2011, Marc 2012 (Win64bit), Nastran 2013 (Win64bit)
 - SAMCEF
 - * Support of 2nd order solid elements
- Interfaces to Processing Software
 - Injection molding
 - * SIMPOE: new interface (via MAP)
 - * Moldex3D: enhancements for 3D (temperature fields, weld lines, initial stresses)
 - * Moldex3D: new interface for 2D (fiber orientations)
 - Compression molding
 - * Moldflow (3D analyses)
 - * Moldex3D (3D analyses)
 - Injection-compression molding
 - * Moldflow (3D analyses)
 - * Moldex3D (3D analyses)
 - MuCell[™]
 - * Moldflow (2D analyses)
 - * Moldex3D (3D analyses)
- Interfaces to Life Time Prediciton Software
 - nCode DesignLife (2D & 3D analyses)
- Automated procedures
 - Mesh superposition by gravity center & axes of inertia
 - 3D Mapping

Digimat-MAP

- Tools
 - Measurement of distance & angle between picked nodes
 - Mesh superposition by gravity center & axes of inertia
- Cross Mapping
 - From 3D volume to 2D shell meshes
- Meshes & Formats

 Nastran, SAMCEF: support of 2nd order solid elements, SIMPOE
- Fiber Related Post Processing
 - Visualization of material properties at an integration point

Digimat Documentation

- New section
 - Map module: description of batch mode
- New guidelines: Reverse Engineering
 - Creep of SFRP with the elasto-viscoplastic material model
 - Failure of SFRP with the Tsai-Hill 3D transversely isotropic stress or strain based failure indictor using FPGF
- Example manual Platform
 - Updated & new examples
 - Project: Semi-automated procedures for RE of failure of SFRP with the Tsai-Hill 3D transversely isotropic stress or strain based failure indictor using FPGF

II.1.17 Digimat 4.3.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 4.3.1.

Digimat-MF

- Creep
 - Interaction law: new linearization method
- Thermo-Viscoelastic Material Model
 - For high strain rate dependency & creep behavior of composites
 - Three time shift functions (Arrhenius, WLF, piecewise linear)
- Thermo-Elasto-Viscoplastic Material Model
 Time law for creep behavior of composites
- Failure
 - Stress based Tsai-Hill-3D transversely isotropic failure criterion
- Fatigue
 - Pseudo-grain fatigue model enhanced to full 3D description
- GUI
 - Clear distinction for strain rate dependent material models
 - * High strain rates
 - * Creep
 - Improvements in tooltips

Digimat-FE

- Enhanced Flexibility in Phase Generation
- User Definition of Inclusion Positions
- Enhanced Clustering
- Interface to ANSYS
 Support of v14.0
- GUI
 - New GUI structure
 - Improvements in tooltips

Digimat-MX

- New Database Tools
 - Advanced filter
 - Import data
- Enhanced Database Tools
 Reverse Engineering
- GUI
 - New GUI structure

Digimat-CAE

- Failure
 - HYBRID failure available in combination with both solutions methods, MICRO and HYBRID
 - Recommended procedures for workflow between Tsai-Hill-3D transversely isotropic criterion and HYBRID failure
- HYBRID solution
 - Improvement in memory management leading to
 - * Faster initialization of CAE analyses
 - $\ast\,$ Up to 50% decrease in memory consumption during CAE runs
- LMS Virtual.Lab Durability
 - Pseudo-grain based fatigue model available in interface to lifetime prediction software
- SAMCEF
 - HYBRID solution method available with Mecano solver
 - Support of Dynam method for vibrational analysis
- ANSYS
 - Support of v14.0
- GUI
 - Improvements in tooltips

Digimat-MAP

- Speed-Up
 - Increased mapping speed especially for large models (tetrahedral elements)
- Moldflow models
 - Automated scaling by factor 1000 (Dual view / superpose function)
- GUI
 - Improvements in tooltips

Digimat Installation

- New installation procedures
 - 3rd party products installed independently from Digimat core product
 - 2 archives to download, one installer to lead through the full installation workflow

Digimat Documentation

- Improved description of installation procedures
- Enhanced Example manual platform
- Recommended procedures for reverse engineering

II.1.18 Digimat 4.2.1

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 4.2.1.

Digimat-MF

- Fatigue model: prediction of orientation dependent SN curves for high cycle fatigue
 - 2 phase composite materials
 - Linear elastic material
 - Based on pseudo grain approach
- Improved description of FPGF failure criteria
 - Storage of full stress/strain data per pseudo grain
- Export of homogenization results as material cards ready to use with FEA solvers
 - Linear elastic / elastoplastic behavior (single curve)
 - Abaqus, ANSYS, Marc, LS-DYNA, RADIOSS and PAM-CRASH
- Improved user friendliness
 - Automated display of homogenization results per analysis (curve plot & stiffness)
 - Simplified input of special microstructures (short fibers, UD and woven composites)
 - Clear separation between static/dynamic and fatigue failure criteria
- General corrections:
 - Correction of the computation of shear elastic stiffness affecting linear behavior of small strain material models when using orthotropic closure.

Digimat-FE

- Full pre-/post processing workflow available for computations using ANSYS Workbench

Digimat-MX

- Redesign of database structure including
 - Handling data by user/ group permission
 - Sharing data between groups
- New GUI based reverse engineering tool including
 - Workflow user friendly oriented approach
 - Definition of one microstructure per experimental curve defined by an orientation tensor
 - Display of optimization progress
- Enhancements in the encryption technology

- Encrypted data in MXDB
- Multi selection of data to encrypt
- Interface to Materiality database (provided by DatapointLabs)

Digimat-CAE

- CPU Speedup through
 - New "HYBRID" solution method (focus on macroscopic material properties, available for elastoplastic and elasto-viscoplastic material models)
 - Improvements in the handling of output data
- Macroscopic failure indicator taking advantage of the improvements in the FPGF failure description (available in combination with the new "HYBRID" solution method)
- Interface to LMS Virtual.Lab Durability for fatigue analysis
- Interface to Simulayt drapage technology
- Interface to LS-DYNA implicit
- Interface to Marc
- Enhancements in SAMCEF interface (multi-processor, 64-bit, Linux)
- Updated Sigmasoft interface (fiber orientation, residual stresses, weld lines)
- Enhancements in the encryption technology

 Capability to add readable parameters to an encrypted file (e.g., failure indicators, analysis settings, ...)
- Support of Abaqus Part/Assembly data structure
- Support of ANSYS .inp data structure via the Workbench Plug-In

Digimat-MAP

- Improved handling of orientation tensors including
 - (Automated) re-mapping for element set without orientation tensors after mapping
 - Manual setting of orientation tensors for element sets without orientation information after mapping
 - Enhancements of automated checks of physicality of orientation data (upon reading and writing of orientation files)
- Improved graphical display of 2nd order meshes
- New display options of element sets:
 - By material ID (with ANSYS .cdb file)
 - By section and element type (with Patran .pat file)
- Support of SAMCEF mesh format

Digimat GUI

- Improved user friendliness: automated graphical display of user input for — Material properties (e.g., stress/strain curve)
 - Microstructure information (e.g., aspect ratio, orientation tensor)

Digimat Documentation

- New structure with focused improvements on
 - Dedicated chapter: Detailed description of installation procedures & workflow
 - Appendices: Overview over capabilities & limitations of the software
- Available as PDF document

II.1.19 Digimat 4.1.2

In this section of the documentation, you can find all major changes that are in Digimat 4.1.2.

Digimat-MF

- Temperature dependent models: consistency between Digimat material models and output.
 - Thermal strain in thermo-elasticity: the initial strains are assumed to be zero as when using thermoelastoplasticity or thermo-elastoviscoplasticity.
 - Display stiffness matrices and engineering data outputs at initial or final temperature/time when working with thermal or time dependencies.
- Enhanced management of default parameters in analysis settings:
 - Linearization method: discrete affine method automatically chosen as default for elastoviscoplastic and viscoelastic-viscoplastic material models.
 - Multi-inclusion homogenization: coatings automatically correctly handled with multi-level scheme.
- General corrections:
 - Automated warning that classical failure cannot be mixed with FPGF in the same .mat file
 - CTE output is given in the .dsf and .stf files.
 - Improved output management.

Digimat-FE

- General corrections:
 - Restart analyses with modification in the analysis definition.

Digimat-MX

- Multiple selections of Material Explorer and Data Explorer entries for deletion, selection, export or plot.
- Improved behavior of the Material Information frame when displaying the grade definition for modification or at import.
- General corrections:
 - When importing a thermo-dependent Digimat analysis, extracted Digimat materials contain the thermo-dependency functions of the parameters.
 - A database cluster can be created in a folder with a path name containing blank space.
 - Large comment information field can be modified.
 - PDF datasheet generation possible for grades containing large comment field.
 - Stabilized behavior for stopping the server after a reverse engineering analysis.
 - Digimat analysis files containing reinforcement by rigid inclusions can be imported.
 - Improvement of MX messages to the user.
 - Possibility to delete material trees containing more than 20 experimental data entries.

Digimat-CAE

- CPU time reduction: general improvements in the code and convergence schemes.
- Stiffness update delay (SUD): improved formulation for combination of SUD with elasto-viscoplastic materials.
- Convergence stabilization: improvement in the algorithm enforcing plane stress condition for shell elements leading to a better convergence rate. These improvements are particularly effective when using elasto-viscoplastic materials.
- Multi-layer material: Digimat material (.daf) files defined as multi-layers can be used to set up coupled analyses via Digimat-CAE and the Digimat plugins.
- Failure indicators: Local axis system can be used to define failure criteria in both phases of two-phase composites as well as on the macroscopic level.
- Interface to ANSYS:
 - Stabilization of installation on single partition
 - Compatibility with ANSYS 13.0.
 - Compatibility of ANSYS wizard with Digimat material (.daf) files from older Digimat versions (4.0.2 and below).
 - WB wizard support of Digimat material (.daf) files containing blank spaces in the filename.
- General corrections:
 - Handling of orientation tensor defined in the Digimat material (.daf/.mat) files.
 - Output of failure criteria for homogeneous materials.
 - Applying failure criteria for element deletion even if not requested as output.
 - Handling of encrypted mat files in Digimat-CAE GUI
 - RADIOSS: Element deletion triggered when all integration points have failed.



Supported systems

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II.2.1 Licensing systems

The current version of Digimat supports the MSC license manager 10.5. It enables both floating and node-locked (file based) licensing.

II.2.2 Operating systems

Two different operating systems are supported for one or several of the Digimat products. Digimat products are supported on Windows 64 bits platforms as follows:

• Windows 7 64 bits and Windows 10 64 bits are supported.

In addition of those,

- Linux x86-64 bits: most distributions using GLIBC \geq 2.17 and GLIBCXX \geq 3.4.19, including Red Hat 7.X and Suse \geq 11 is also supported for the following products:
 - Digimat-MF (batch mode, no GUI)
 - Digimat-FE (batch mode, no GUI)
 - Digimat-CAE
 - * Abaqus/Standard & Abaqus/Explicit
 - * ANSYS Mechanical
 - * LS-DYNA
 - * Marc
 - * MSC Nastran SOL1XX
 - * MSC Nastran SOL400
 - * OptiStruct
 - * PAM-CRASH
 - * PERMAS
 - * SAMCEF
- Linux x86-64 bits: most distributions using GLIBC \geq 2.12 and GLIBCXX \geq 3.4.13, including Red Hat 6.3 is also supported for the following products:
 - Digimat-MF (batch mode, no GUI)
 - Digimat-CAE
 - * Abaqus/Standard & Abaqus/Explicit
 - * LS-DYNA
 - * PAM-CRASH

II.2.3 Digimat GUI

Graphical user interfaces of all Digimat products are only available on Windows platforms with graphical card supporting OpenGL3.3. Update of graphical card driver can be necessary.

II.2.4 Digimat-CAE

Digimat-CAE computations can be run both on Windows and Linux platforms. Virtual machine can be also used. Certain restrictions do however apply as to the supported software versions, the parallelization possibility and the type of processors that are used. The table below summarizes this information.

| | | Win64 | Linux64 |
|--|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Digimat-CAE / Abaqus | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 2017, 2018, 2019 | Parallel | Yes ^a | Yes ^b |
| Digimat-CAE / ANSYS | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 19.2, 2019R1 (aka 19.3) | Parallel | Yes ^c | Yes ^d |
| Digimat-CAE / ANSYS Fluent | Sequential | Yes | No |
| 17.0, 17.2, 18.0, 18.1 | Parallel | Yes ^e | No |
| Digimat-CAE / LS-DYNA | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| R9.3.0, R10.1, R10.2 | Parallel | Yes ^c | Yes ^d |
| Digimat-CAE / Marc | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 2018.0, 2018.1 | Parallel | Yes ^f | Yes ^g |
| Digimat-CAE / MSC Nastran SOL1XX | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 2014.0, 2014.1, 2016.0, 2016.1, 2017.0, 2018.0 | Parallel | Yes | Yes |
| Digimat-CAE / MSC Nastran SOL400 | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| Unknown ^h | Parallel | Yes | Yes |
| Digimat-CAE / OptiStruct | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 13.0, 14.0 | Parallel | Yes | Yes |
| Digimat-CAE / PAM-CRASH | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 2016.0, 2017.0, 2018.01 | Parallel | Yes ^b | Yes ^b |
| Digimat-CAE / PERMAS | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| V16 | Parallel | Yes | Yes |
| Digimat-CAE / SAMCEF | Sequential | Yes | Yes |
| 16.3, 17.2 | Parallel | Yes | Yes |
| Digimat-CAE / nCode DesignLife | Sequential | Yes | No |
| 2018.1 | Parallel | No | No |

^aDMP parallelization using MS-MPI.

^bDMP parallelization using Platform-MPI. ^cDMP parallelization using Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI or MS-MPI

^dDMP parallelization using Intel-MPI or Platform-MPI ^eDMP parallelization using Platform-MPI or MS-MPI

^fDMP parallelization using Intel-MPI or MS-MPI. ^gDMP parallelization using Intel-MPI.

^hSince Digimat libraries are shipped with the Nastran installer after the Digimat release, please refer to the Nastran SOL400 documentation to know which Digimat version is supported.

Table II.2.1: Supported platforms for each Digimat-CAE product.



Supported CAE software

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II.3.1 Digimat-CAE

Digimat-CAE/Abaqus

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following versions of Abaqus software:

- Abaqus 2017
- Abagus 2018
- Abaqus 2019

The Digimat plug-in for Abaqus/CAE is supported for the following versions of Abaqus software:

- Abaqus 2017
- Abaqus 2018
- Abaqus 2019

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Linux (64bit with Platform-MPI)

The following combinations/versions of Abaqus software are NOT supported with Digimat 2019.1:

All Abaqus 201X-EFy versions or similar

The supported Abaqus/Standard formulations for shell elements are

- First order triangle STRI3, S3, S3R
- First order quadrangle S4, S4R, S4R5
- Second order triangle STRI65
- Second order quadrangle S8R, S8R5

The supported Abaqus/Explicit formulations for shell elements are

- First order triangle S3
- First order quadrangle S4, S4R

The supported Abaqus/Standard formulations for solid elements are

- First order tetrahedron C3D4, C3D4H
- First order pentahedron C3D6, C3D6H
- First order hexahedron C3D8, C3D8R, C3D8H, C3D8I
- Second order tetrahedron C3D10, C3D10M, C3D10MH, C3D10H, C3D10I, C3D10HS
- Second order hexahedron C3D20, C3D20R, C3D20H

The supported Abaqus/Explicit formulations for solid elements are

- First order tetrahedron C3D4
- First order pentahedron C3D6, C3D6H
- First order hexahedron C3D8, C3D8I
- Second order tetrahedron C3D10M

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of ANSYS software:

- ANSYS V19.2
- ANSYS 2019R1 (aka V19.3)

The ACT Digimat plug-in for ANSYS Workbench is supported for the following versions of ANSYS software:

- ANSYS V19.2 (Windows platform)
- ANSYS 2019R1 (Windows platform) (aka 19.3)

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Linux (64-bit)

The supported ANSYS formulations for shell elements are

- First order triangle/quadrangle 181
- Second order triangle/quadrangle 281

The supported ANSYS formulations for solid elements are

- First order tetrahedron/hexahedron 185
- Second order tetrahedron/hexahedron/pentahedron 186
- Second order tetrahedron 187
- First order tetrahedron with nodal pressures 285

Digimat-CAE/Marc

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of Marc software:

- Marc 2018.0
- Marc 2018.1

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of Mentat software (for Digimat to Mentat plugin):

- Mentat 2018.0
- Mentat 2018.1

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7
- Windows 10
- Linux (with Intel-MPI)

The following combinations/versions of Marc software are NOT supported with Digimat 2019.1:

Marc using HP-MPI for parallel computations under Linux

The supported Marc formulations for shell elements are

- First order quadrangle 18, 75, 139, 140
- Second order quadrangle 22, 30, 72
- First order triangle 138, 158
- Second order triangle 49, 200

The supported Marc formulations for solid elements are

- First order hexahedron 7, 84, 117
- First order tetrahedron 134
- First order tetrahedron with Hermann formulation 157 (for creep application)
- Second order hexahedron 21, 57
- Second order tetrahedron 127, 184
- Second order tetrahedron with Hermann formulation 130 (for creep application)
- First order pentahedron 136
- Second order pentahedron 202
- First order 8-node composite brick element 149 (only for continuous fibers)
- Second order 20-node composite brick element 150 (only for continuous fibers applications)

Digimat-CAE/MSC Nastran SOL400

Since Digimat libraries are shipped with the Nastran installer after the Digimat release, please refer to the Nastran SOL400 documentation to know which Digimat version is supported.

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Linux (64-bit)

The supported Nastran SOL400 formulations for shell elements are:

- CQUAD4
- CQUAD8
- CTRIA3
- CTRIA6

The supported Nastran SOL400 formulations for solid elements are:

- CPENTA
- CHEXA (8 and 20 nodes)
- CTETRA (4 and 10 nodes)

Digimat-CAE/SAMCEF

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of SAMCEF software:

- SAMCEF 16.3 (a.k.a. 16.1-04) i8 64bits (Windows and Linux)
- SAMCEF 17.2 (a.k.a. 17.1-03) i8 64bits (Windows and Linux)

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit with MS-MPI)
- Linux (64bit with MPICH)

Static libraries can be used for

- All above mentioned platforms / versions

The supported SAMCEF formulations for shell elements are

- Tri: 1st order (3-nodes) shell element
- Quad: 1st order (4-nodes) shell element

The supported SAMCEF formulations for solid elements are

- Tetra: 1st order (4-nodes) and 2nd order (10-nodes) 3D element
- Hexa: 1st order (8-nodes) and 2nd order (20-nodes) 3D element
- Wedge: 1st order (6-nodes) 3D element

Digimat-CAE/LS-DYNA

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of LS-DYNA software:

- LS-DYNA R9.1.0 (Windows 7 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.1.0 (Windows 10 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.1.0 (Linux 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI & Platform-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.2.0 (Windows 7 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.2.0 (Windows 10 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.2.0 (Linux 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI & Platform-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.3.0 (Windows 7 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.3.0 (Windows 10 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI, Platform-MPI & MS-MPI)
- LS-DYNA R9.3.0 (Linux 64-bit: single & double precision with Intel-MPI & Platform-MPI)

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following versions of LS-DYNA for Platform-MPI on Linux 64 bits:

```
LS-DYNA 9.1.0, Single, Platform-MPI:
   ls-dyna_mpp_s_r9_1_113698_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.1.0, Double, Platform-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_d_r9_1_113698_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.2.0, Single, Platform-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_s_r9_2_119543_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.2.0, Double, Platform-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_d_r9_2_119543_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.3.0, Single, Platform-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.3.0, Double, Platform-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_platformmpi_sharelib
Digimat 2019.1 supports the following versions of LS-DYNA for Intel-MPI on Linux 64 bits:
 LS-DYNA 9.1.0, Single, Intel-MPI:
   ls-dyna_mpp_s_r9_1_113698_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.1.0, Double, Intel-MPI:
   ls-dyna_mpp_d_r9_1_113698_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.2.0, Single, Intel-MPI:
   ls-dyna mpp s r9 2 119543 x64 redhat54 ifort131 sse2 intelmpi-413 sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.2.0, Double, Intel-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_d_r9_2_119543_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.3.0, Single, Intel-MPI:
    ls-dyna_mpp_s_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib
 LS-DYNA 9.3.0, Double, Intel-MPI:
   ls-dyna_mpp_d_R9_3_0_x64_redhat54_ifort131_sse2_intelmpi-413_sharelib
```

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Linux (64-bit)

Dynamic libraries are used for

LS-DYNA Linux operating systems

Static libraries are used for

LS-DYNA Windows operating systems

The following combinations/versions of LS-DYNA software are NOT supported with Digimat 2019.1:

SMP computations

The supported LS-DYNA formulations for shell elements are:

- 1 (Hughes-Liu)
- 2 (Belytschko-Tsay)
- 4 (Triangular Shell)
- 6 (S/R Hughes–Liu)
- 16 (Fully integrated): only for quadrangular, not for triangular elements

The supported LS-DYNA formulations for solid elements are:

- -2 (fully integrated S/R solid intended for elements with poor aspect ratio, accurate formulation)
- -1 (fully integrated S/R solid intended for elements with poor aspect ratio, efficient formulation)
- 1 (Constant Stress)
- 2 (S/R Solid)
- 3 (Quadratic 8 nodes)
- 4 (S/R tetrahedron)
- 10 (1pt tetrahedron)
- 13 (1pt tetrahedron) with LS-DYNA R7.1.2
- 16 (4 or 5 pt second order tetrahedron)
- 17 (10-noded composite tetrahedron with 4 or 5 pt second order tetrahedron)

Digimat-CAE/PAM-CRASH

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of PAM-CRASH software:

- PAM-CRASH 2016.0
- PAM-CRASH 2017.0
- PAM-CRASH 2018.01

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (DMP 64-bit with Platform-MPI)
- Windows 10 (DMP 64-bit with Platform-MPI)
- Linux (DMP 64-bit with Platform-MPI)

Dynamic libraries are used for

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)
- Linux (64-bit)

Linux (04-bit)

The following combinations/versions of PAM-CRASH software are NOT supported with Digimat 2019.1:

• SMP Parallel computation

The supported PAM-CRASH formulations for shell elements are:

- SHELL 4 nodes first order quadrangle/triangle
- TSHEL 4 nodes first order quadrangle/triangle
- MEMBR 4 nodes first order quadrangle/triangle

The supported PAM-CRASH formulations for solid elements are:

- SOLID 8 nodes first order hexahedron/tetrahedron/pentahedron
- PENTA6 6 nodes first order pentahedron
- TETR4 4 nodes first order tetrahedron
- TETRA and TETR10 10 nodes second order tetrahedron

Digimat-CAE/MSC Nastran SOL1XX

Digimat 2019.1 officially supports the following releases of MSC Nastran software:

- MSC Nastran 2014.0
- MSC Nastran 2014.1
- MSC Nastran 2016.0
- MSC Nastran 2016.1
- MSC Nastran 2017.0
- MSC Nastran 2017.1
- MSC Nastran 2018.0

Digimat should also work with older versions of MSC Nastran. However, these other versions have not been fully tested and, therefore, are not officially supported.

Digimat 2019.1 supports the same platforms as the above versions of MSC Nastran.

The supported Nastran SOL1XX formulations for shell elements are:

- CQUAD4
- CQUAD8
- CTRIA3
- CTRIA6

The supported Nastran SOL1XX formulations for solid elements are:

- CPENTA (6 and 15 nodes)
- CHEXA (8 and 20 nodes)
- CTETRA (4 and 10 nodes)

The supported Nastran SOL1XX element properties are:

- PSOLID for solid elements
- PSHELL and PCOMP for shell elements

Digimat-CAE/OptiStruct

Digimat 2019.1 officially supports the following releases of OptiStruct software:

- OptiStruct 13.0
- OptiStruct 14.0

Digimat should also work with older versions of OptiStruct. However, these other versions have not been fully tested and, therefore, are not officially supported.

Digimat 2019.1 supports the same platforms as the above versions of OptiStruct.

The supported OptiStruct formulations for shell elements are:

- CQUAD4
- CQUAD8
- CTRIA3
- CTRIA6

The supported OptiStruct formulations for solid elements are:

- CPENTA (6 and 15 nodes)
- CHEXA (8 and 20 nodes)
- CTETRA (4 and 10 nodes)

The supported OptiStruct element properties are:

- PSOLID for solid elements
- PSHELL and PCOMP for shell elements

Digimat-CAE/PERMAS

Digimat 2019.1 officially supports the following releases of PERMAS:

PERMAS V16

Digimat should also work with older versions of PERMAS. However, these other versions have not been fully tested and, therefore, are not officially supported.

Digimat 2019.1 supports the same platforms as the above version of PERMAS.

The supported PERMAS formulations for membrane/shell elements are:

- 3-noded triangles of type: TRIA3, TRIM3, TRIMS3, TRIA3K, SHELL3
- 4-noded quadrangles of type: SHEAR4, QUAD4, QUAM4, QUAMS, SHELL4

The supported PERMAS formulations for solid elements are:

- tetrahedra with 4 to 10 nodes: TET4, TET10
- hexahedra with 8 to 27 nodes: HEXE8, HEXF08, HEXE20, HEXE27
- pentahedra with 6 to 18 nodes: PENTA6, PENTA15, PENTA18
- 5-noded pyramids: PYRA5

The supported PERMAS materials are:

- homogeneous materials (\$MATERIAL)
- laminate materials (\$LAMINATE)

Digimat-CAE/nCode DesignLife

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of nCode software:

 nCode 2018.1, which supports Abaqus 2017, Abaqus 2018, and ANSYS 19.1 FE results files as long as the Digimat-CAE/nCode DesignLife interface is concerned

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

- Windows 7 (64-bit)
- Windows 10 (64-bit)

Digimat-CAE/ANSYS Fluent

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following releases of ANSYS Fluent software:

- ANSYS Fluent 17.0
- ANSYS Fluent 17.2
- ANSYS Fluent 18.0
- ANSYS Fluent 18.1

Digimat 2019.1 supports the following platforms:

• Windows 7 (64-bit)

II.3.2 Digimat-FE

Export to Abaqus/CAE

The Abaqus results post-processing capability is officially supported for Abaqus 2016 for Windows 64bits platform. ODB generated with newer versions of Abaqus are not supported.

Export to ANSYS Workbench

The ANSYS results post-processing capability is officially supported for ANSYS V18.0 and higher.

II.3.3 Digimat-MAP

File formats

FE software mesh files

- Abaqus (.inp) *
- ANSYS (.cdb / .inp / .dat / .ans)
- CADMOULD 3D-F (.cfe)
- I-DEAS (.unv)
- LS-DYNA (.key / .k / .dyn)
- Marc (.dat)
- Moldflow (.pat / .udm)
- MSC Nastran (.bdf / .dat / .nas)
- OptiStruct (.fem)
- PAM-CRASH (.pc)
- PAM-FORM (__M##)
- Patran (.pat)
- PERMAS (.uci, .dat)
- RADIOSS (.rad)
- REM3D (.t)
- SAMCEF (.dat)
- Simulayt (.layout)
- STL geometry (.stl)
- 3D TIMON (.msh)

* Please note that only flat models are supported in Digimat-MAP, assemblies are not.

FE software result files

Abaqus (.odb)

Injection molding software results files

- CADMOULD 3D-F (.txt, .car)
- Moldex 3D (.o2d)
- Moldex midplane (.ele.*)
- Moldflow 3D (.nod, .xml)
- Moldflow midplane (.ele.*, .str, .nod, .xml)
- REM3D (.mtc)
- SigmaSoft (.txt)
- Simpoe (.xml)
- 3D TIMON (.bou, .hou, .fou)
- 3D TIMON midplane (.dat)
- 3D TIMON Light3D (.unv, .tdr)
- VISI Flow (.xml)

(Injection) Compression molding software results files

- Moldex 3D (.o2d)
- Moldflow 3D (.xml)

Liquid composite molding software results files

PAM-RTM (.erfh5)

Casting software results files

- Magmasoft (.inp, .xml)
- ProCAST (.ntl)

Additive manufacturing data files

- G-code toolpaths (.gcode)
- Insight toolpaths (.txt): versions up to 2.2 are supported

Digimat internal file formats

- Digimat (.dof): format with an orientation tensor (or other type or data) defined at each integration
 point, instead of having an averaged orientation tensor per element as it is the case with all processing
 proprietary formats.
- Digimat (.dsf, .stf): formats with stiffness information, written out of coupled FEA, which can be visualized in Digimat-MAP.

Please note that the .dof and the .dsf formats are binary formats with better compression than plain text.

Digimat open file format for draping processes

• Digimat (.xml): open format containing mesh information (nodes and elements) and continuous fiber orientation for each element or integration point.

Data types

Fiber orientation tensors

- CADMOULD 3D-F (surface mesh)
 - Data is typically provided on 5 layers of the surface mesh (external surface of the geometry).
 - Digimat-MAP layer numbering matches CADMOULD definition, e.g.: layer 5 is positioned on the surface of the model, and layer 1 is the inside-most. Typically, when considering two opposite and parallel faces of the geometry, layer 1 corresponds to the middle surface; consequently, orientation data is the same on both external faces for layer 1.
- Moldex 3D (solid and shell elements)
- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- REM3D (solid elements)
- SigmaSoft (solid elements)
- Simpoe (solid elements)
- 3D TIMON (solid and shell elements)
- 3D TIMON Light3D (3D TIMON solid mesh)
 - The full data set consists of an orientation data file (.unv) and a thickness direction file (.tdr, hidden file).
 - The orientation data file provides the components of the orientation tensor for 10 layers, distributed along the thickness direction. It is organized in ML_ORIENTATION_TENSOR*T11T12T13

and ML_ORIENTATION_TENSOR*T22T23T33 blocks (where * stands for the layer ID). Each block provides the following informations:

- * on the 3 first lines, the name of the orientation components;
- * on the 4 next lines, some description about the load case, which is ignored;
- * several pairs of lines, each giving (on the first line) the original element ID, the number of components, then (on the next line) the tensor component values;
- * an ending line containing -1.
- The thickness direction file provides, for each element, the direction considered as the thickness direction. It is used by the mapping algorithm to determine, for each source tetrahedron element, which facet will be extruded to form the temporary 3D mesh. Note that for "bulk" elements, this direction corresponds to the normal to the free facet; for "edge" and "vertice" elements, we extrude the free facet whose normal is closest to the thickness direction, with an angular tolerance of 46° between these two vectors.

The thickness direction file is organized similarly to the orientation file, but with a single THICKNESS DIRECTION block providing the three components of the thickness direction vector. Digimat-MAP layer numbering follows this convention:

- * layer 1 corresponds to the ML_ORIENTATION_TENSOR10* blocks, and is positioned close to the external surface, e.g. at relative altitude Z = -1 + 1/40 w.r.t the source free facet;
- * layer 10 corresponds to the ML_ORIENTATION_TENSOR1* blocks, and is positioned close to the midsurface, e.g. at relative altitude Z = -1/2 + 1/40 w.r.t the source free facet;
- * layer 11 to 20 are the symmetric to layers 10 to 1 (respectively) w.r.t. the midsurface.
- VISI Flow (surface mesh)
 - Data file is organized in <Element> blocks, which provide the following informations:
 - * a link between two elements of the surface mesh, e.g. a "source" element (ID) and a "target" element (linkID);
 - * for "source" element, orientation data for 11 imaginary data point disposed uniformly along the line between the two linked elements centroids;
 - * for "target" element, orientation data at the element centroid.
 - For sake of comprehensiveness, the distinction between "source" and "target" element is ignored by Digimat-MAP field visualization tools.
 - Digimat-MAP layer numbering follows this convention:
 - * layer 1 corresponds to the last <Data> set in the <Element> block, and is positioned at the centroid of the source element (e.g. at relative altitude Z=0 w.r.t the source element);
- * layer 11 corresponds to the first <Data> set in the <Element> block, and is positioned at the centroid of the target element (e.g. at relative altitude Z=-1 w.r.t the source element). • Volume Graphics (.csv, also contains volume fractions)

Initial stresses

- Digimat XML (solid elements)
- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- Moldex3D (solid elements)
- SigmaSoft (solid elements)
- Simpoe (solid elements)
- Abaqus (export for CAE computation)
- ANSYS (export for CAE computation)

Initial temperatures

- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- Moldex3D (solid elements)
- Simpoe (solid elements)
- 3D TIMON (solid and shell elements)
- Abaqus (export for CAE computation)

Weld lines

- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- Moldex3D (solid elements)
- 3D TIMON (solid and shell elements)
- SigmaSoft (solid elements)

Porosity

- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- Moldex3D (solid elements)
- Magmasoft (.xml and .inp formats, solid elements and nodal data)
- ProCAST (solid elements and nodal data)
- PAM-RTM (solid elements and nodal data)

Volume fraction

- Moldex3D (solid elements, nodal data)
- Volume Graphics (.csv, also contains fiber orientation tensors)
- 3D TIMON (solid elements, nodal data)

Fiber length

- Moldflow (solid and shell elements)
- Moldex3D (solid elements)
- 3D TIMON (solid elements)

UD orientation

- Digimat XML (orientation vectors in global or local axis)
- PAM-FORM
- Aniform

Woven orientation

- Digimat XML (orientation vectors in global or local axis)
- PAM-FORM
- Aniform

Mesh formats

Abaqus

- Only 'flat' input files are supported, i.e., input files with neither assembly nor part instances definition.
- Element sets (*Elset) are supported (for mapping between subsets of elements).
 Included files (*Include) are supported as long as they are not encrypted.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: S3(R,RS), STRI3
 - Quad: S4(R,RS,RSW), S4R5

 - Tetra: C3D4(H,T), C3D10(H,M,I,HS) Hexa: C3D8(R,H,RH,I,IH), C3D20(R,H,RH)
 - Wedge: C3D6, C3D15
 - Pyra: C3D5

ANSYS (*.ans format)

- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri / Quad: ANSYS type 43, 63, 143, 181 and 281
 - Tetra / Hexa: ANSYS type 45, 64, 185, 186, 187 and 285

ANSYS (*.cdb, *.dat, *.inp format)

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the Real Id assigned to the elements.
- Included files are supported using the command /input, <file>, <ext>, <folder path>, <n>, or /input, <file path>, <ext>, , <n>,, where the file is read starting at line n. This last parameter is optional. Labels and /eof commands are not supported.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri / Quad: ANSYS type 41, 43, 63, 143, 157, 163 and 181
 - Tetra / Wedge / Hexa: ANSYS type 5, 45, 62, 64, 65, 70, 87, 90, 92, 95, 117, 122, 123, 164, 168, 185, 186, 187, 226, 227, 231, 232, 236, 237, 278, 279 and 285

Hexahedra degenerated to tetrahedra, pyra and wedge elements are supported, other degenerations are not supported.

CADMOULD

- Only 3D-F (surface mesh) format is supported.
- The following types of elements are supported: - Tri: 3-nodes linear triangular elements Bar elements (2-nodes linear bar) are ignored.

I-DEAS

- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: * Element types 41, 51, 61, 71, 91 (linear) – Quad: * Element types 44, 54, 64, 74, 94 (linear) * Element types 45, 55, 65, 75, 95 (quadratic) Tetra: * Element type 111 (linear) * Element type 118 (quadratic) – Hexa: * Element type 115 (linear) * Element type 116 (quadratic) - Wedge: * Element type 112 (linear)

LS-DYNA

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the Part Id
 assigned to the elements.
- Included files are supported (*INCLUDE, *INCLUDE_PATH, *INCLUDE_PATH_RELATIVE cards).
- *INCLUDE_TRANSFORM cards are partially supported (only node id offset, element id offset, part id offset and transformation id are taken into account).
- Option POS6P is not supported for *DEFINE_TRANSFORMATION cards.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Triangular and quadrangular (with reduced integration scheme) linear shells
 - Linear and quadratic (10 nodes-definition) tetrahedron elements; linear hexahedron (with reduced integration scheme) and linear wedge elements

Marc

- Element sets ("define element set") are supported (for mapping between subsets of elements).
- Included files ("include") are supported.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: Marc element type 6, 37, 49, 138, 155, 158, 200 (linear)
 - Quad: Marc element type 11, 18, 22, 30, 39, 72, 75, 80, 85, 86, 139, 140, 154, 186 (linear and quadratic)
 - Tetra: Marc element type 127, 130, 133, 134, 135, 157, 184 (linear and quadratic)
 - Hexa: Marc element type 7, 21, 43, 44, 57, 71, 84, 113, 117, 120, 123, 188 (linear and quadratic)
 - Wedge: Marc element type 136, 137, 192, 202, 203, 205, 238 (linear and quadratic)
 - Pyra: Marc element type 216, 217, 218, 219 (linear and quadratic)

Moldflow (*.udm format)

- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: Element type TRI3 (linear)
 - Tetra: Element type TET4 (linear)

MSC Nastran

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the Property Id
 assigned to the elements.
- Included files using the simple include 'file.dat' command are supported. The file name/path
 must be explicit and be single-token (no include 'file' '.dat'). The quotes are optional only if
 the command is single-line. Other variants are not supported.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: CTRIA3 (linear)
 - Quad: CQUAD4, CQUADR, CQUAD8 (linear and quadratic)
 - Tetra: CTETRA (linear and quadratic)
 - Hexa: CHEXA (linear and quadratic)
 - Wedge: CPENTA (linear)

OptiStruct

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the Property Id
 assigned to the elements.
- Included files using the simple include 'file.fem' command are supported. The file name/path
 must be explicit and be single-token (no include 'file' '.fem'). The quotes are optionnal only if
 the command is single-line. Other variants are not supported.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: CTRIA3 (linear)
 - Quad: CQUAD4, CQUADR, CQUAD8 (linear and quadratic)
 - Tetra: CTETRA (linear and quadratic)
 - Hexa: CHEXA (linear and quadratic)
 - Wedge: CPENTA (linear)

PAM-CRASH

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the definition of Groups of elements.
- Included files are supported (INCLU / command).
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Triangular and quadrangular linear shell elements
 - Linear and quadratic tetrahedron elements; linear hexahedron and wedge elements

Patran

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the element type and the cross section ID assigned of elements.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: Patran element type 3 (linear)
 - Quad: Patran element type 4 (linear)
 - Tetra: Patran element type 5 (linear and quadratic)
 - Hexa: Patran element type 8 (linear and quadratic)
 - Wedge: Patran element type 7 (linear and quadratic)

PERMAS

- Element sets (ESET) are supported (for mapping between subsets of elements).
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: SHELL3, TRIA3, TRIA3K, TRIA3S, TRIM3, TRIMS3, TRIM6 and TRIMS6 elements (linear)
 - Quad: SHELL4, QUAD4, QUAD4S, QUAM4, QUAMS4, SHEAR4, QUAM8, QUAM88, QUAM9 and QUAMS9 elements (linear)
 - Tetra: TET4 and TET10 elements (linear and quadratic)
 - Hexa: HEXE8, HEXF08, HEXE20 and HEXE27 elements (linear and quadratic)
 - Wedge: PENTA6, PENTA15 and PENTA18 elements (linear)

RADIOSS

- Different element sets are created (for mapping between subsets of elements) based on the definition of parts ID.
- Included files (#include) are supported in the Starter file.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: SH3N
 - Quad: SHELL
 - Tetra: TETRA4 (linear) & TETRA10 (quadratic)
 - Hexa: BRICK8 (linear) & BRIC20 (quadratic)

REM3D

- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tetrahedral elements

SAMCEF

- Included files are supported using the simple input "file.dat" command. Other variants are not supported.
- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Tri: 1st order shell element
 - Quad: 1st order shell element
 - Tetra: 1st order and 2nd order 3D element
 - Hexa: 1st order and 2nd order 3D element
 - Wedge: 1st order 3D element

STL geometry

- Both ASCII and binary STL formats are supported.
- The triangularization is loaded without remeshing, elements are assigned consecutive IDs starting from 1, in the same order as listed in the triangularization.
- Nodes are assigned consecutive IDs starting from 1, in the same order as listed in the triangularization, with two nodes considered as identical if they have exactly the same coordinates.

3D TIMON

- The following types of elements are supported:
 - Triangular and quadrangular linear shell elements
 - Tetrahedral, hexahedral and wedge linear elements

Part III

Windows Prerequisites

Windows Prerequisites III.1

Installation of prerequisites on Windows platforms

| III.1.1 Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 and .NET Framework 4.0 | 274 |
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| Step 0. Check if Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 is installed. | 274 |
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| III.1.3 Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2 | 301 |

III.1.1 Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 and .NET Framework 4.0

Installation of Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 and .NET Framework 4.0 is needed to use Digimat to LS-DYNA interface in order to build LS-DYNA executables containing Digimat libraries.

It is advised to make all next installation steps on a Windows 7 platform. Installation on a Windows 10 platform can fail.

In this section, DIGIMAT_INSTALL corresponds to the Digimat installation directory, e.g.:

C:\MSC.Software\Digimat

For installation of this software package please take the following steps.

Step 0. Check if Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 is installed.

- From Windows Start menu, open control panel and select Uninstall a program (see Figure III.1.1) and look for existing Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 installation (see figure III.1.2).
- If Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 is installed, next steps can be skipped.
- If Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 is not installed, it needs to be installed. Installer can be downloaded from Microsoft homepage
- Download the Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1 by clicking on the download button besides the file name winsdk_web.exe. See Figure III.1.3.
- In the appearing window click on save button to save winsdk_web.exe on your computer.

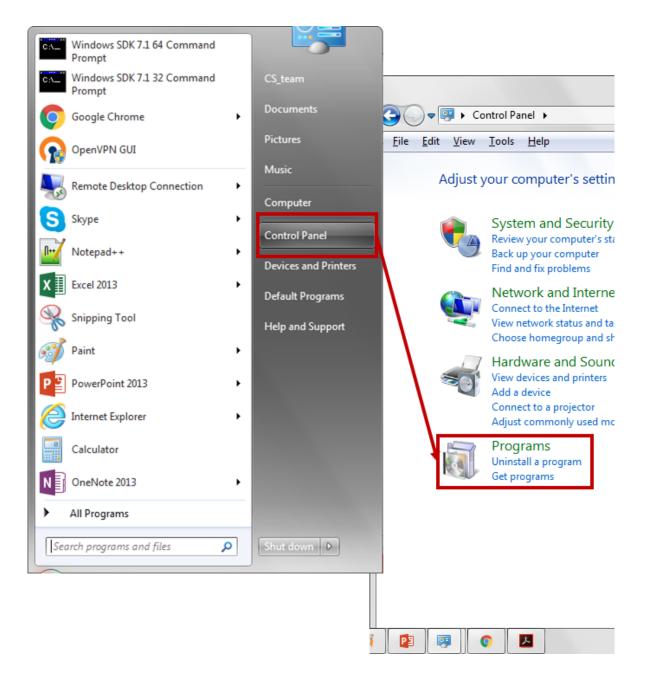


Figure III.1.1: Go in uninstallation programs procedure.

| 🕒 🔍 🗢 🕅 🕨 Control Panel 🛛 | Programs Programs and Features | |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| <u>File Edit View Tools H</u> el | p | |
| Control Panel Home | Uninstall or change a program | |
| View installed updates | To uninstall a program, select it from the list and then click Uninstall, Change, | |
| 🗿 Turn Windows features on or | | |
| off | Organize 👻 | |
| Install a program from the network | Name | Publisher |
| | Nicrosoft Windows SDK for Windows 7 (7.1) | Microsoft Corporatio |

Figure III.1.2: Check installation of Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1.

Microsoft Windows SDK for Windows 7 and .NET Framework 4

| Language: | English | Download |
|-----------|---------|----------|
| | | |

The Windows SDK provides tools, compilers, headers, libraries, code samples, and a new help system that developers can use to create applications that run on Microsoft Windows.



Figure III.1.3: Download the linker by clicking on the download button besides the file name winsdk_web.exe.

Step 1. Uninstall Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x64 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

- From Windows Start menu, open control panel and select Uninstall a program. See Figure III.1.1.
- If present, right-click on Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x64 Redistributables 10.0.40219 and click on uninstall. See Figure III.1.4.
- Answer "Yes" to the asked question. See Figure III.1.5.

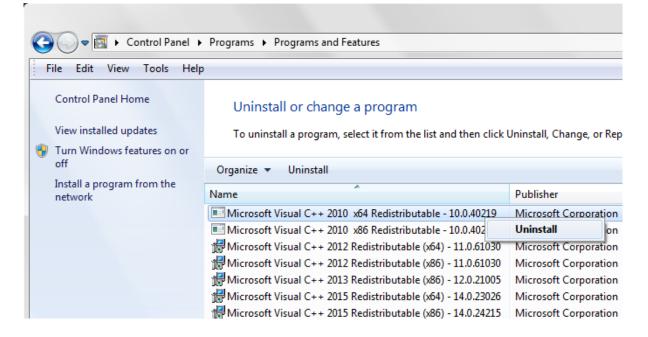


Figure III.1.4: Select Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x64 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

| Programs and Features | | |
|---|--------|--|
| Are you sure you want to uninstall Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x64 Redistributable - 10.0.40219? | | |
| In the future, do not show me this dialog box | Yes No | |

Figure III.1.5: Confirm uninstallation of Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x64 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

Step 2. Uninstall Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x86 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

- From Windows Start menu, open control panel and select Uninstall a program. See Figure III.1.1.
- If present, right-click on Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x86 Redistributables 10.0.40219 and click on uninstall. See Figure III.1.6.
- Answer "Yes" to the asked question. See Figure III.1.7.

| → → Control Panel File Edit View Tools Hel | Programs Programs and Features | |
|---|--|------------------------|
| The Edit view Tools Field | 4 | |
| Control Panel Home | Uninstall or change a program | |
| View installed updates | To uninstall a program, select it from the list and then click | Uninstall Change or F |
| Turn Windows features on or | To uninstan a program, select it norm the list and then click | oninstan, change, or i |
| off | Organize 🔻 Uninstall | |
| Install a program from the network | Name | Publisher |
| | Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x86 Redistributable - 10.0.40219 | Microsoft Corporati |
| | 🖟 Microsoft Visual C++ 2012 Redistributable (x64) - 11.0.61 | Uninstall |
| | Hicrosoft Visual C++ 2012 Redistributable (x86) - 11.0.61030 | Microsoft Corporati |
| | 🕼 Microsoft Visual C++ 2013 Redistributable (x86) - 12.0.21005 | Microsoft Corporati |
| | 🖟 Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable (x64) - 14.0.23026 | Microsoft Corporati |
| | 🖟 Microsoft Visual C++ 2015 Redistributable (x86) - 14.0.24215 | Microsoft Corporati |

Figure III.1.6: Select Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x86 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

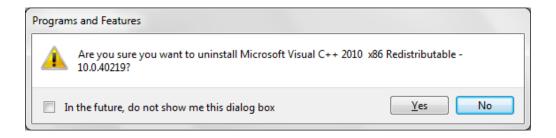


Figure III.1.7: Confirm uninstallation of Microsoft Visual C++ 2010 x86 Redistributables - 10.0.40219.

Step 3. Check if Microsoft .NET 4.0 is installed.

- Open the uninstallation program procedure (figure III.1.1) and look for existing Microsoft .NET 4.0 installation (see figure III.1.8).
- If Microsoft .NET 4.0 is installed, steps 4 and 5 can be skipped.
- If Microsoft .NET 4.0 is not installed, it needs to be installed. Installer can be found at Microsoft .NET 4.0 download page.

| G | Control Panel | Programs | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| E | ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp | 3 | |
| | Control Panel Home View installed updates | Uninstall or change a program To uninstall a program, select it from the list and | d then click Uninstall. Chang |
| æ | T WE IN COL | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| • | Turn Windows features on or off | Organize 💌 | |
| • | | Organize 👻 | Publisher |

Figure III.1.8: Check that .NET 4.0 is installed.

Step 4. Uninstall more recent version of Microsoft .NET.

To be able to install Microsoft .NET 4.0, it's needed to uninstall all Microsoft .NET versions that are more recent than 4.0 (4.5, 4.7, ...). Example of uninstallation process is given hereafter for Microsoft .NET 4.7. This operation needs to be repeated for each Microsoft .NET installation, e.g., Microsoft .NET 4.5, Microsoft .NET 4.5.1, Microsoft .NET 4.5.2... Those Microsoft .NET versions needs to be reinstalled after Microsoft .NET installation 4.0 will be installed. So, it is strongly advised to note which Microsoft .NET versions were installed.

- From Windows Start menu, open control panel and select Uninstall a program. See Figure III.1.1.
- Right-click on Microsoft .NET 4.7 and click on uninstall. See Figure III.1.9.
- Click on "Continue" (see Figure III.1.10)
- Microsoft .NET 4.7 is uninstalled (see Figure III.1.11). It can take a while.
- Close the uninstallation process (see Figure III.1.12)

In case of improper uninstallations of Microsoft .NET Framework superior to 4.0, Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 cannot be installed. The Framework Repair Tool may help to identify those improper uninstallations. Microsoft .NET Framework Repair Tool can be downloaded at Microsoft page.

| <u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> e | łp | |
|---|---|--------------------------|
| Control Panel Home | Uninstall or change a program | |
| View installed updates | To uninstall a program, select it from the list and the | n click Uninstall, Chang |
| Turn Windows features on or off | | |
| | Organize 🔻 Uninstall/Change | |
| Install a program from the network | Name | Publisher |
| | Net Microsoft .NET Compact Framework 3.5 | Microsoft Corporat |
| | Microsoft .NET Framework 4 Multi-Targeting Pack | Microsoft Corporat |
| | Microsoft .NET Framework 4.5 Multi-Targeting Pack | Microsoft Corporat |
| | Microsoft .NET Framework 4.7 | Microsoft Corporati |

Figure III.1.9: Select Microsoft .NET 4.7.

| Microsoft .NET Framework | × | | | |
|---|----------|--|--|--|
| Setup has detected the following conditions on this computer. It is recommended address these warnings before continuing. | that you | | | |
| Warnings: | | | | |
| Warnings: Uninstalling Microsoft .NET Framework may cause some applications to cease to function. | | | | |
| , More information about <u>blocked .NET Framework 4.7 installations</u> . | | | | |
| Continue | Close | | | |

Figure III.1.10: Confirm uninstallation of Microsoft .NET 4.7.

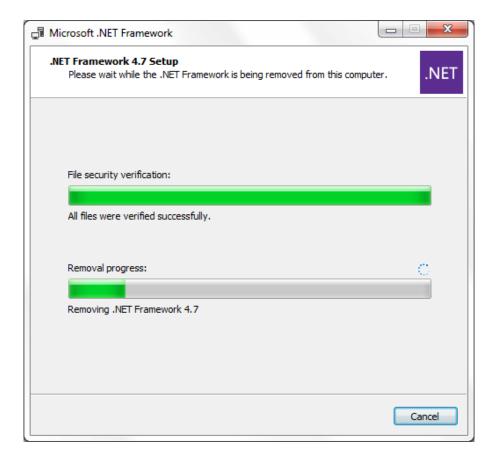


Figure III.1.11: Microsoft .NET 4.7 is uninstalled.



Figure III.1.12: Uninstallation of Microsoft .NET 4.7 is finished.

Step 5. Install Microsoft .NET 4.0

- Download Microsoft .NET 4.0 installer at Microsoft .NET 4.0 homepage.
- Execute File "dotNetFx40_Full_setup.exe".
- Accept the license terms and click on "Install". See Figure III.1.13.
- Installation is in progress. See Figure III.1.14.
- Installation is complete. See Figure III.1.15.

| Sources International Sector A Sector Microsoft .NET Framework 4 Sector A S | tup | | |
|--|--|---------|--------------------|
| .NET Framework 4 Setup Please accept the license term | is to continue. | | Microsoft" .NET |
| MICROSOFT SO | OFTWARF | | ^ |
| Thave read and accept the | | | |
| Download size estimate: | 54 MB | | |
| Download time estimates: | Dial-Up: 132 minutes Broadband: 9 minutes | | |
| | | Install | Cancel |

Figure III.1.13: Accept license terms of Microsoft .NET 4.0.

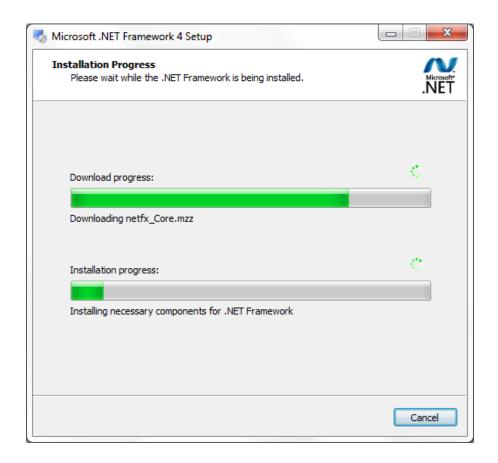


Figure III.1.14: Installation of Microsoft .NET 4.0.

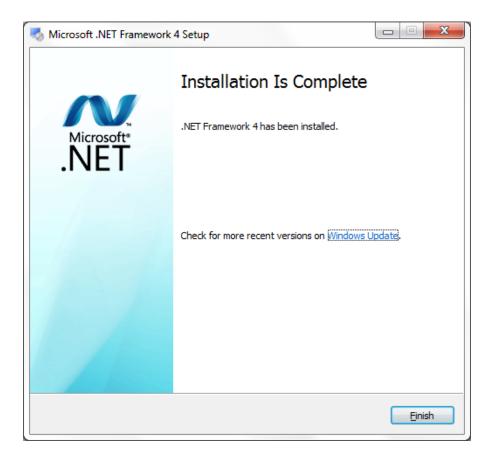


Figure III.1.15: End of installation of Microsoft .NET 4.0.

Step 6. Install Microsoft Windows SDK v7.1.

- Start the winsdk_web.exe Downloaded at step 0.
- In the first window of the setup wizard click on next. See Figure III.1.16
- Accept the End-User license agreement. See Figure III.1.17.
- Keep the default installation location. See Figure III.1.18.
- Install only the required components. See Figure III.1.19.
- Click on next. See Figure III.1.20.
- Installation in on-going. See Figure III.1.21.
- Installation is performed. Click on Finish.



Figure III.1.16: Click on next.

| 赵 Windows® SDK for Windows® 7 and .NET Framework 4 | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| End-User License Agreement | Software Development Kit |
| MICROSOFT SOFTWARE LICENSE TERMS | |
| MICROSOFT WINDOWS SOFTWARE DEVELOPMEN 7 and .NET FRAMEWORK 4 | T KIT FOR WINDOWS |
| These license terms are an agreement between Microsoft Corporation (or based on v and you. Please read them. They apply to the software named above, which include it, if any. The terms also apply to any Microsoft | |
| updates, | |
| • supplements, | - |
| Please read the End-User License Agreement carefully and select either "I Agre | e" or "I Disagree." |
| | |
| l Agree 💿 I Disagree | |
| | |
| Print | < Back Next > Cancel |

Figure III.1.17: Accept the End-user license agreement.

| Windows® SDK for Windows® 7 and .NET Framework 4 | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| Install Locations | Software Development Kit |
| Windows SDK Setup will install content to the following locations: To install to these folders, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder. | |
| Destination Folder for Tools C:\Program Files\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v7.1 | Browse |
| Destination Folder for Samples C:\Program Files\Microsoft SDKs\Windows\v7.1\Samples | Browse |
| | < Back Next > Cancel |

Figure III.1.18: Keep the default installation location.

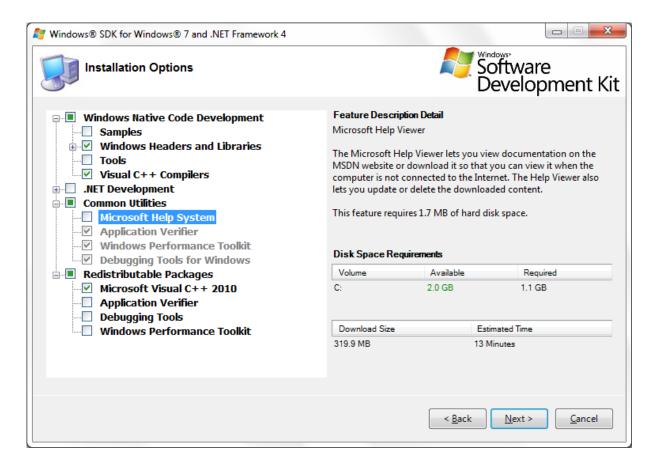


Figure III.1.19: Install only the required components.

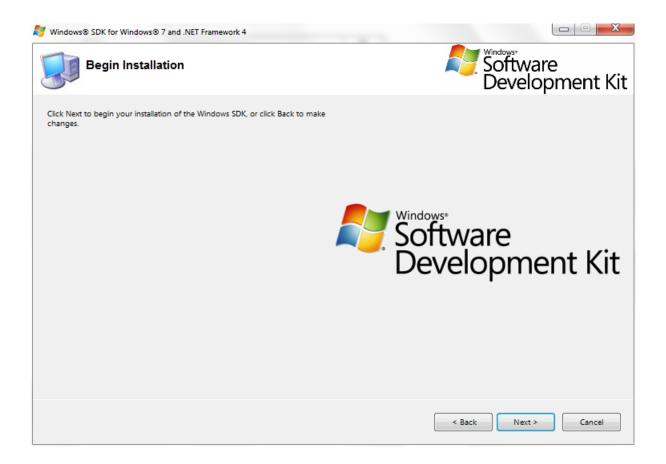


Figure III.1.20: Click on next.

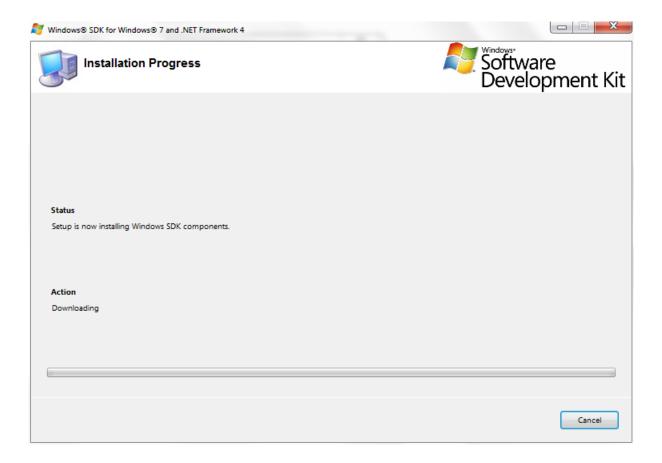


Figure III.1.21: Installation is on-going.

Step 7. Re-install recent Microsoft .NET versions.

- If several Microsoft .NET versions were previously installed, it is needed to reinstall Microsoft .NET versions from the oldest one to the newest one, e.g., starting with Microsoft .NET 4.5, then Microsoft .NET 4.7.
- Links for the different Microsoft .NET versions are listed hereafter:
 - Microsoft .NET 4.5
 - Microsoft .NET 4.5.2
 - Microsoft .NET 4.7
 - General Microsoft .NET Framework page
- Example of Installation process is given hereafter for Microsoft .NET 4.7.
 - Download Microsoft .NET 4.7 installer at Microsoft .NET 4.7 homepage.
 - Execute file NDP47-KB3186497-x86-x64-AllOS-ENU.exe and let the extraction process progress (see Figure III.1.22)
 - Accept the license terms and click on "Install". See Figure III.1.23.
 - Installation is in progress. See Figure III.1.24.
 - Installation is complete. See Figure III.1.25.

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| Share with 🔻 🛛 Burn New folder | | | |
| Name | Date modified | Туре | Size |
| 👭 NDP47-KB3186497-x86-x64-AllOS-ENU.exe | 22/11/2017 13:51 | Application | 60 144 KB |
| Extracting files | | | × |
| | | | |

Figure III.1.22: Run Microsoft .NET 4.7 installation.

| Microsoft .NET Framework .NET Framework 4.7 Setup Please accept the license terms to other terms terms to other terms terms to other terms terms to other terms terms terms to other terms terms to other terms | continue. | .NET |
|--|---|---|
| | | |
| MICROSOFT SOFTWARE SU | PPLEMENTAL LICEN | SE TERMS |
| .NET FRAMEWORK AND AS MICROSOFT WINDOWS OPE | | GE PACKS FOR |
| Microsoft Corporation (or bas affiliates) licenses this supple Microsoft Windows operating may use this supplement. You | ement to you. Íf you a I system software (th | are licensed to use e "software"), you |
| I have read and accept the licen | nse terms. | = |
| Download size estimate: | 0 MB | |
| Download time estimates: | Dial-Up: 0 minu Broadband: 0 r | |
| For data collection information, rea | d the <u>Microsoft Privacy S</u> | tatement. |
| | (| Install Cancel |

Figure III.1.23: Accept license terms of Microsoft .NET 4.7.

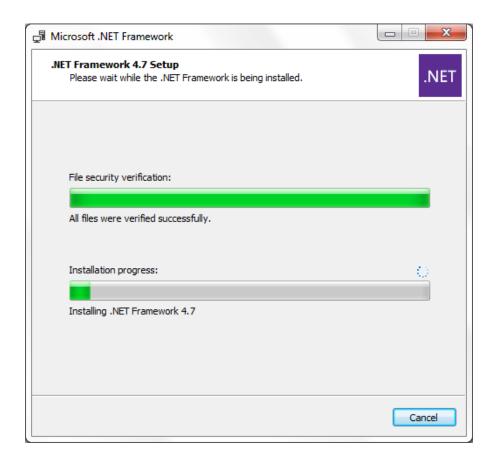


Figure III.1.24: Installation of Microsoft .NET 4.7.

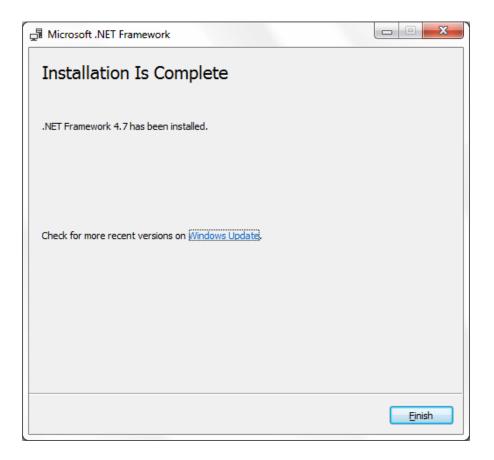


Figure III.1.25: End of installation of Microsoft .NET 4.7.

III.1.2 Microsoft Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop

Installation of Microsoft Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop is needed to use Digimat to Samcef interface in order to build Mecano and Dynam executables containing Digimat libraries.

Microsoft Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop can be downloaded from the Microsoft homepage. It may be needed to create a Microsoft account to be able to access this page.

| FILTER BY PRODUCT FAMILY | DOWNLOADS (14) | | | Sort by: | Relevance \vee | |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------|--|
| Azure SDK 2.3 | Visual Studio 2012 SDK | | | | | |
| Visual Studio 2012 Update 1 | 🔦 No key required 🚯 Info | Release date: 21/Sep/2012 | x86 V English | ✓ EXE ✓ | Download $ eq$ | |
| Visual Studio 2012 Update 2 | Visual Studio 2012 | | | | | |
| Visual Studio 2012 Update 3 | 🔦 No key required 🕚 Info | Release date: 15/Aug/2012 | x86 V English | ✓ EXE ✓ | Download \downarrow | |
| Visual Studio 2012 Update 4 Visual Studio 2012 Update 5 | Visual Studio 2012 Shell | | | | | |
| | 🔦 No key required 🕚 Info | Release date: 15/Aug/2012 | x86 V English | ✓ EXE ✓ | Download \downarrow | |
| | [Trial] Visual Studio Prer | nium 2012 | | | | |
| | 🔦 Get Key 🚯 Info | Release date: 15/Aug/2012 | x86 V English | ✓ DVD ✓ | Download \downarrow | |
| | [Trial] Visual Studio Ultimate 2012 | | | | | |
| | 🔍 Get Key 🚯 Info | Release date: 15/Aug/2012 | x86 🗸 English | ✓ DVD ✓ | Download \downarrow | |

Figure III.1.26: Select Visual Studio 2012 in product family.

Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop

| | S No key required | 1 Info | Release date: 12/Sep/2012 | x86 🗸 | English | \sim | exe 🗸 | Download $ mathbb{1}$ |
|--|-------------------|--------|---------------------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-----------------------|
|--|-------------------|--------|---------------------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|-----------------------|

Figure III.1.27: Download exe file of Visual Studio Express 2012 for Windows Desktop.

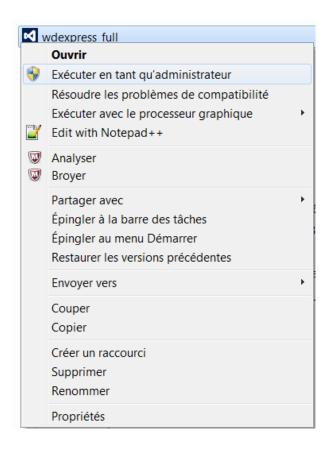


Figure III.1.28: Run the downloaded wdexpress_full.exe file as an administrator.



Figure III.1.29: Agree the license terms and conditions, then click on "INSTALL".



Figure III.1.30: Wait for the installation to be completed (can take a while).



Figure III.1.31: Close the installation once it is completed.

III.1.3 Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2

Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2 or higher is required to use Digimat-RP, Digimat-VA and Digimat-AM.

The availability of the Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2 can be checked from the Windows Control panel (see III.1.32). If it is not installed, it must be downloaded from the Microsoft download page and installed before using Digimat-RP, Digimat-VA or Digimat-AM.

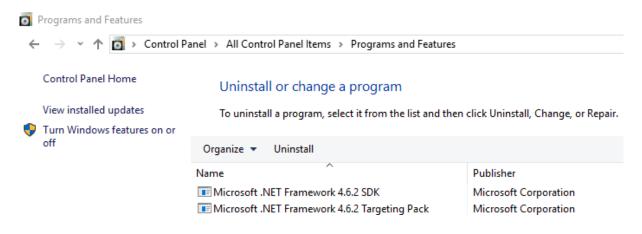
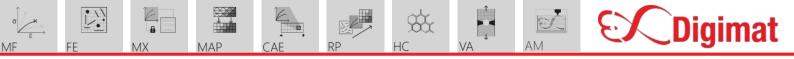
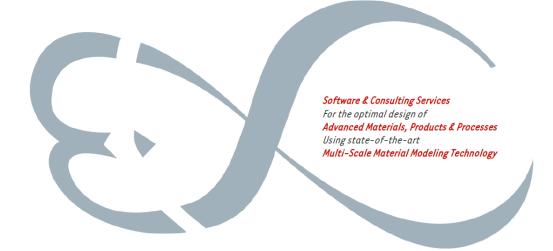


Figure III.1.32: Check if Microsoft .NET Framework 4.6.2 is installed





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